Lecture 1

Structured adaptive mesh refinement

Course *Block-structured Adaptive Mesh Refinement in C++*

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Outline

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Elements of adaptive algorithms

- Base grid

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- Base grid
- Solver

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- Error indicators

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- Grid manipulation

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- Interpolation (restriction and prolongation)

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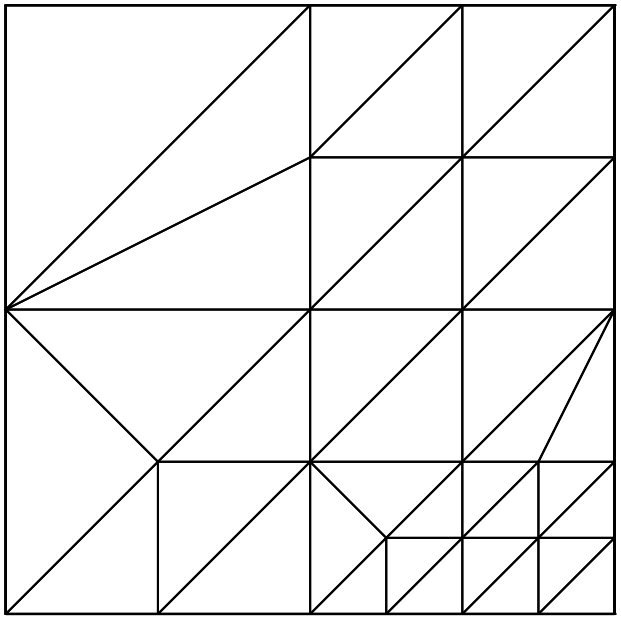
- Grid manipulation
- Interpolation (restriction and prolongation)
- Load-balancing

Adaptivity on unstructured meshes

- Coarse cells replaced by finer ones



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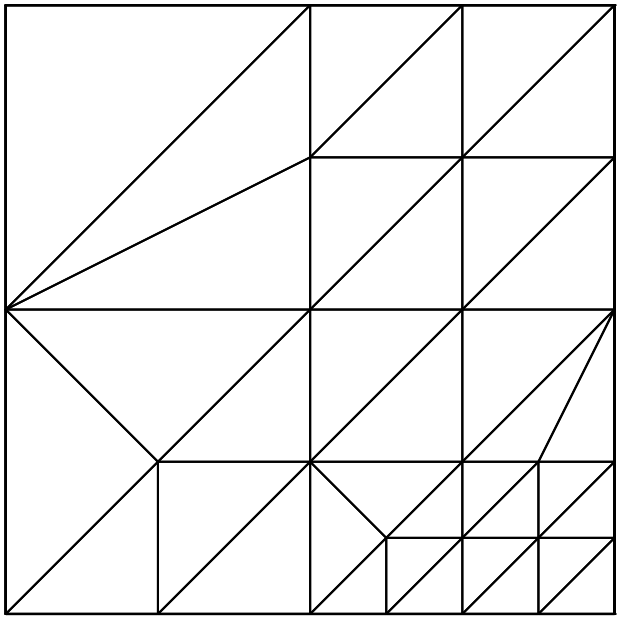

Adaptivity on unstructured meshes

- Coarse cells replaced by finer ones
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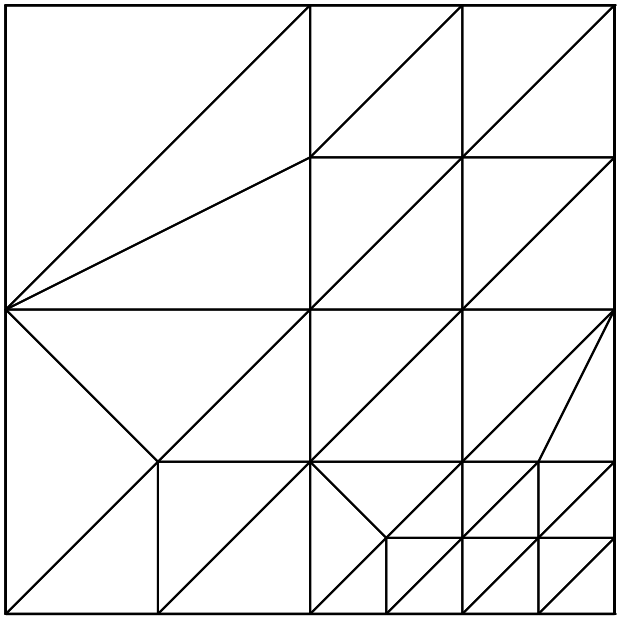
- Cell-based data structures



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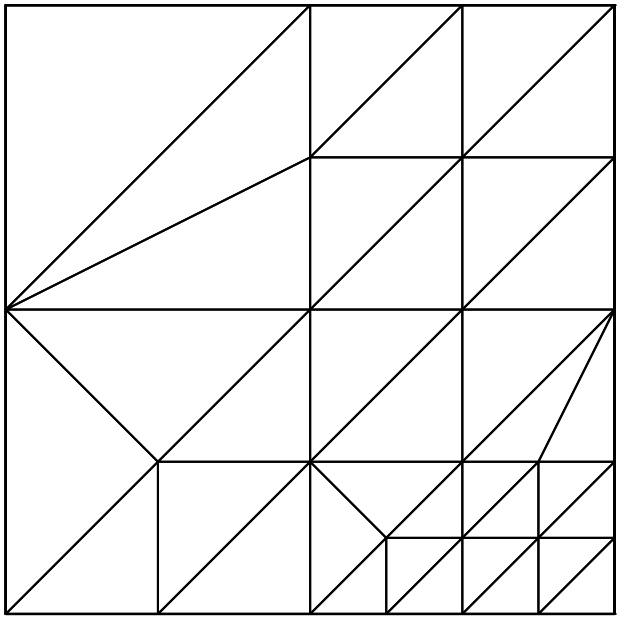

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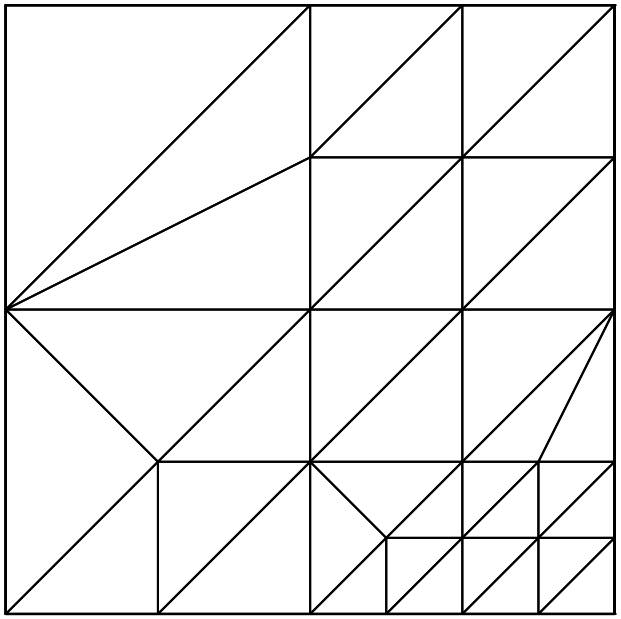

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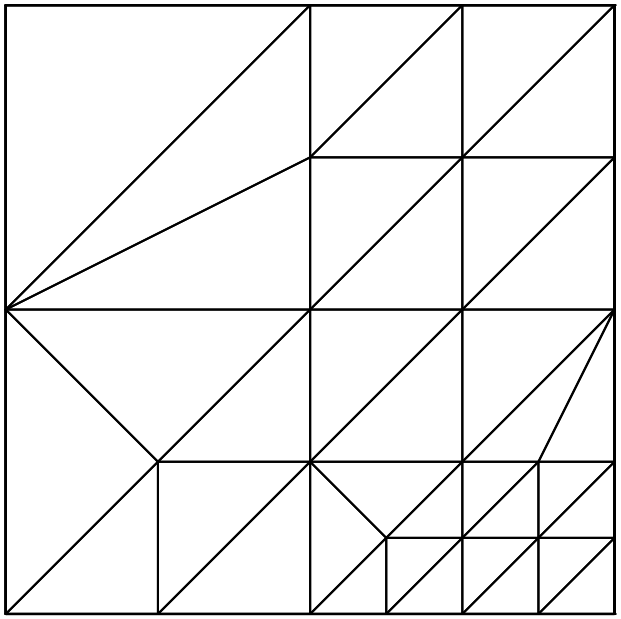

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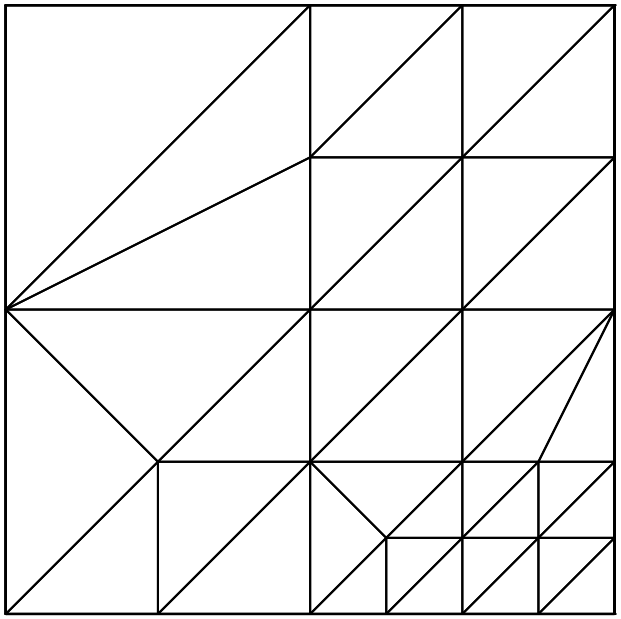

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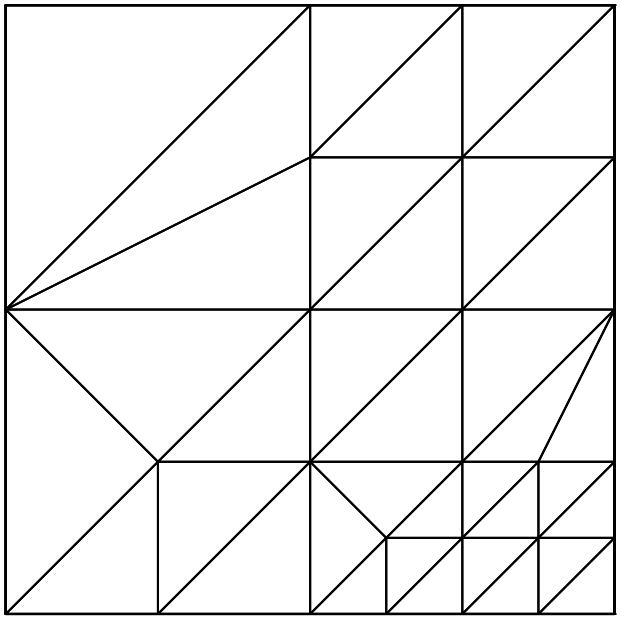

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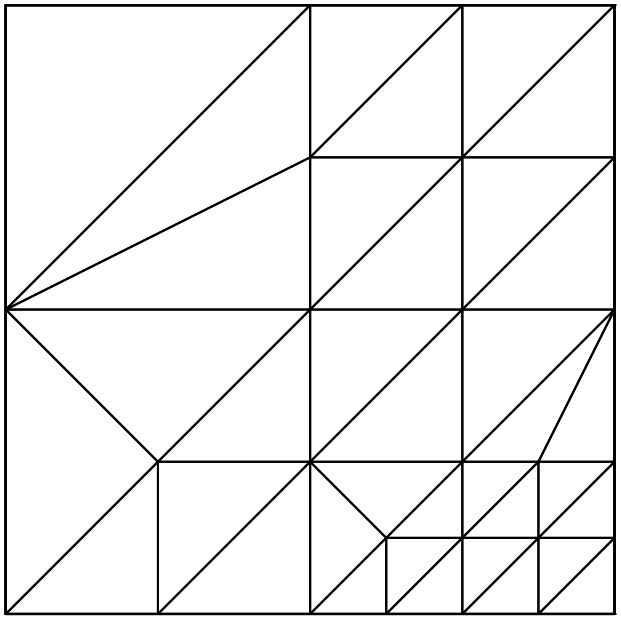

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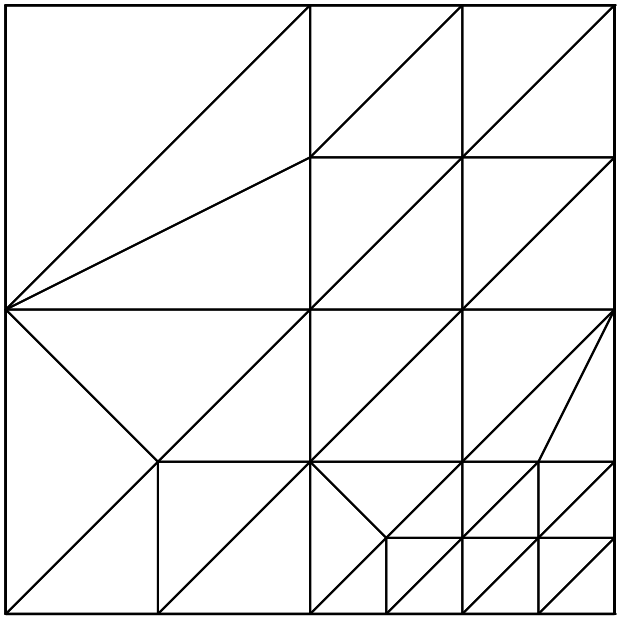

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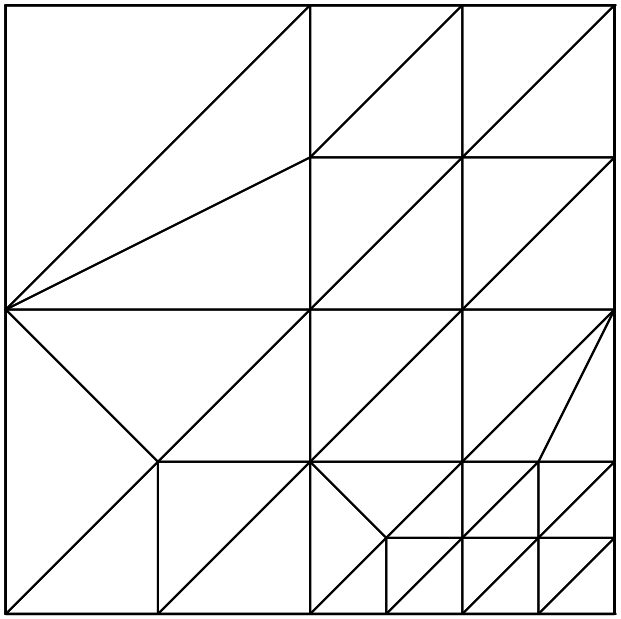

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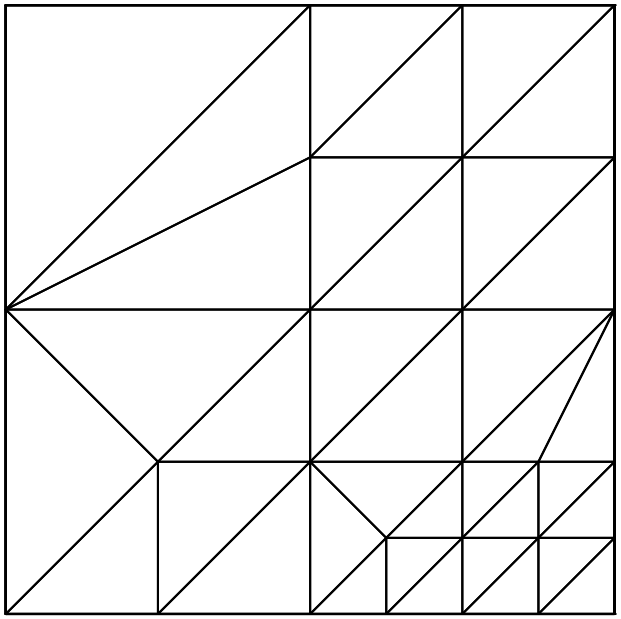

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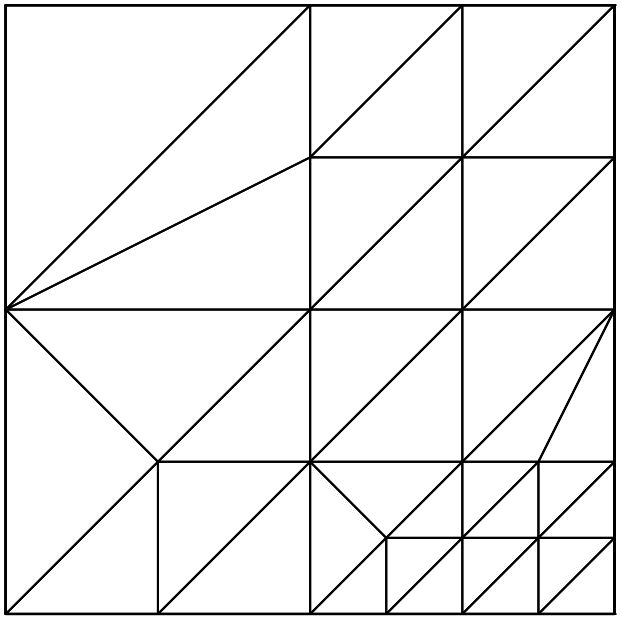

Structured mesh refinement techniques

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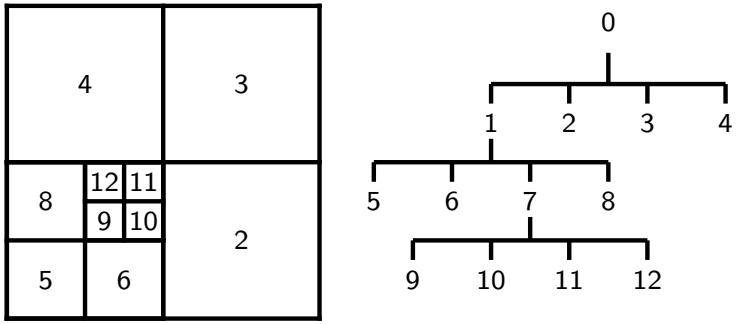

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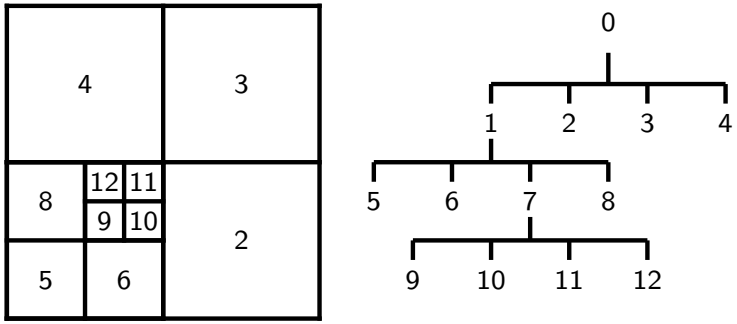

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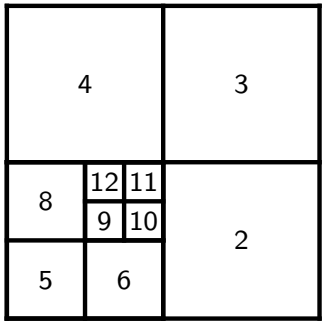

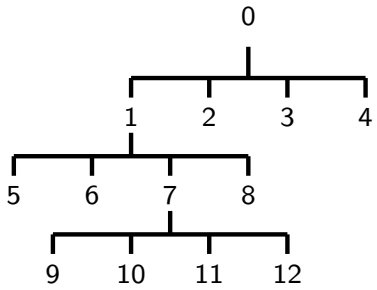

Structured mesh refinement techniques

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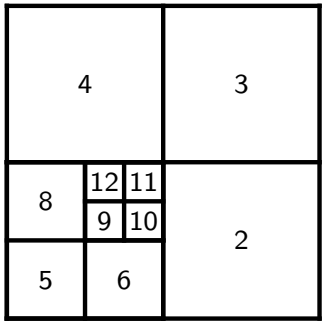
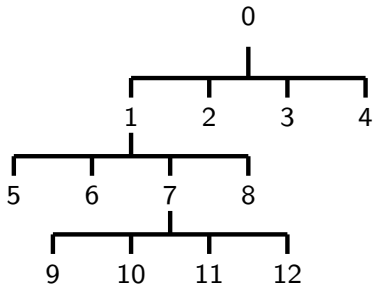
- Neighborhoods need not be stored





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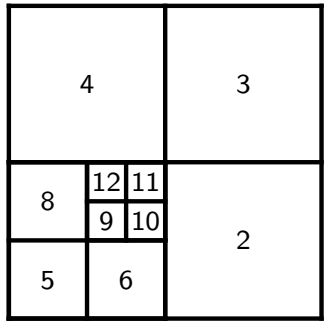

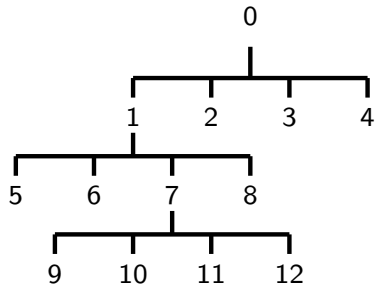

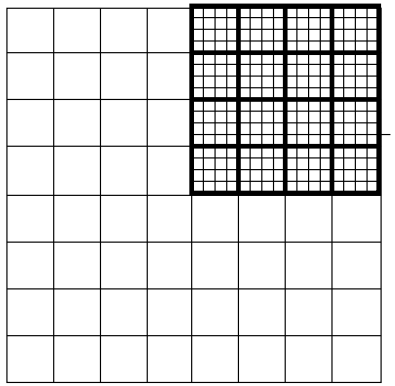

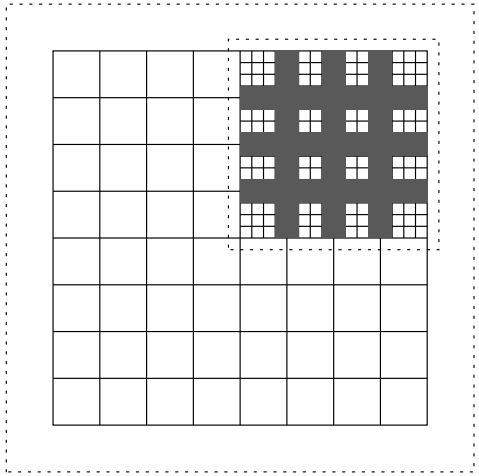

Wasted boundary space in a quad-tree

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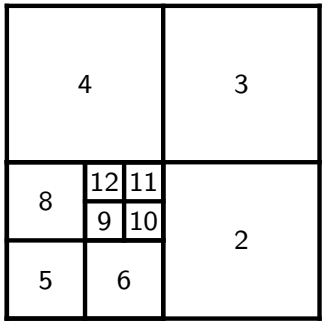

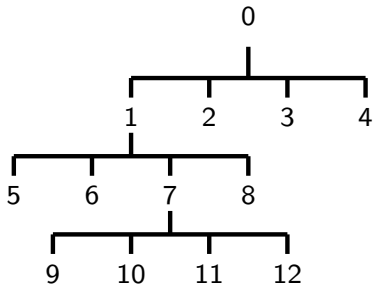

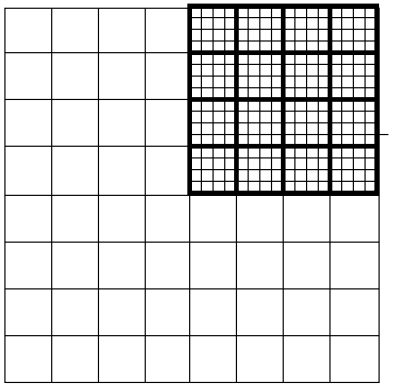

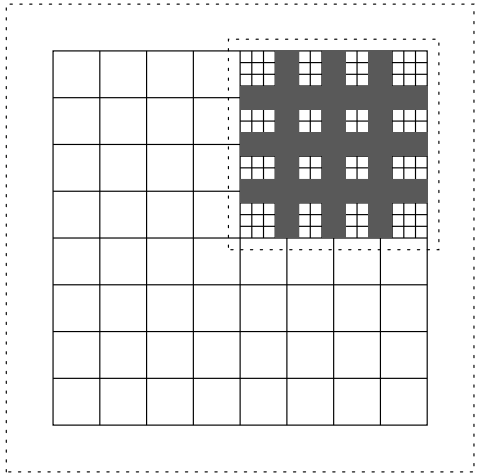

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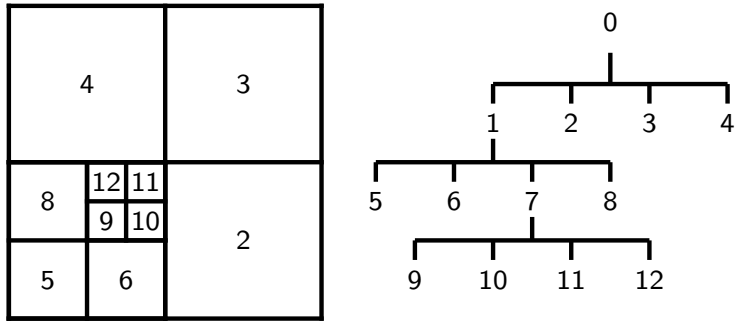

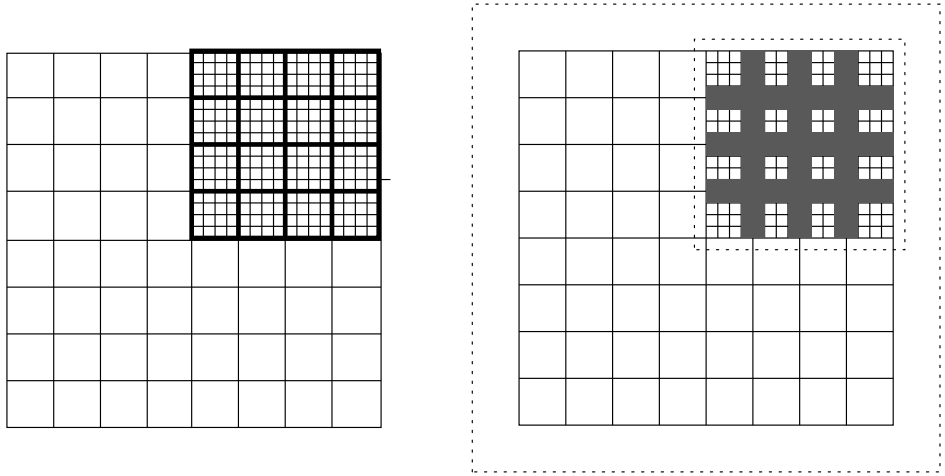

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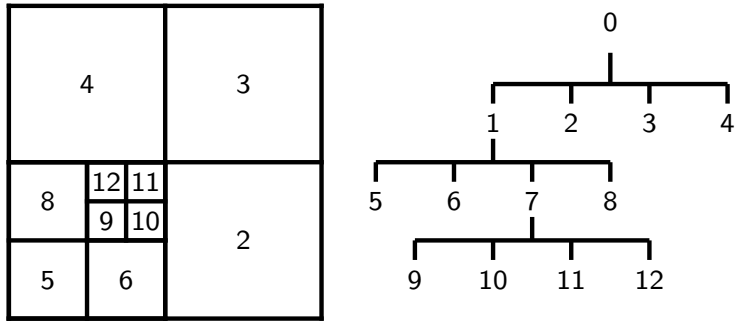

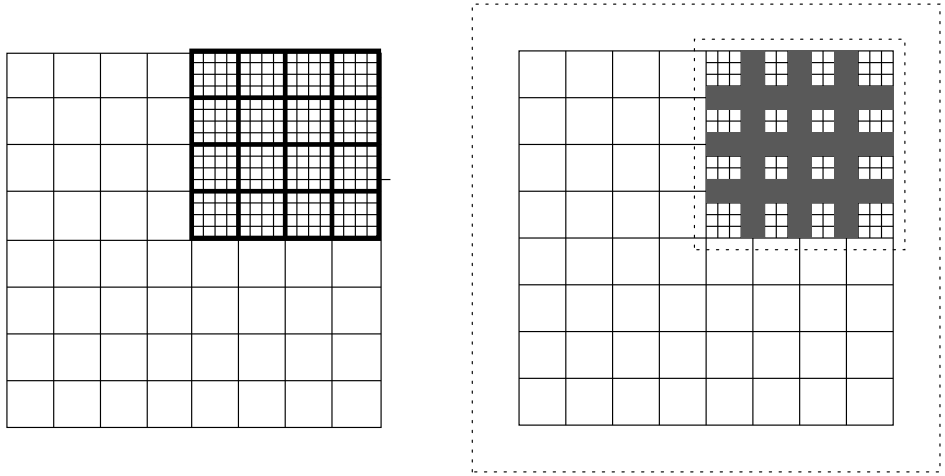

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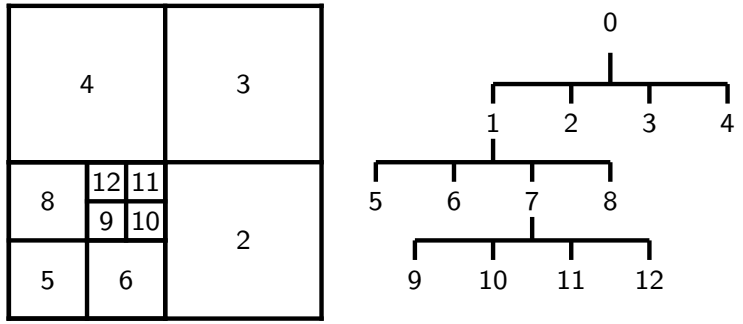
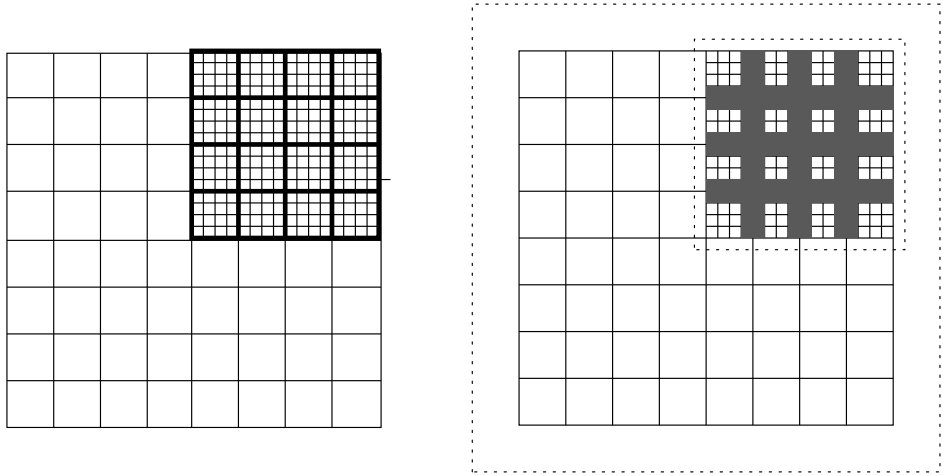
\+ Parent/Child relations according to tree





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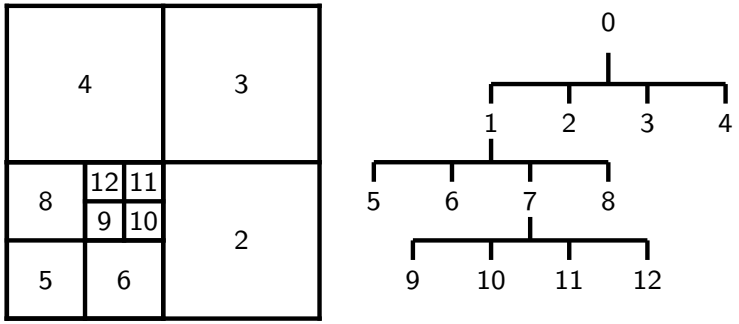
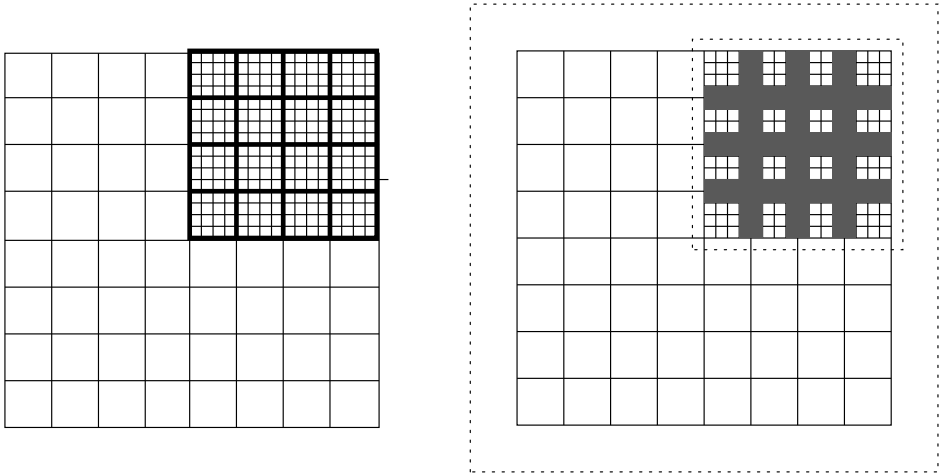
+/- Cache-reuse / vectorization only in data block





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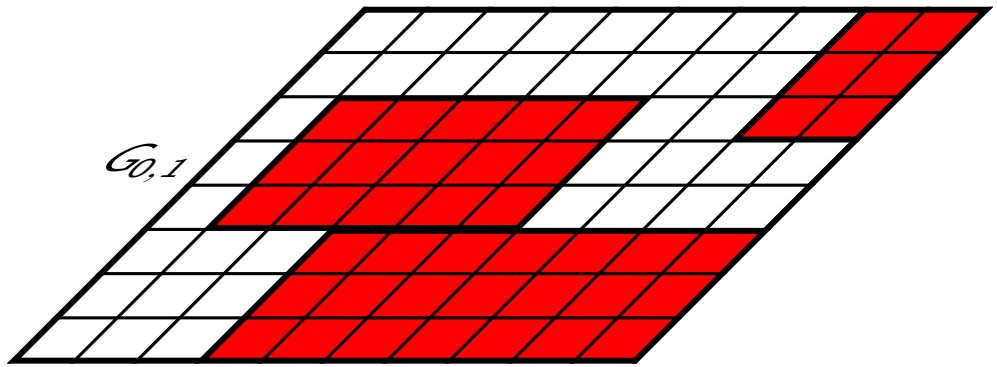
Block-structured adaptive mesh refinement (SAMR)

- Refined block overlay coarser ones



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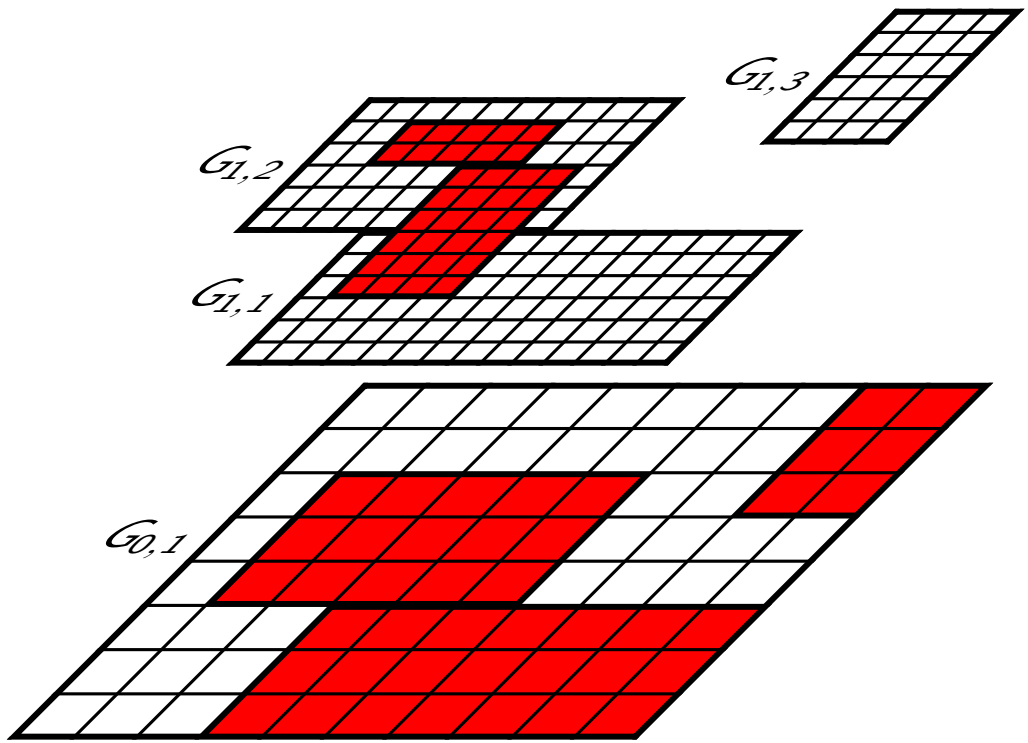

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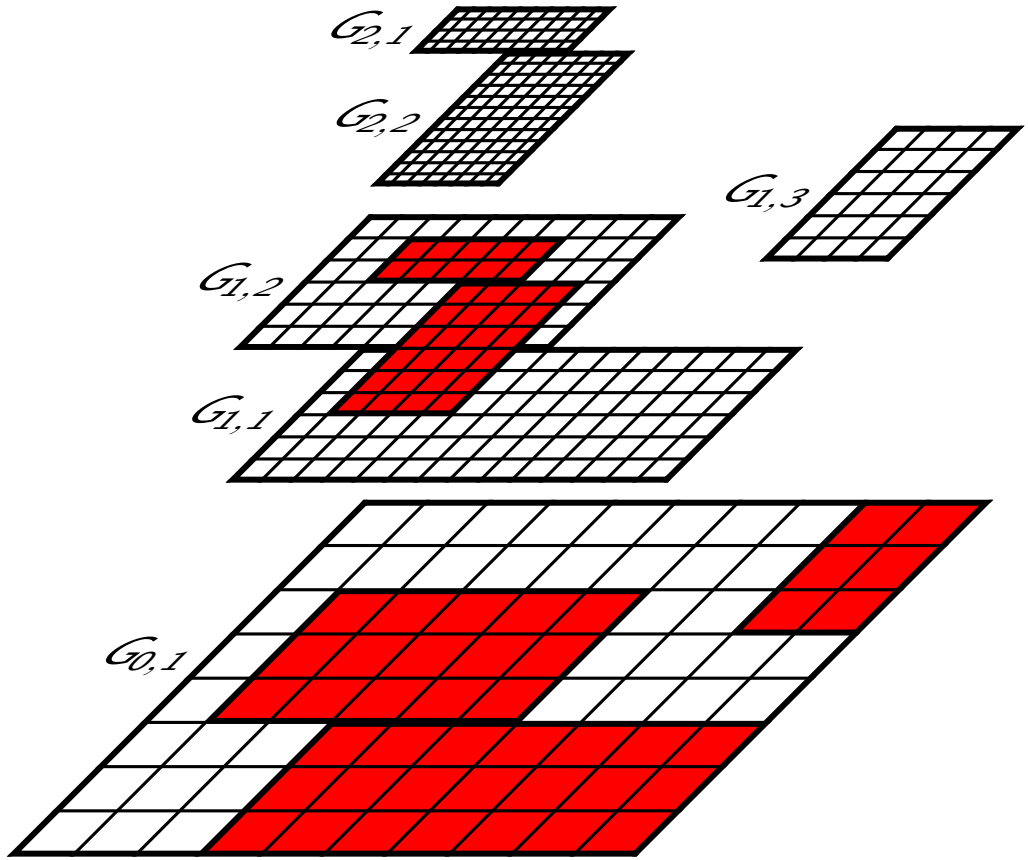

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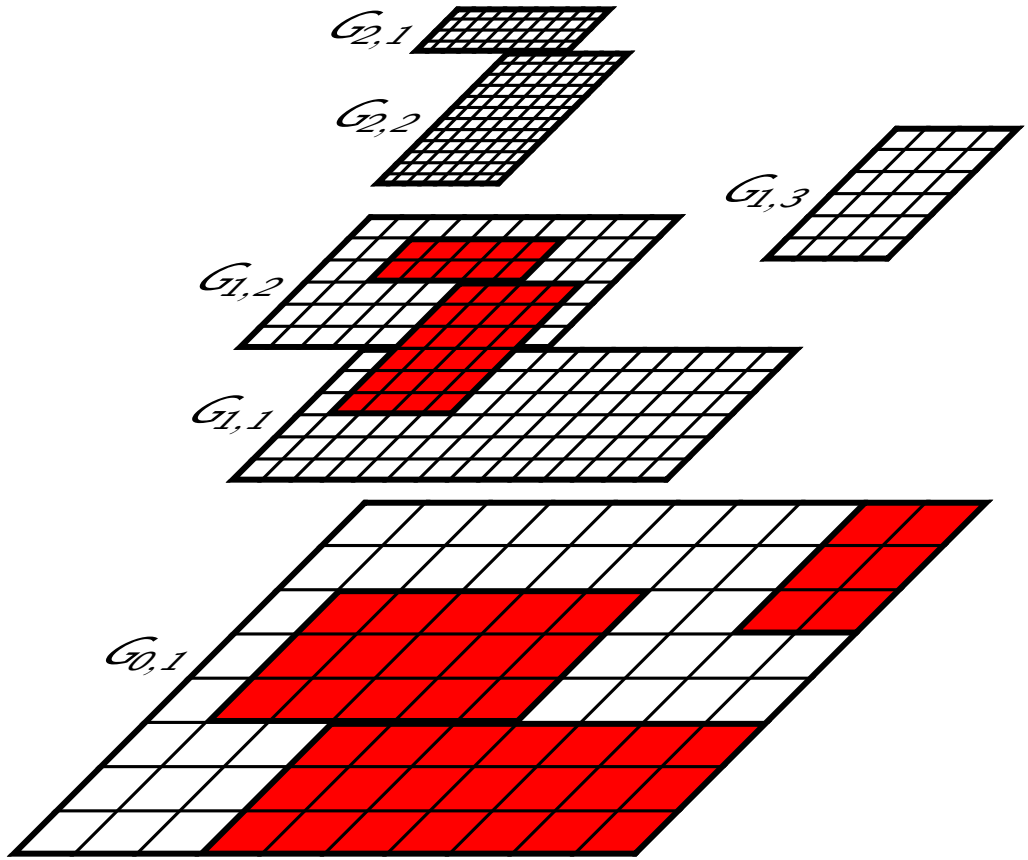
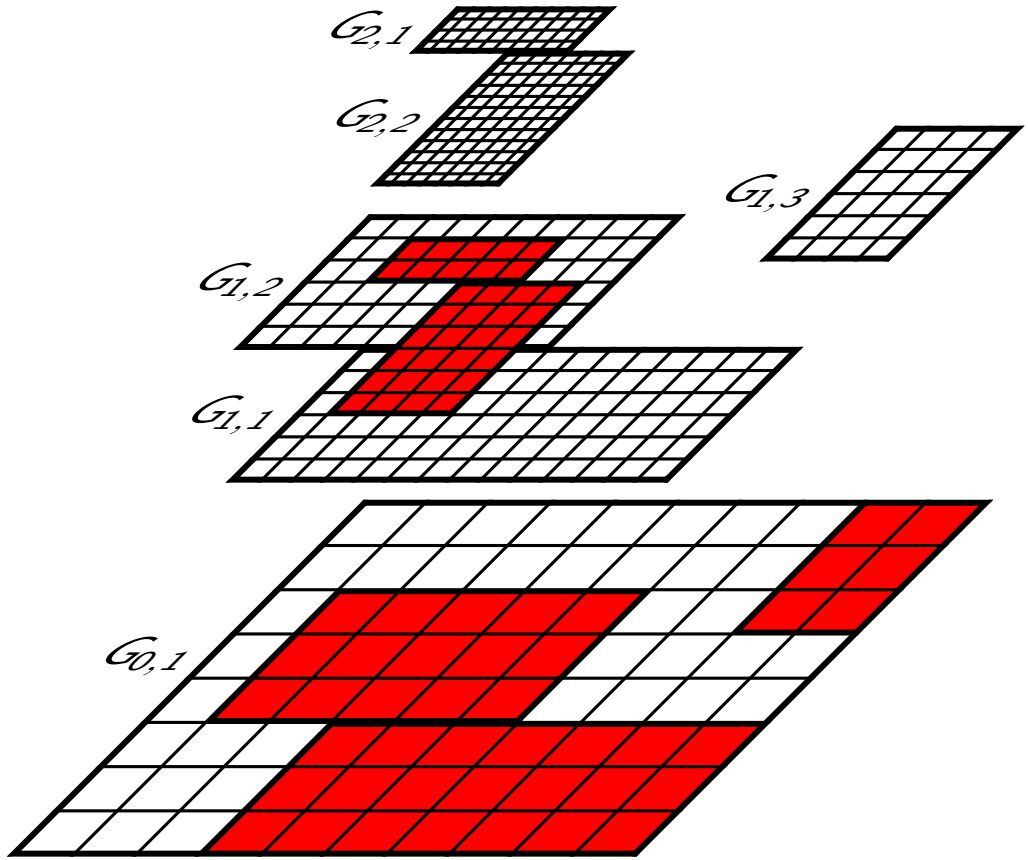


Block-structured adaptive mesh refinement (SAMR)

- Refined block overlay coarser ones
- Time-step refinement
- Block (aka patch) based data structures



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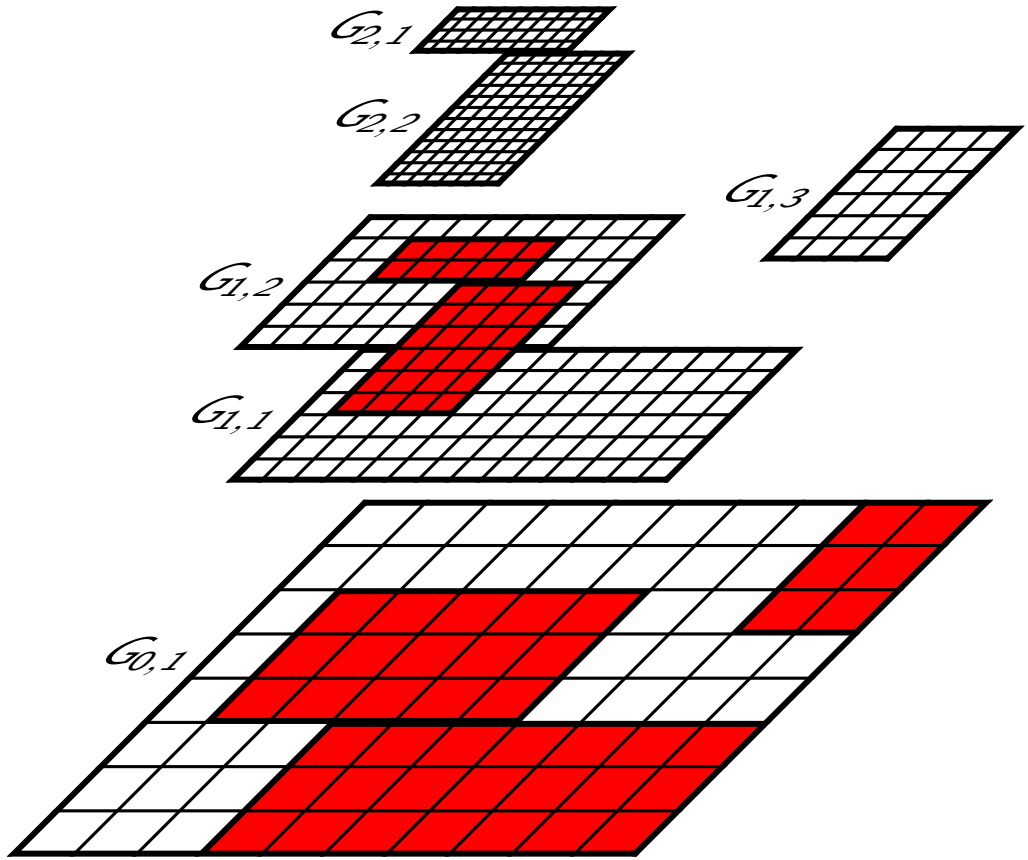

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- Global index coordinate system
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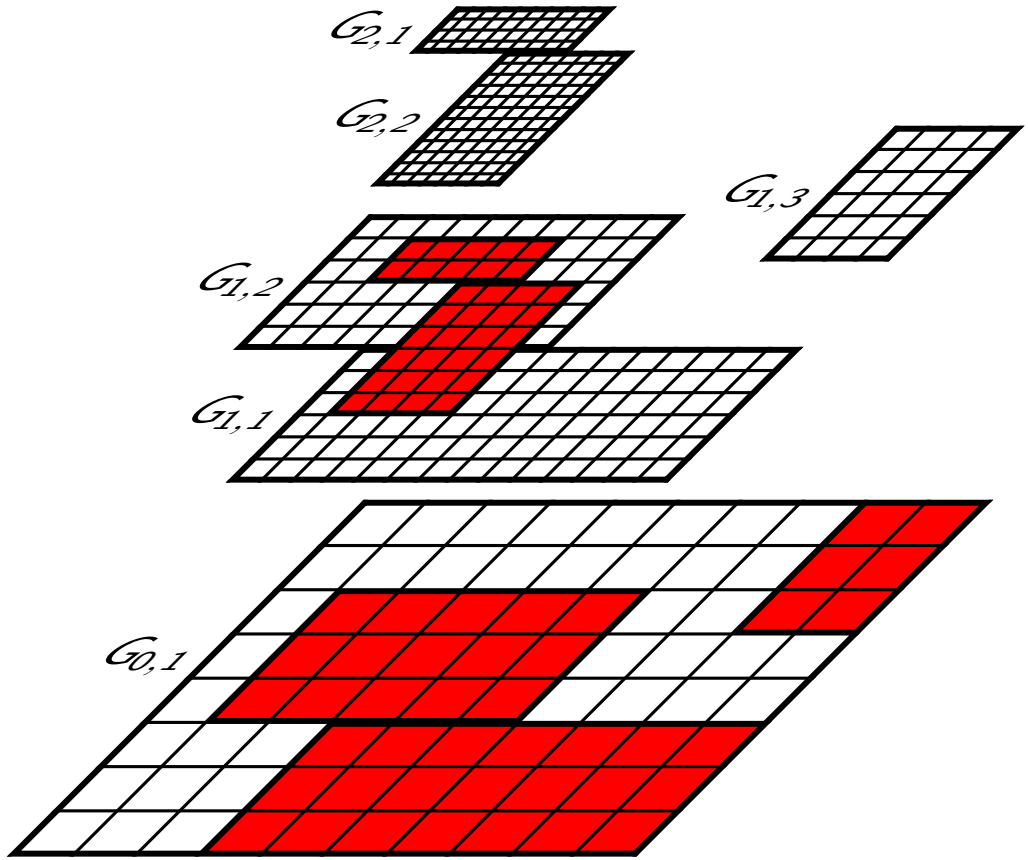

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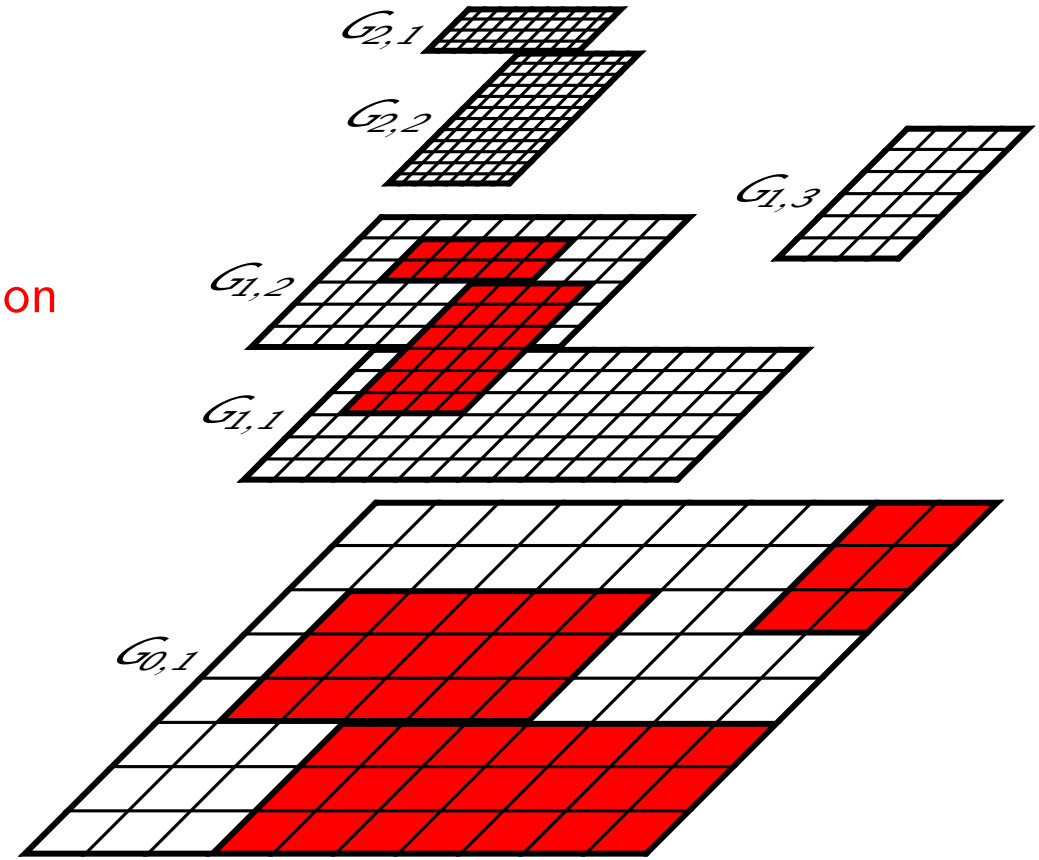
\+ Numerical scheme only for single patch necessary

\+ Efficient cache-reuse / vectorization possible



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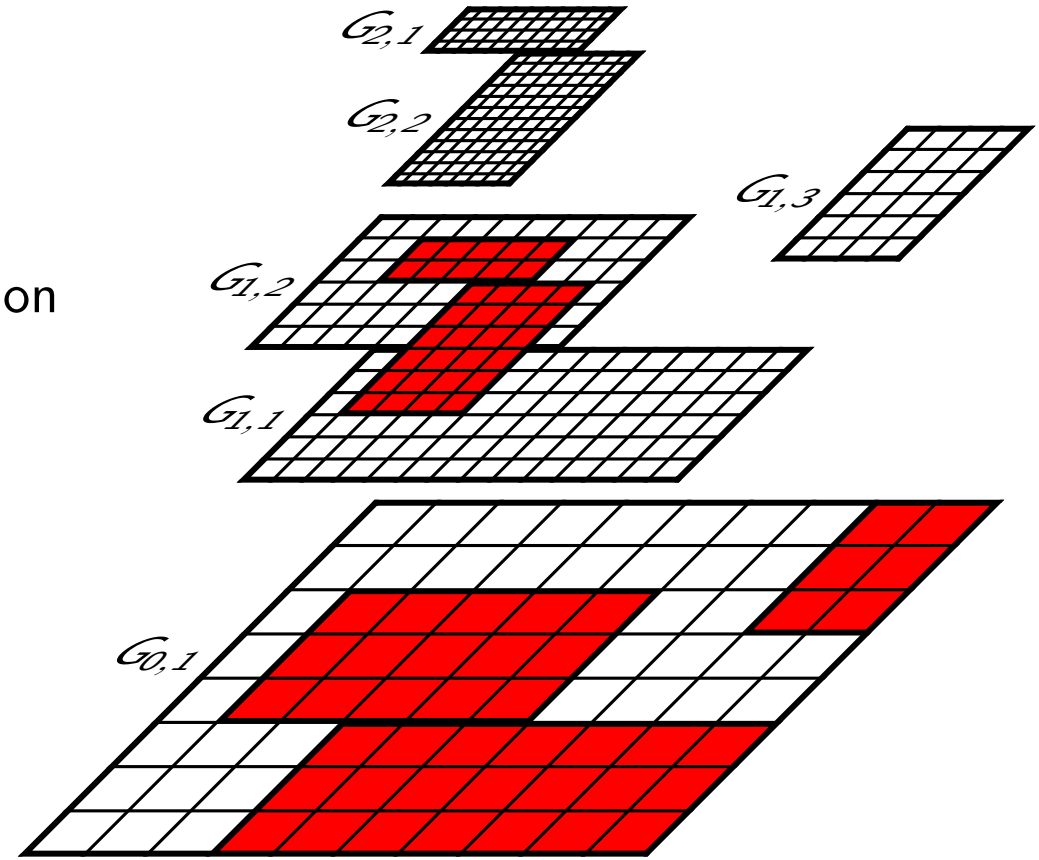

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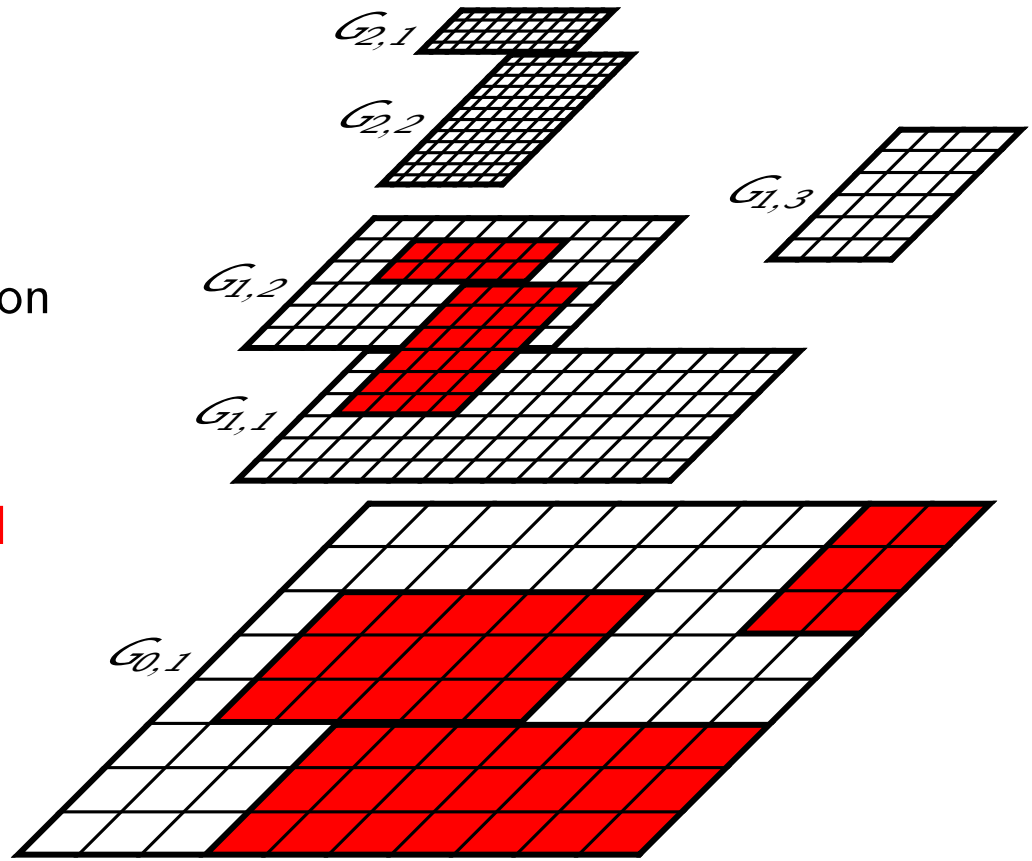
\+ Simple load-balancing

\+ Minimal synchronization overhead



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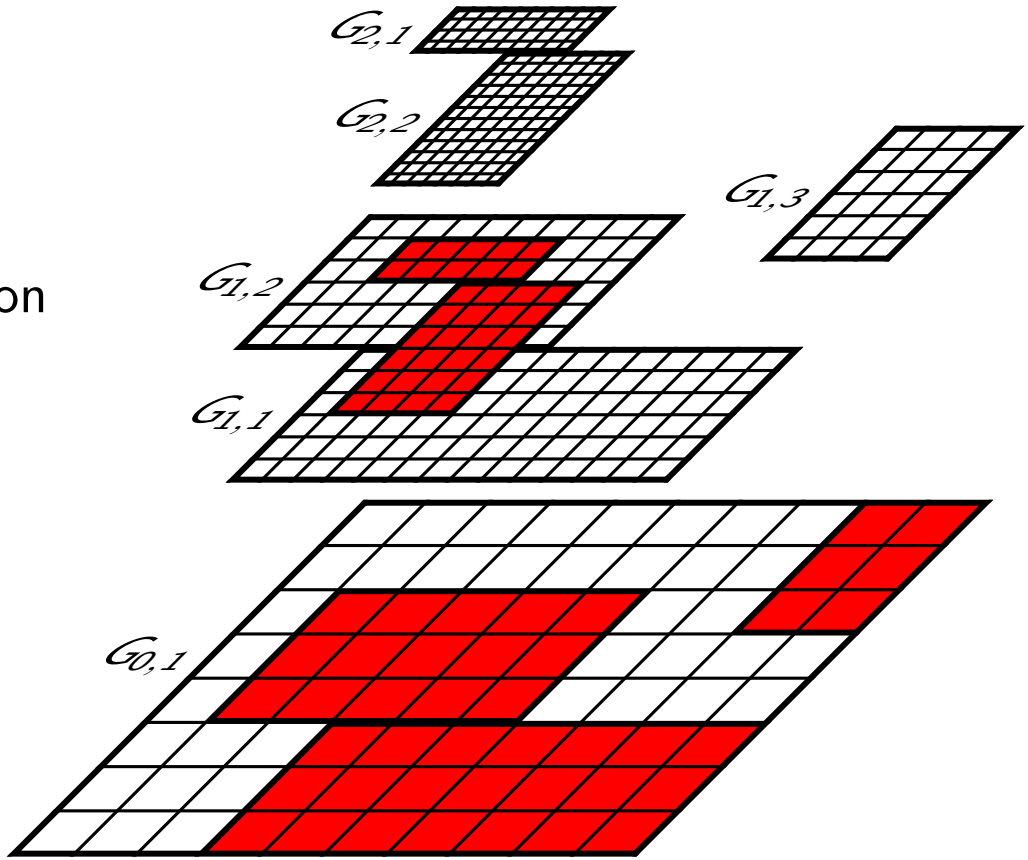

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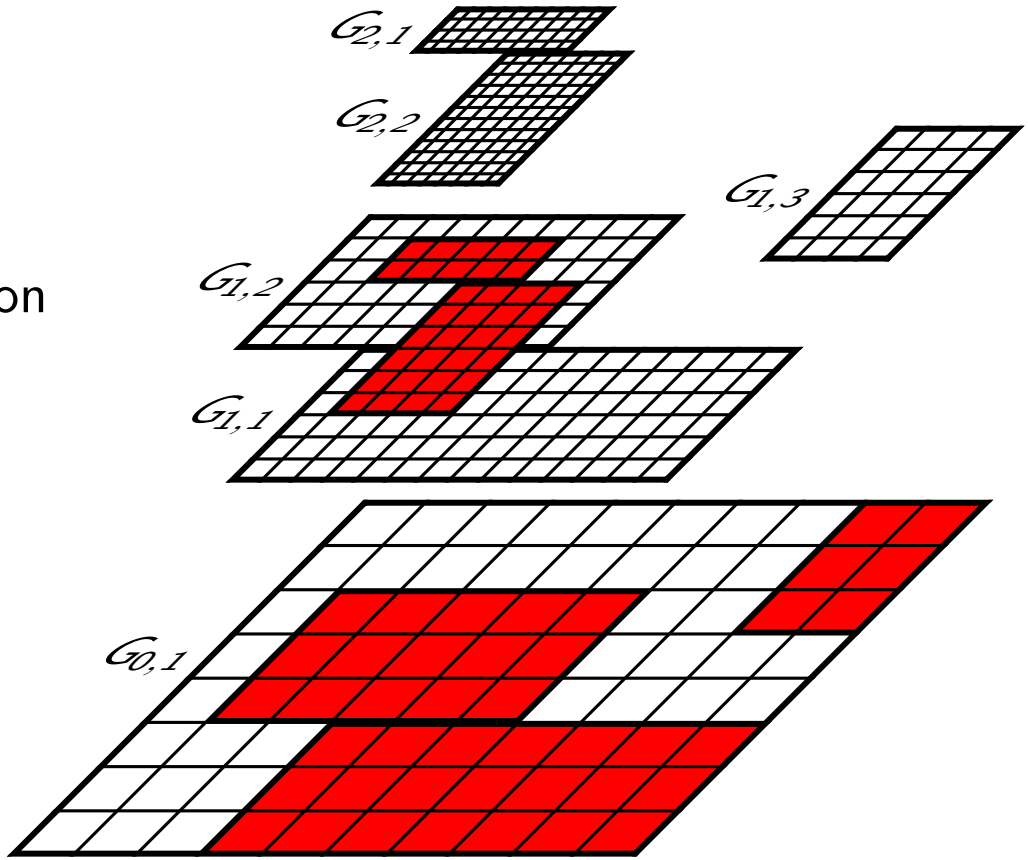

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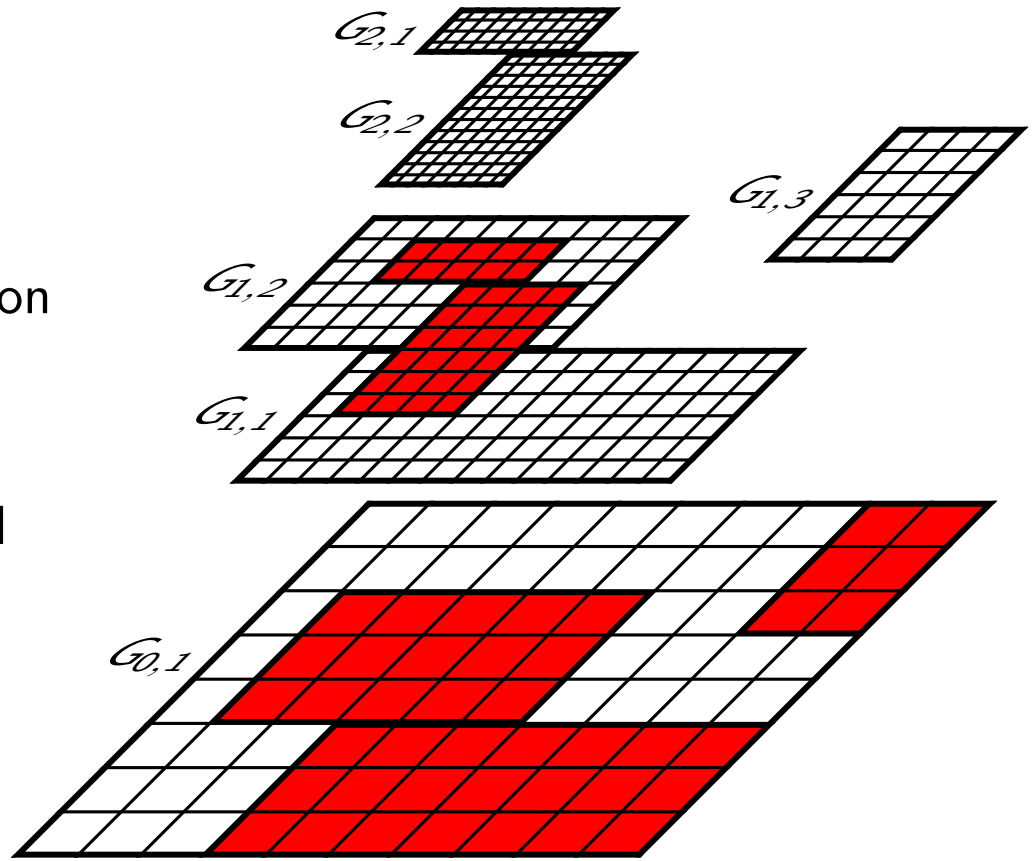

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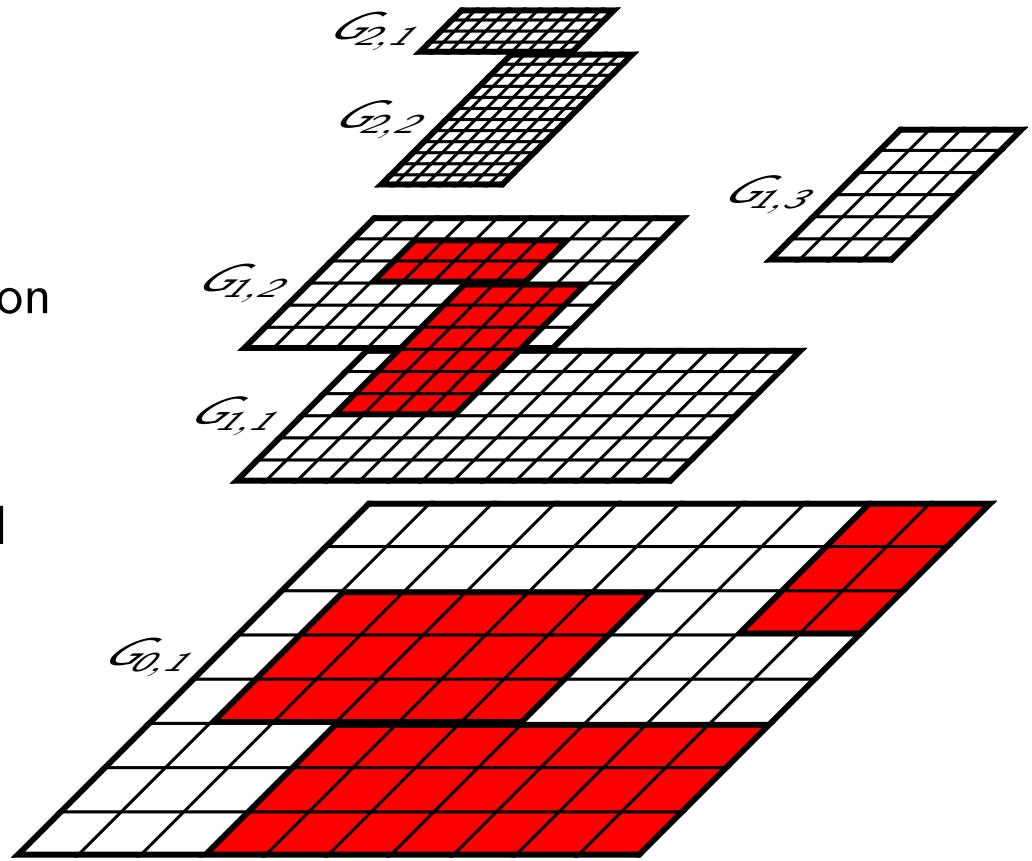

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- DAGH/Grace [Parashar and Browne, 1997]
  - Just C++ data structures but no methods
  - All grids are aligned to bases mesh coarsened by factor 2
  - http://userweb.cs.utexas.edu/users/dagh

Systems that support general SAMR

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- Chombo
  - Redesign and extension of BoxLib by P. Colella et al.
  - Both multigrid and explicit algorithms demonstrated
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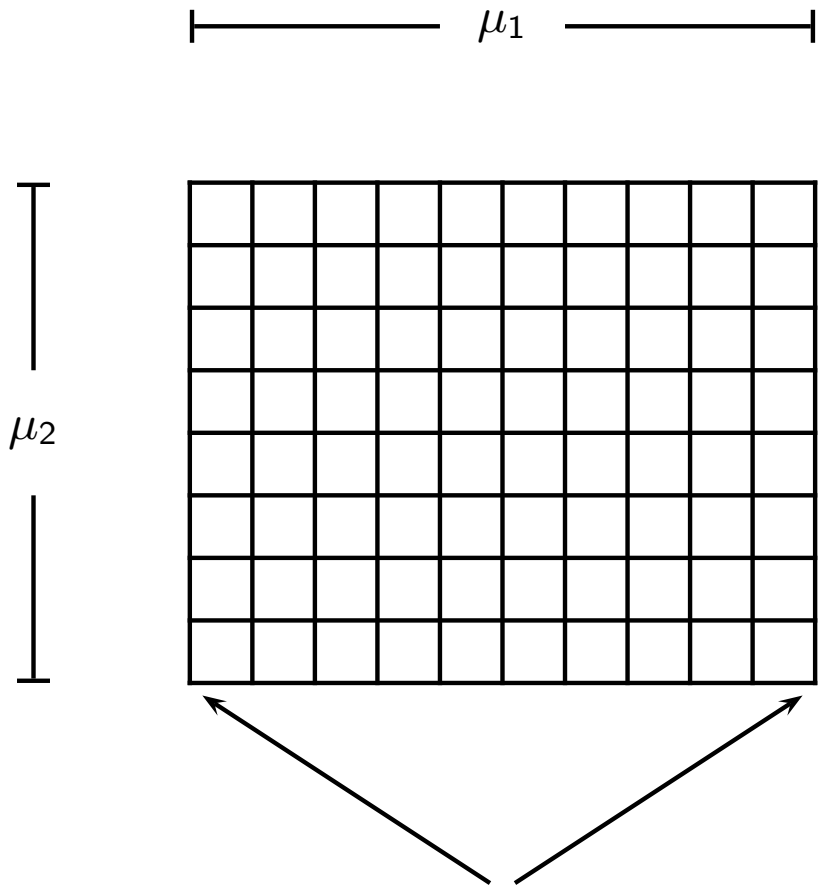
Outline

The mth refinement grid on level l

Notations:

- Boundary: $\partial G_{l,m}$



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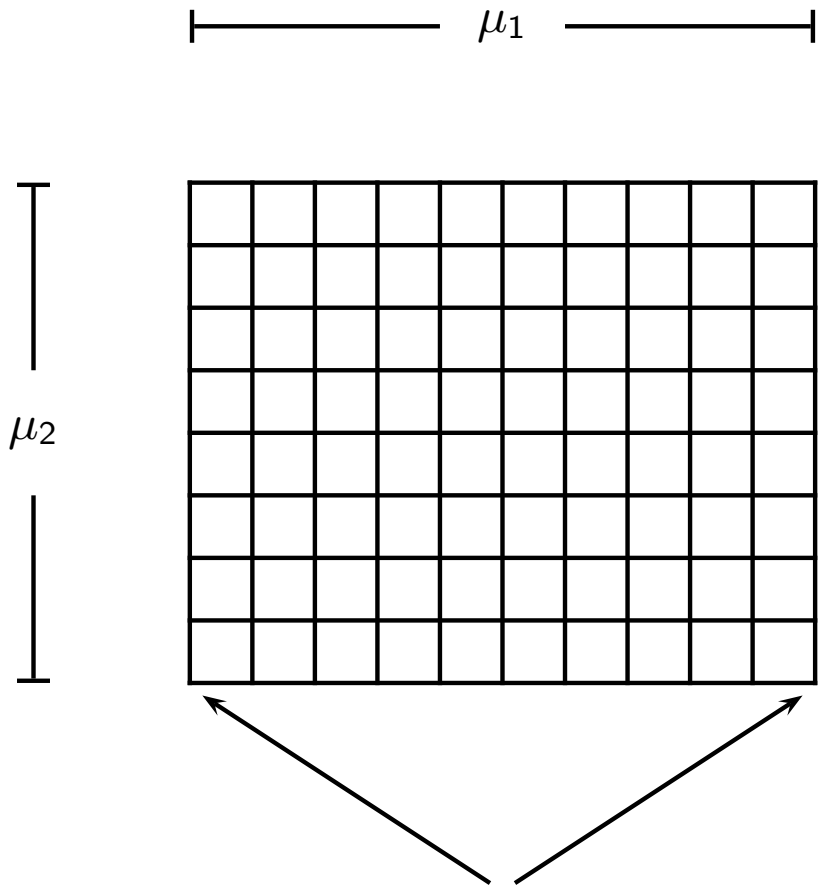

Interior grid with buffer cells - $G_{l,m}$

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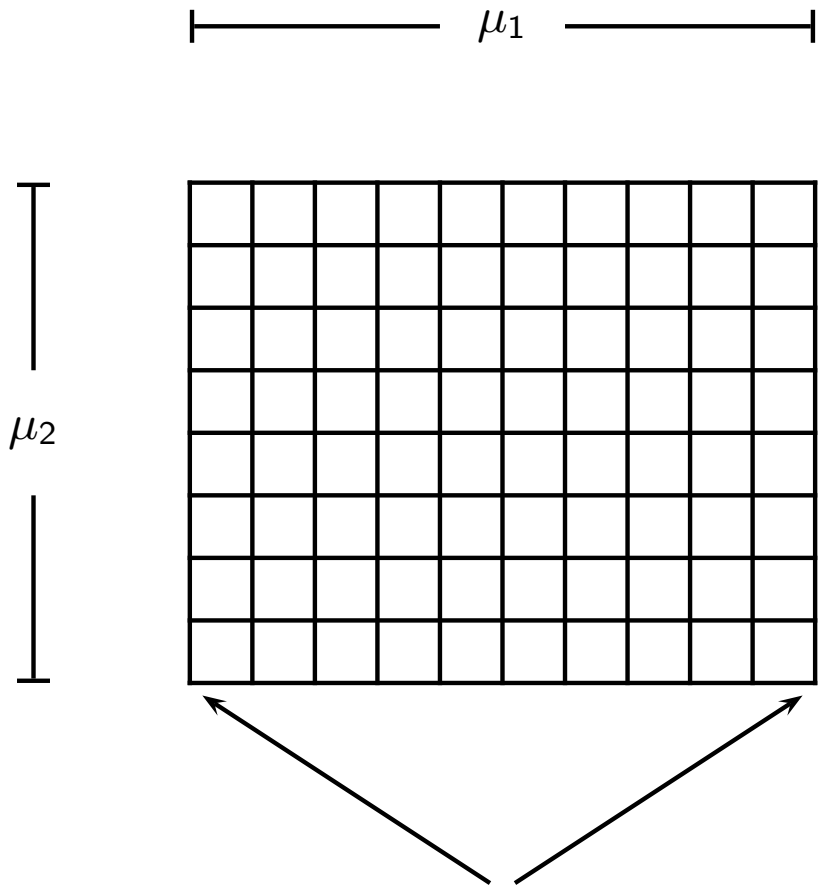

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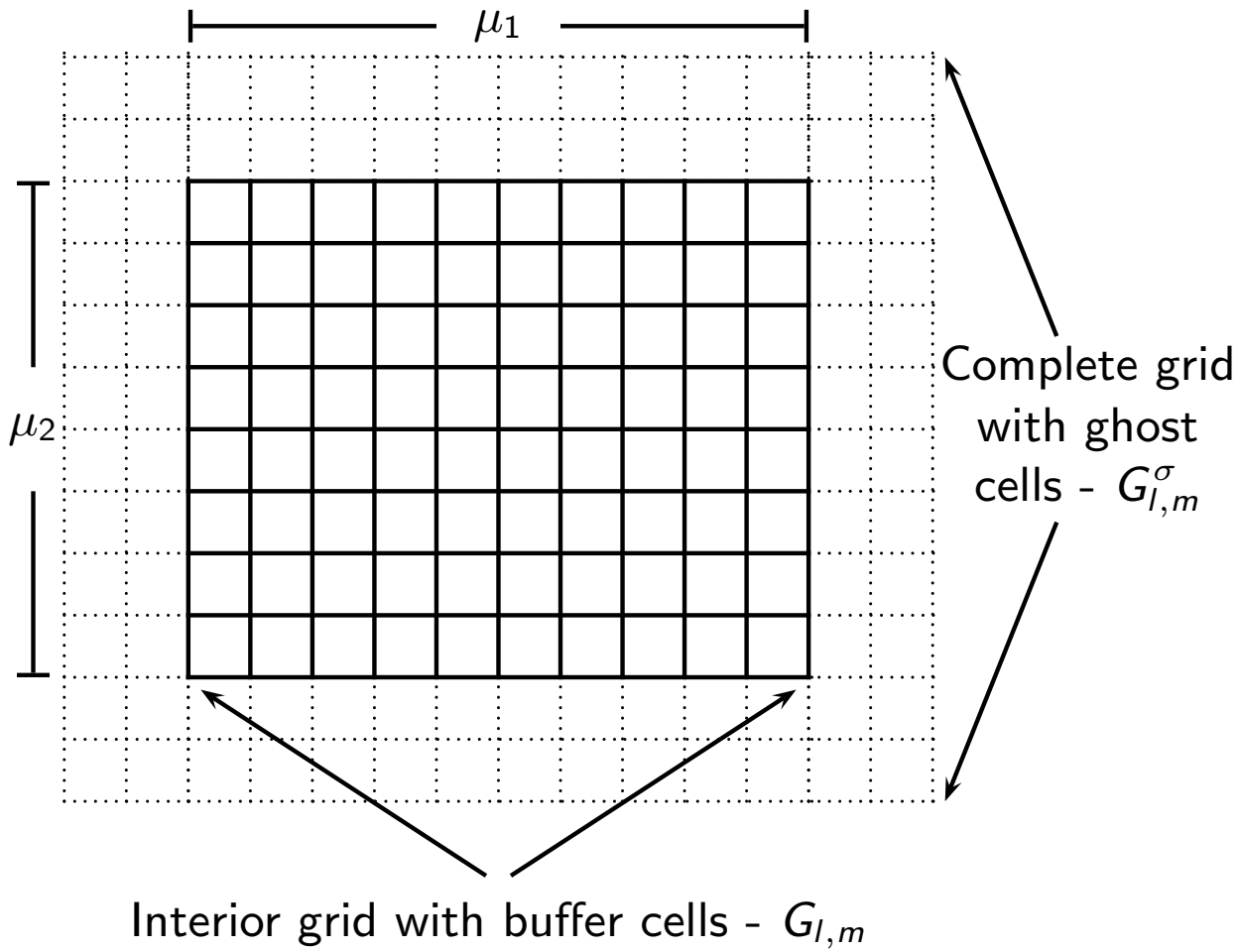

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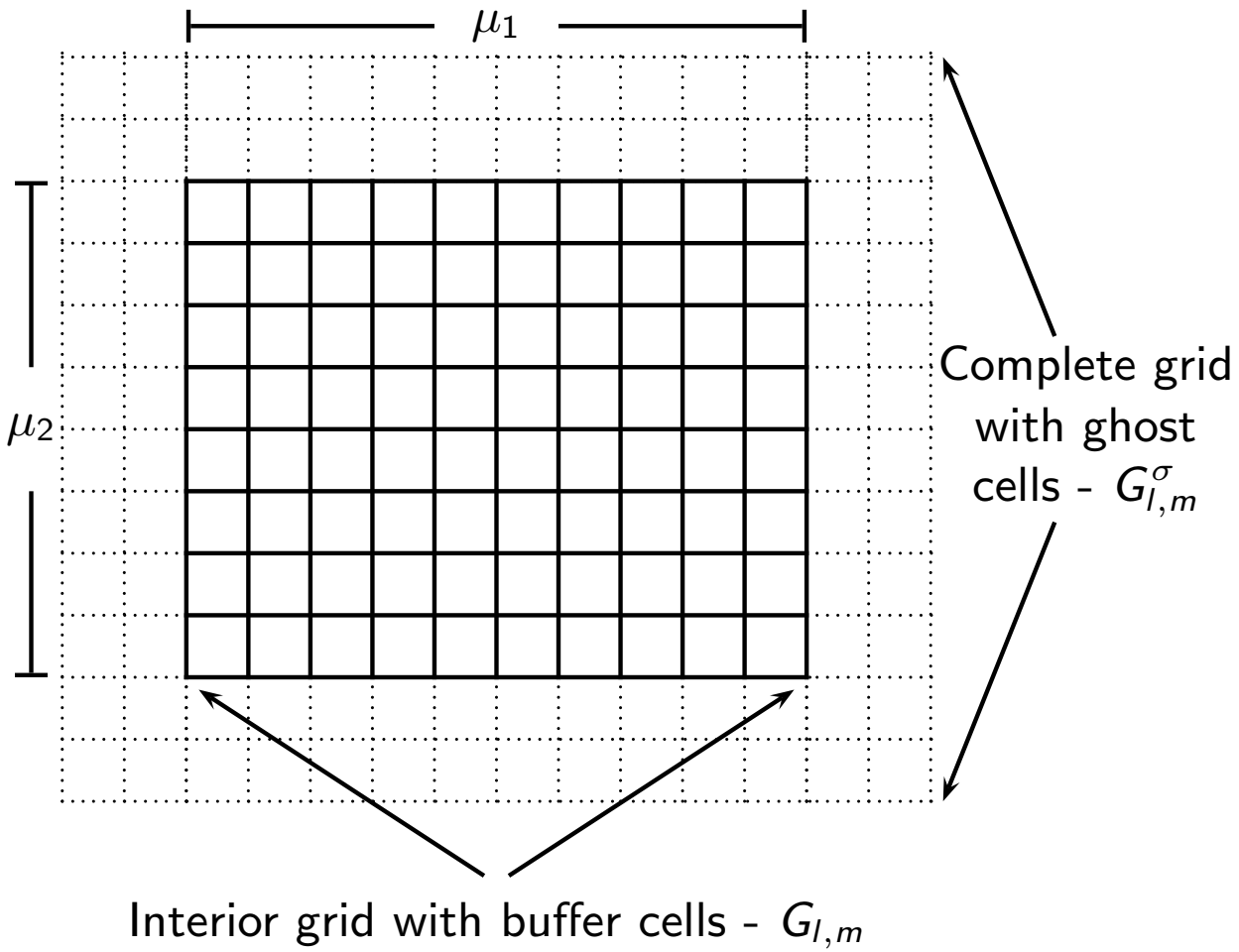

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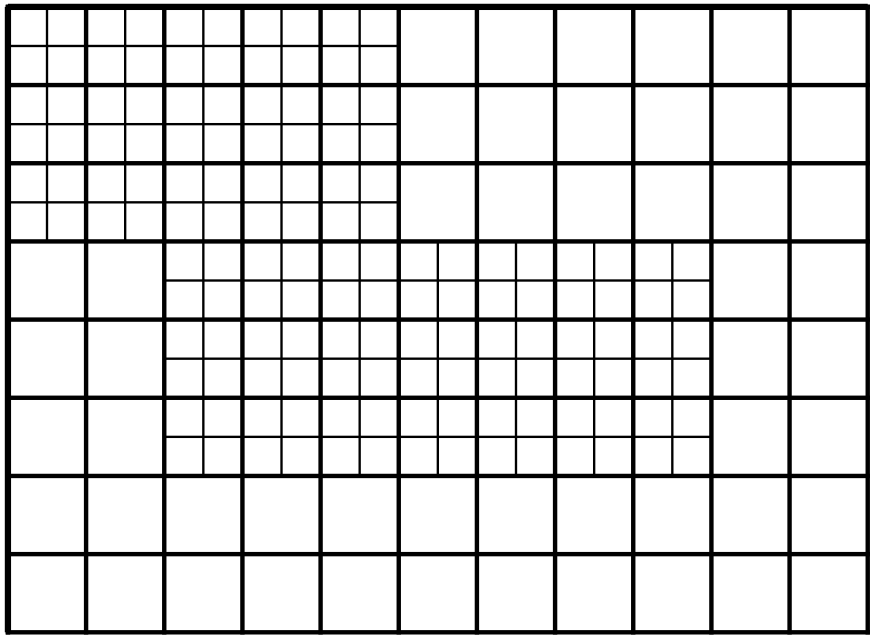

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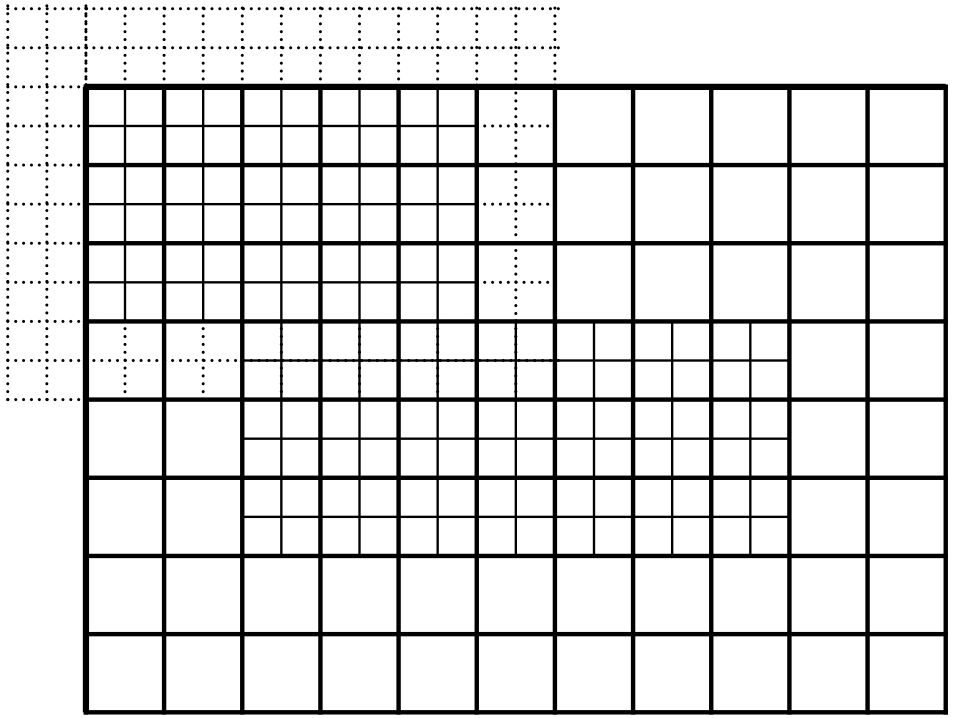

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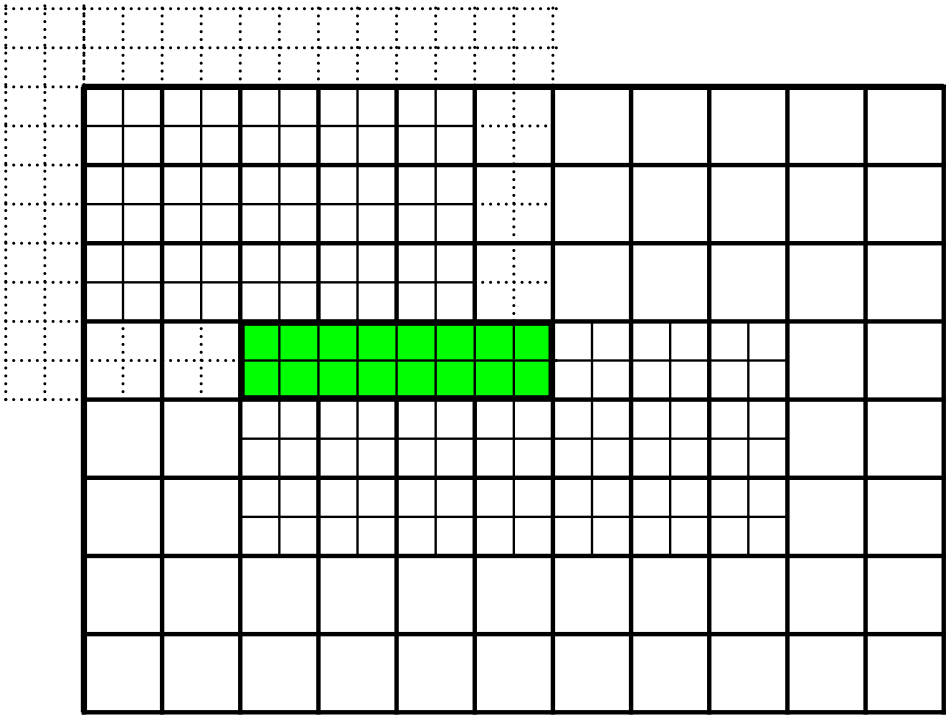

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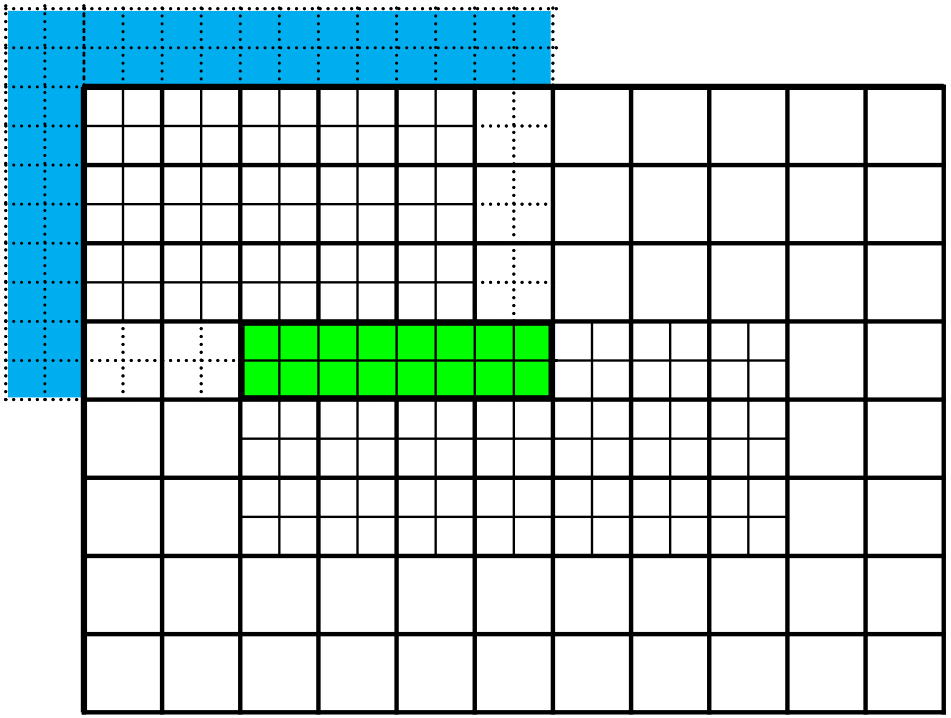

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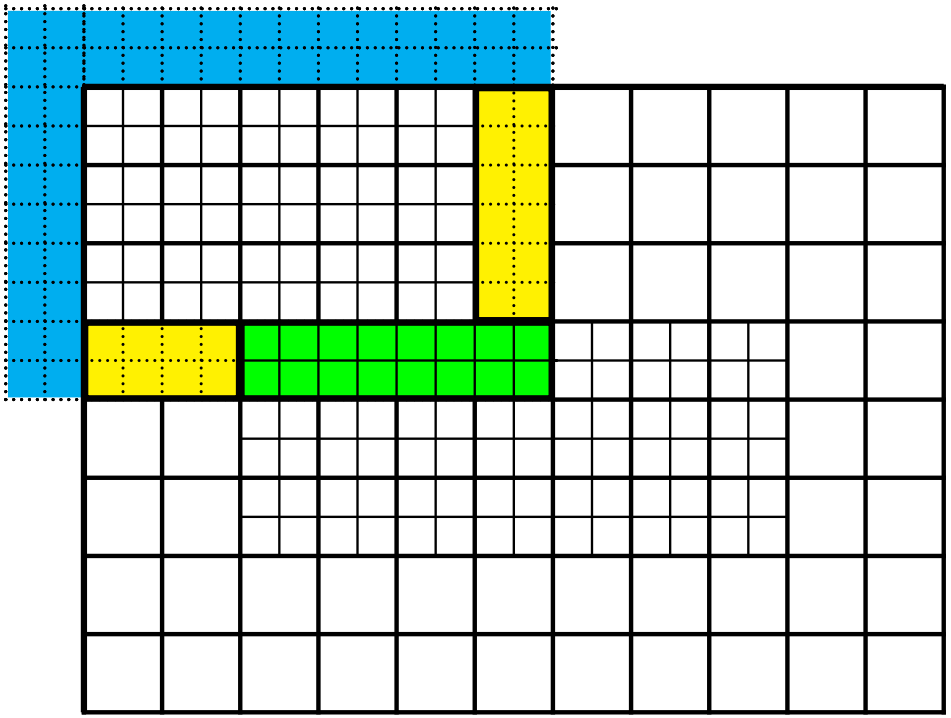

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Interpolation from G_{l-1} - $\tilde{I}^s_{l,m} = \tilde{G}^s_{l,m} \backslash (\tilde{S}^s_{l,m} \cup \tilde{P}^s_{l,m})$

Numerical update

Time-explicit conservative finite volume scheme

$$\mathcal{H}^{(\Delta t)}: \ \mathbf{Q}_{jk}(t+\Delta t) = \mathbf{Q}_{jk}(t) - \frac{\Delta t}{\Delta x_1}\left(\mathbf{F}^1_{j+\frac{1}{2},k} - \mathbf{F}^1_{j-\frac{1}{2},k}\right) - \frac{\Delta t}{\Delta x_2}\left(\mathbf{F}^2_{j,k+\frac{1}{2}} - \mathbf{F}^2_{j,k-\frac{1}{2}}\right)$$

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`For all` $m = 1$ `To` M_l `Do`

$$\mathbf{Q}(G^s_{l,m}, t) \xrightarrow{\mathcal{H}^{(\Delta t_l)}} \mathbf{Q}(G_{l,m}, t + \Delta t_l)\ , \mathbf{F}^n(\bar{G}_{l,m}, t)$$

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`Add` $\mathbf{F}^n(\partial G_{l,m}, t)$ `to` $\delta\mathbf{F}^{n,l}$

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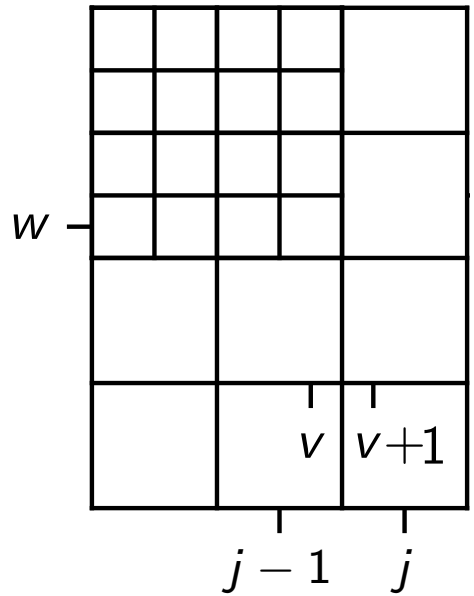
Conservative flux correction

Example: Cell j, k

$$\check{\mathbf{Q}}^{l}_{jk}(t+\Delta t_l) = \mathbf{Q}^{l}_{jk}(t) - \frac{\Delta t_l}{\Delta x_{1,l}} \left(\mathbf{F}^{1,l}_{j+\frac{1}{2},k} - \frac{1}{r^2_{l+1}} \sum_{\kappa=0}^{r_{l+1}-1} \sum_{\iota=0}^{r_{l+1}-1} \mathbf{F}^{1,l+1}_{v+\frac{1}{2},w+\iota}(t+\kappa\Delta t_{l+1}) \right) - \frac{\Delta t_l}{\Delta x_{2,l}} \left(\mathbf{F}^{2,l}_{j,k+\frac{1}{2}} - \mathbf{F}^{2,l}_{j,k-\frac{1}{2}} \right)$$

Correction pass:



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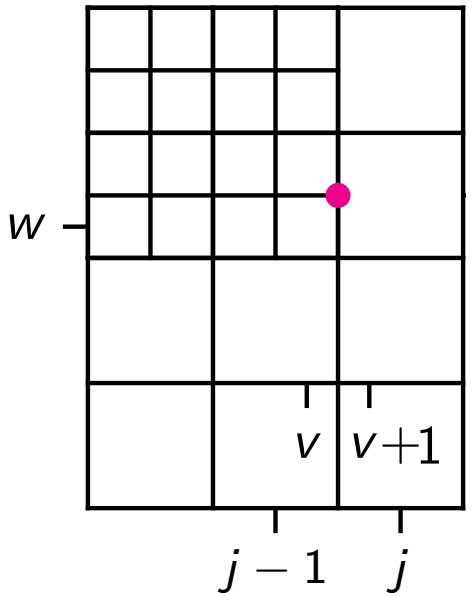
Correction pass:

1. $\delta\mathbf{F}^{1,l+1}_{j-\frac{1}{2},k} := -\mathbf{F}^{1,l}_{j-\frac{1}{2},k}$



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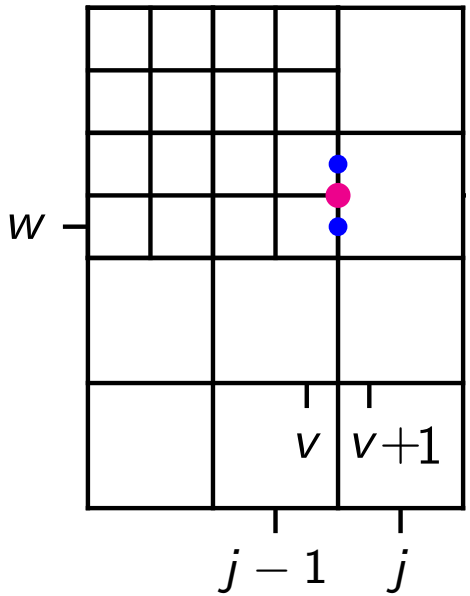
2. $\delta\mathbf{F}^{1,l+1}_{j-\frac{1}{2},k} := \delta\mathbf{F}^{1,l+1}_{j-\frac{1}{2},k} + \frac{1}{r^2_{l+1}} \sum_{\iota=0}^{r_{l+1}-1} \mathbf{F}^{1,l+1}_{v+\frac{1}{2},w+\iota}(t+\kappa\Delta t_{l+1})$



Conservative flux correction

Example: Cell j, k

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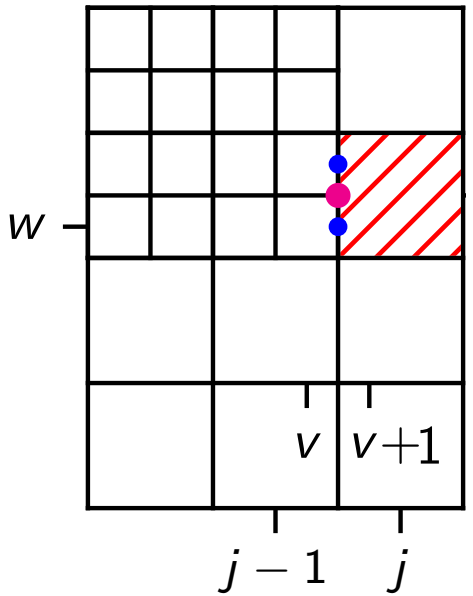
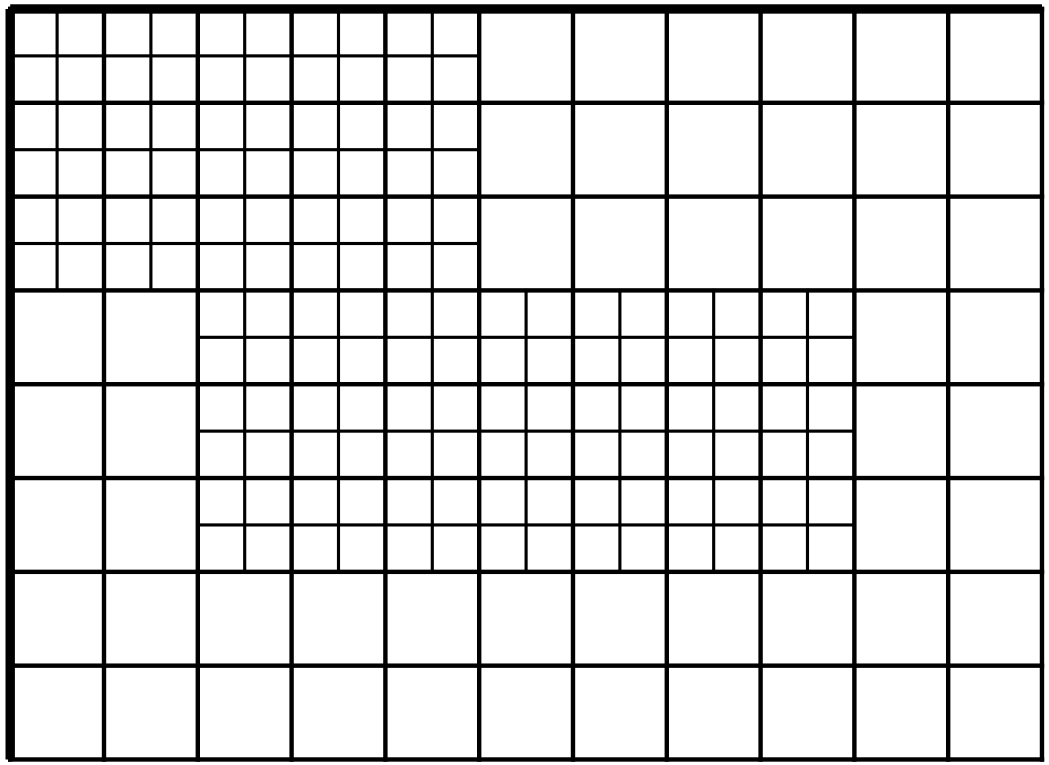
3. $\check{\mathbf{Q}}^{l}_{jk}(t+\Delta t_l) := \mathbf{Q}^{l}_{jk}(t+\Delta t_l) + \frac{\Delta t_l}{\Delta x_{1,l}} \delta\mathbf{F}^{1,l+1}_{j-\frac{1}{2},k}$

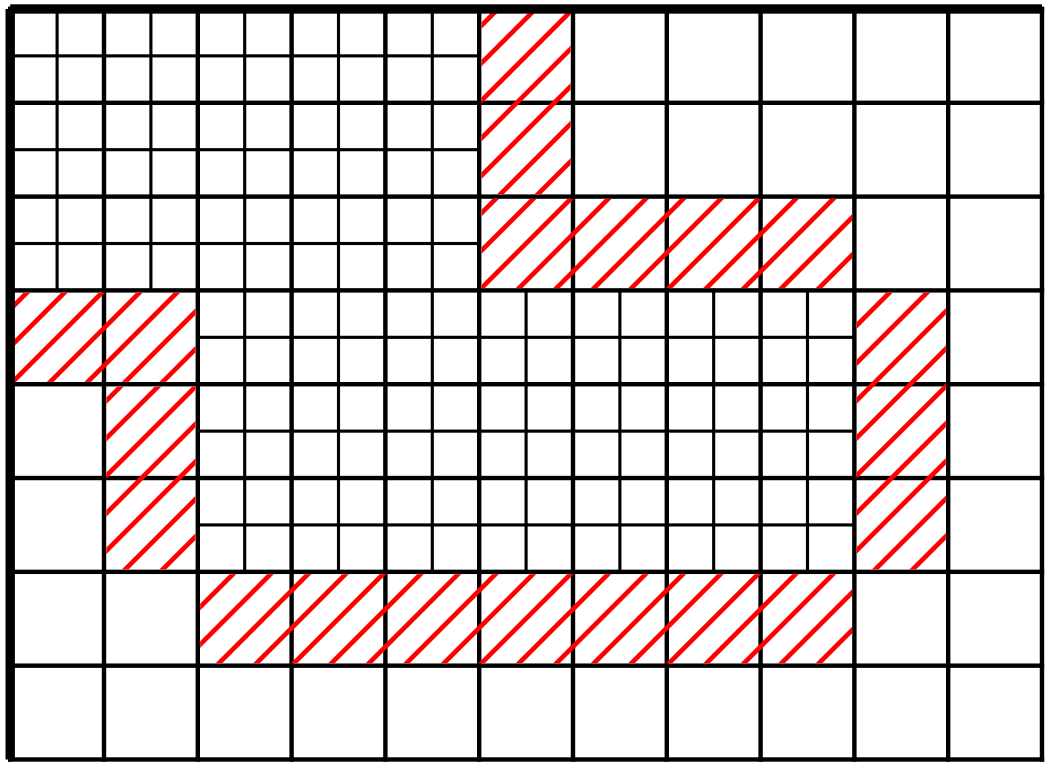


Conservative flux correction II



Conservative flux correction II

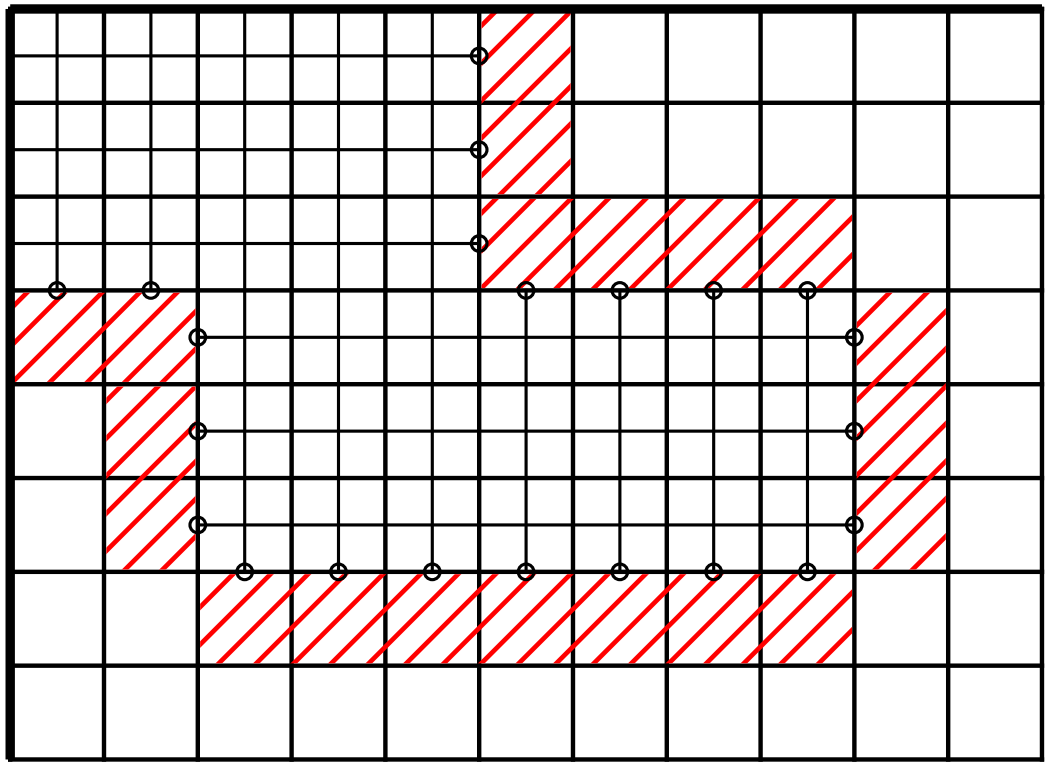
- Level l cells needing correction $(G_{l+1}^{r_{l+1}} \setminus G_{l+1}) \cap G_l$



Cells to correct

Conservative flux correction II

- Level l cells needing correction $(G_{l+1}^{r_{l+1}} \setminus G_{l+1}) \cap G_l$
- Corrections $\delta \mathbf{F}^{n,l+1}$ stored on level $l+1$ along ∂G_{l+1} (lower-dimensional data coarsened by r_{l+1})



Cells to correct

$\circ\ \delta \mathbf{F}^{n,l+1}$

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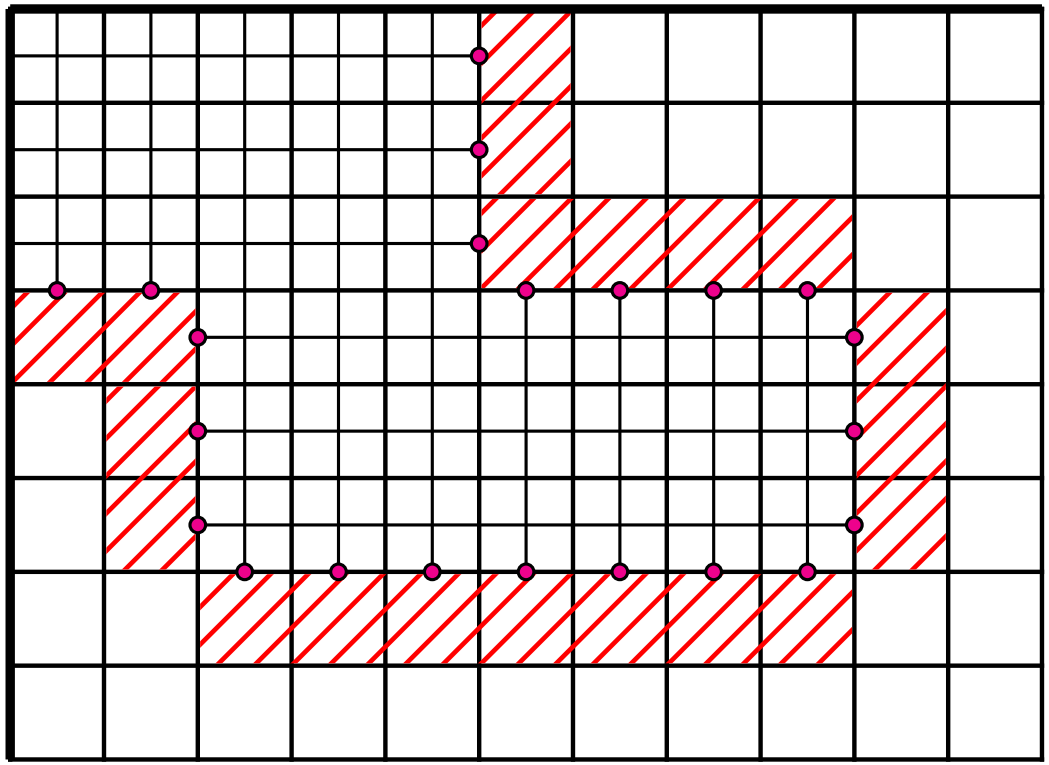
- Init $\delta\mathbf{F}^{n,l+1}$ with level l fluxes $\mathbf{F}^{n,l}(\bar{G}_l \cap \partial G_{l+1})$



Cells to correct • $\mathbf{F}^{n,l}$ ∘ $\delta\mathbf{F}^{n,l+1}$

Conservative flux correction II

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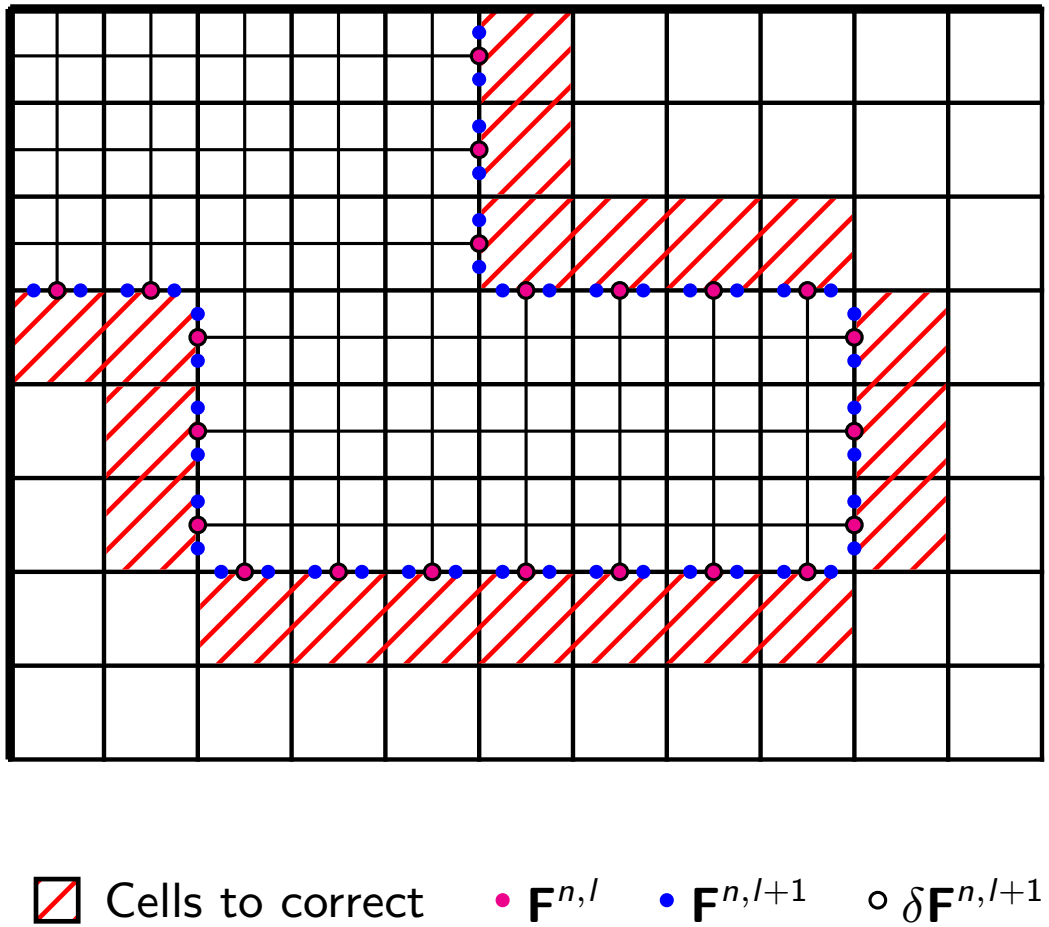
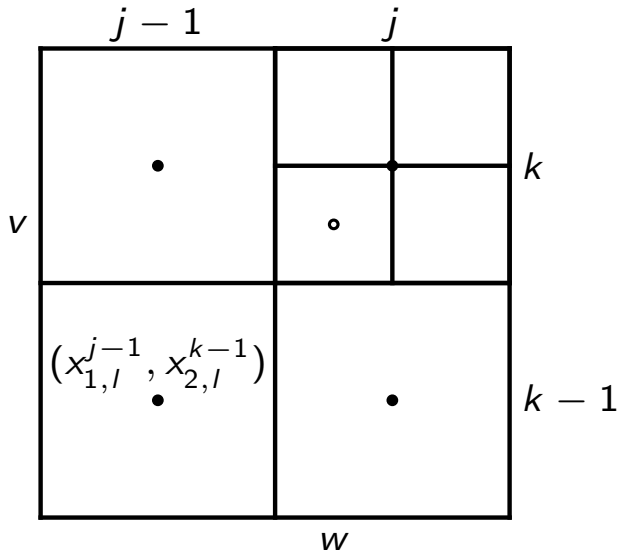
- Add level $l+1$ fluxes $\mathbf{F}^{n,l+1}(\partial G_{l+1})$ to $\delta\mathbf{F}^{n,l}$



Level transfer operators

Conservative averaging (restriction):
Replace cells on level l covered by level $l+1$, i.e. $G_l \cap G_{l+1}$, by

$$\hat{\mathbf{Q}}^l_{jk} := \frac{1}{(r_{l+1})^2} \sum_{\kappa=0}^{r_{l+1}-1} \sum_{\iota=0}^{r_{l+1}-1} \mathbf{Q}^{l+1}_{v+\kappa,w+\iota}$$



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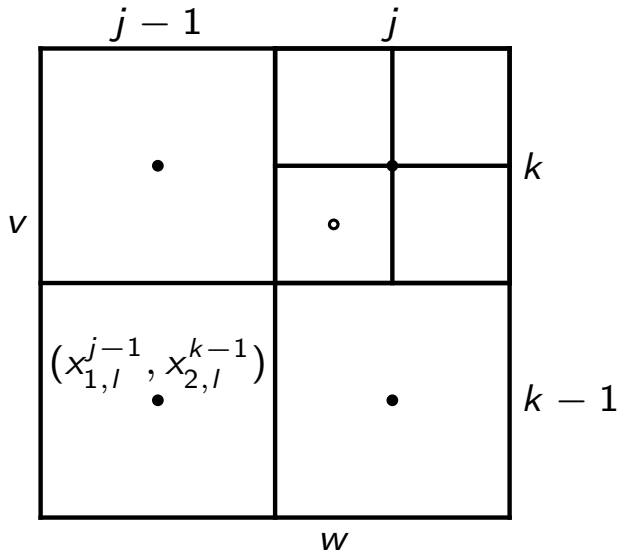

Bilinear interpolation (prolongation):

$$\check{\mathbf{Q}}^{l+1}_{vw} := (1-f_1)(1-f_2)\,\mathbf{Q}^l_{j-1,k-1} + f_1(1-f_2)\,\mathbf{Q}^l_{j,k-1} + (1-f_1)f_2\,\mathbf{Q}^l_{j-1,k} + f_1 f_2\,\mathbf{Q}^l_{jk}$$

with factors $f_1 := \dfrac{x^v_{1,l+1} - x^{j-1}_{1,l}}{\Delta x_{1,l}}$, $f_2 := \dfrac{x^w_{2,l+1} - x^{k-1}_{2,l}}{\Delta x_{2,l}}$ derived from the spatial coordinates of the cell centers $(x^{j-1}_{1,l}, x^{k-1}_{2,l})$ and $(x^v_{1,l+1}, x^w_{2,l+1})$.

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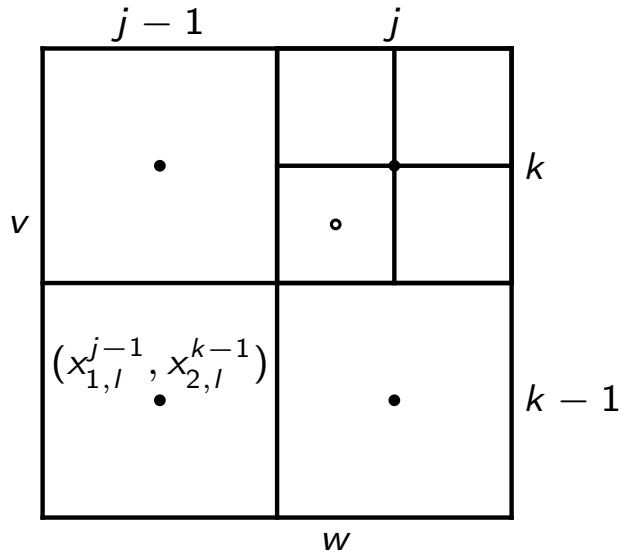

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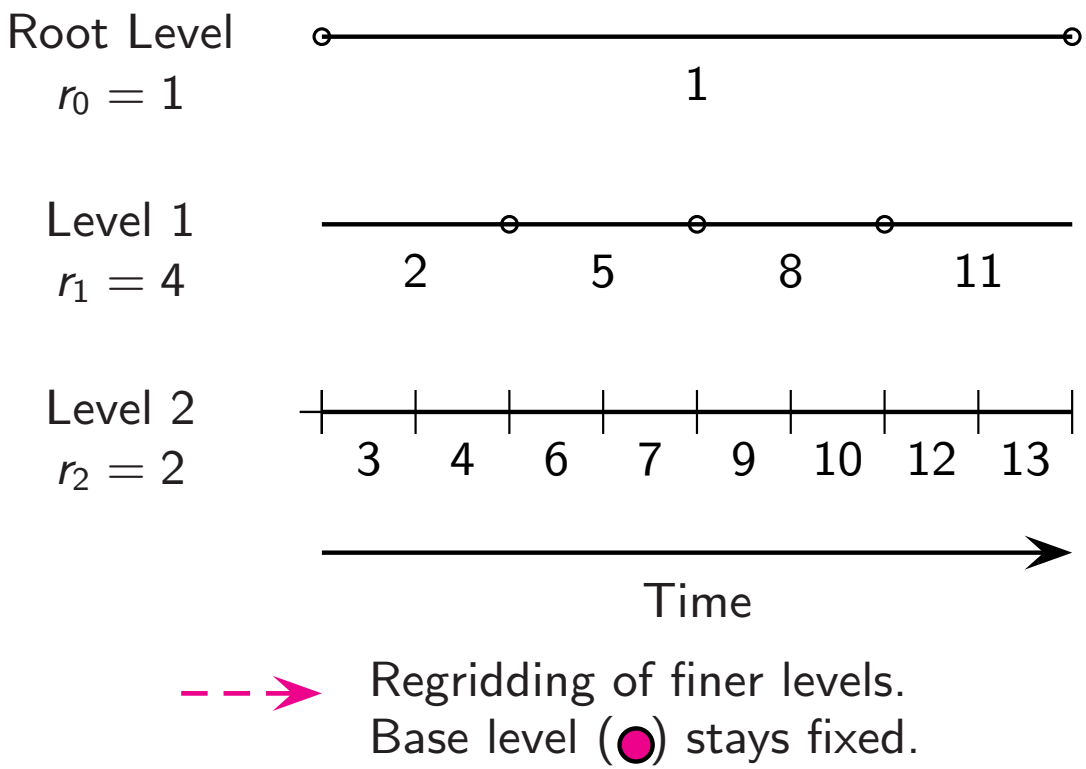
For boundary conditions on $\tilde{I}^s_l$: linear time interpolation

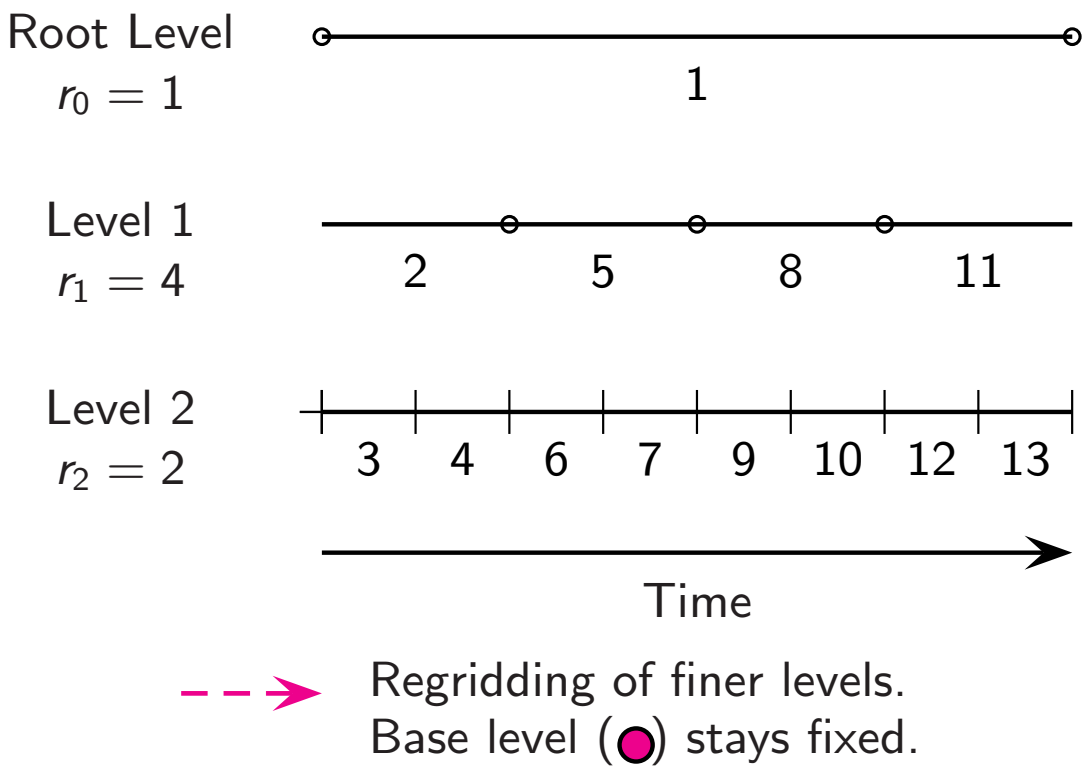
$$\tilde{\mathbf{Q}}^{l+1}(t+\kappa\Delta t_{l+1}) := \left(1 - \frac{\kappa}{r_{l+1}}\right) \check{\mathbf{Q}}^{l+1}(t) + \frac{\kappa}{r_{l+1}}\,\check{\mathbf{Q}}^{l+1}(t+\Delta t_l) \quad \text{for } \kappa = 0, \ldots r_{l+1}$$

Recursive integration order



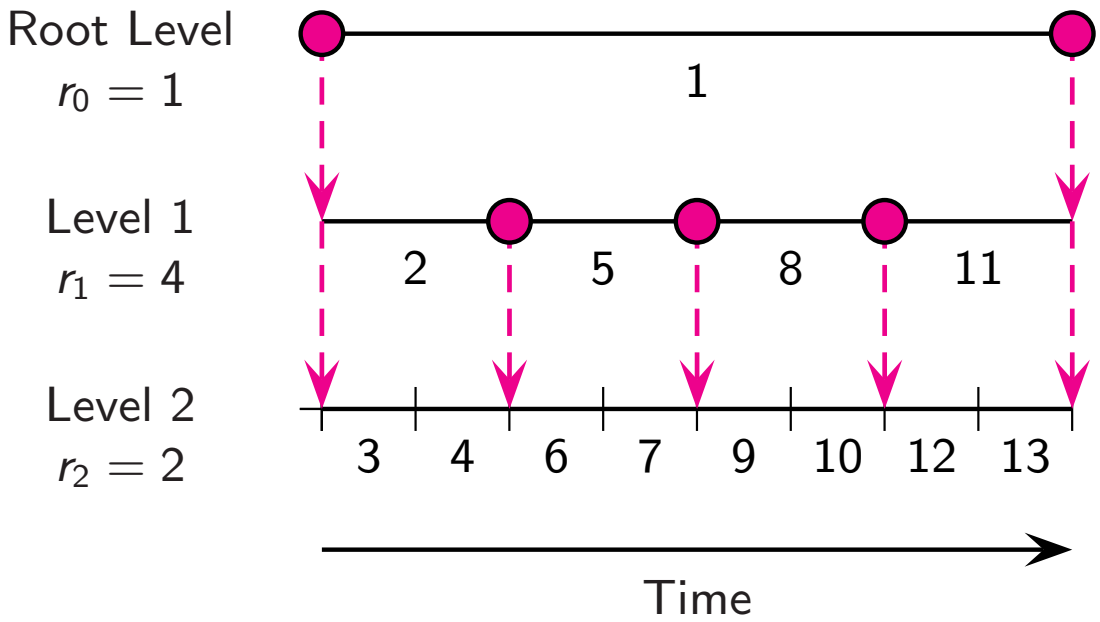
Recursive integration order

- Space-time interpolation of coarse data to set $I_l^s, l > 0$



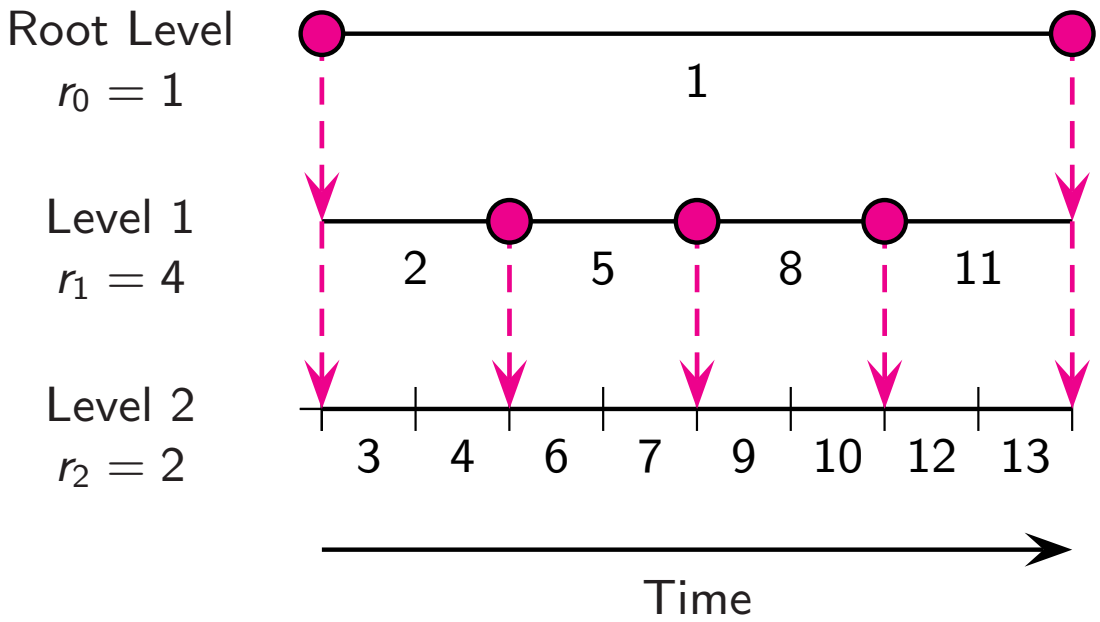
Recursive integration order

- Space-time interpolation of coarse data to set $I_l^s, l > 0$
- Regridding:
  - Creation of new grids, copy existing cells on level $l > 0$



Recursive integration order

- Space-time interpolation of coarse data to set $I_l^s, l > 0$
- Regridding:
  - Creation of new grids, copy existing cells on level $l > 0$
  - Spatial interpolation to initialize new cells on level $l > 0$



Regridding of finer levels.
Base level ( ) stays fixed.

The basic recursive algorithm

`AdvanceLevel(`l`)`

  `Repeat` r_l `times`

    `Set ghost cells of` $\mathbf{Q}^l(t)$

    `UpdateLevel(`l`)`

    $t := t + \Delta t_l$

The basic recursive algorithm

```
AdvanceLevel(l)

  Repeat r_l times
      Set ghost cells of Q^l(t)


      UpdateLevel(l)
      If level l+1 exists?
          Set ghost cells of Q^l(t + Δt_l)
          AdvanceLevel(l+1)


      t := t + Δt_l
```

- Recursion

The basic recursive algorithm

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      Set ghost cells of Q^l(t)


      UpdateLevel(l)
      If level l+1 exists?
          Set ghost cells of Q^l(t + Δt_l)
          AdvanceLevel(l + 1)
          Average Q^{l+1}(t + Δt_l) onto Q^l(t + Δt_l)
          Correct Q^l(t + Δt_l) with δF^{l+1}
      t := t + Δt_l
```

- Recursion
- Restriction and flux correction

The basic recursive algorithm

```
AdvanceLevel(l)

  Repeat r_l times
      Set ghost cells of Q^l(t)
      If time to regrid?
          Regrid(l)
      UpdateLevel(l)
      If level l+1 exists?
          Set ghost cells of Q^l(t + Δt_l)
          AdvanceLevel(l+1)
          Average Q^{l+1}(t + Δt_l) onto Q^l(t + Δt_l)
          Correct Q^l(t + Δt_l) with δF^{l+1}
      t := t + Δt_l
```

- Recursion
- Restriction and flux correction
- Re-organization of hierarchical data

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          Regrid(l)
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      t := t + Δt_l

Start - Start integration on level 0

      l = 0,  r_0 = 1
      AdvanceLevel(l)
```

- Recursion
- Restriction and flux correction
- Re-organization of hierarchical data

The basic recursive algorithm

```
AdvanceLevel(l)

  Repeat r_l times
      Set ghost cells of Q^l(t)
      If time to regrid?
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      If level l+1 exists?
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          AdvanceLevel(l+1)
          Average Q^{l+1}(t + Δt_l) onto Q^l(t + Δt_l)
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- Recursion
- Restriction and flux correction
- Re-organization of hierarchical data

[Berger and Colella, 1988][Berger and Oliger, 1984]

Regridding algorithm

Regrid(l) - Regrid all levels $\iota > l$

  For $\iota = l_f$ Downto l Do
    Flag N^ι according to $\mathbf{Q}^\iota(t)$

Regridding algorithm

`Regrid(`l`)` - `Regrid all levels` $\iota > l$

`For` $\iota = l_f$ `Downto` l `Do`
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- Refinement flags:
  $N^l := \bigcup_m N(\partial G_{l,m})$

Regridding algorithm

Regrid(l) - Regrid all levels $\iota > l$

For $\iota = l_f$ Downto l Do
Flag N^ι according to $\mathbf{Q}^\iota(t)$
If level $\iota + 1$ exists?
Flag N^ι below $\breve{G}^{\iota+2}$

- Refinement flags: $N^l := \bigcup_m N(\partial G_{l,m})$
- Activate flags below higher levels

Regridding algorithm

`Regrid(`l`)` - Regrid all levels $\iota > l$

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`Flag` N^ι `according to` $\mathbf{Q}^\iota(t)$
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`Flag buffer zone on` N^ι

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- Activate flags below higher levels
- Flag buffer cells of $b > \kappa_r$ cells, κ_r steps between calls of `Regrid(`l`)`

Regridding algorithm

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`For` $\iota = l_f$ `Downto` l `Do`
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`Generate` $\breve{G}^{\iota+1}$ `from` N^ι

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- Flag buffer cells of $b > \kappa_r$ cells, κ_r steps between calls of `Regrid(`l`)`
- Special cluster algorithm

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  If level $\iota + 1$ exists?
    Flag N^ι below $\breve{G}^{\iota+2}$
  Flag buffer zone on N^ι
  Generate $\breve{G}^{\iota+1}$ from N^ι
$\breve{G}_l := G_l$
For $\iota = l$ To l_f Do
  $C\breve{G}_\iota := G_0 \backslash \breve{G}_\iota$
  $\breve{G}_{\iota+1} := \breve{G}_{\iota+1} \backslash C\breve{G}^1_\iota$

- Refinement flags: $N^l := \bigcup_m N(\partial G_{l,m})$
- Activate flags below higher levels
- Flag buffer cells of $b > \kappa_r$ cells, κ_r steps between calls of Regrid(l)
- Special cluster algorithm
- Use complement operation to ensure proper nesting condition

Regridding algorithm

Regrid(l) - Regrid all levels $\iota > l$

For $\iota = l_f$ Downto l Do
  Flag N^ι according to $\mathbf{Q}^\iota(t)$
  If level $\iota + 1$ exists?
    Flag N^ι below $\breve{G}^{\iota+2}$
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  $\breve{G}_{\iota+1} := \breve{G}_{\iota+1} \backslash C\breve{G}^1_\iota$

Recompose(l)

- Refinement flags: $N^l := \bigcup_m N(\partial G_{l,m})$
- Activate flags below higher levels
- Flag buffer cells of $b > \kappa_r$ cells, κ_r steps between calls of Regrid(l)
- Special cluster algorithm
- Use complement operation to ensure proper nesting condition

Recomposition of data

`Recompose(`l`)` - `Reorganize all levels` $\iota > l$

`For` $\iota = l + 1$ `To` $l_f + 1$ `Do`

- Creates max. 1 level above l_f, but can remove multiple level if $\breve{G}_\iota$ empty (no coarsening!)

Recomposition of data

`Recompose(`l`)` - Reorganize all levels $\iota > l$

`For` $\iota = l + 1$ `To` $l_f + 1$ `Do`
`Interpolate` $\mathbf{Q}^{\iota-1}(t)$ `onto` $\breve{\mathbf{Q}}^{\iota}(t)$

- Creates max. 1 level above l_f, but can remove multiple level if $\breve{G}_\iota$ empty (no coarsening!)
- Use spatial interpolation on entire data $\breve{\mathbf{Q}}^{\iota}(t)$

Recomposition of data

`Recompose(`l`)` - Reorganize all levels $\iota > l$

`For` $\iota = l + 1$ `To` $l_f + 1$ `Do`
`Interpolate` $\mathbf{Q}^{\iota-1}(t)$ `onto` $\breve{\mathbf{Q}}^{\iota}(t)$
`Copy` $\mathbf{Q}^{\iota}(t)$ `onto` $\breve{\mathbf{Q}}^{\iota}(t)$

- Creates max. 1 level above l_f, but can remove multiple level if $\breve{G}_{\iota}$ empty (no coarsening!)
- Use spatial interpolation on entire data $\breve{\mathbf{Q}}^{\iota}(t)$
- Overwrite where old data exists

Recomposition of data

`Recompose(`l`)` - Reorganize all levels $\iota > l$

`For` $\iota = l + 1$ `To` $l_f + 1$ `Do`
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`Copy` $\mathbf{Q}^{\iota}(t)$ `onto` $\breve{\mathbf{Q}}^{\iota}(t)$
`Set ghost cells of` $\breve{\mathbf{Q}}^{\iota}(t)$

- Creates max. 1 level above l_f, but can remove multiple level if $\breve{G}_{\iota}$ empty (no coarsening!)
- Use spatial interpolation on entire data $\breve{\mathbf{Q}}^{\iota}(t)$
- Overwrite where old data exists
- Synchronization and physical boundary conditions

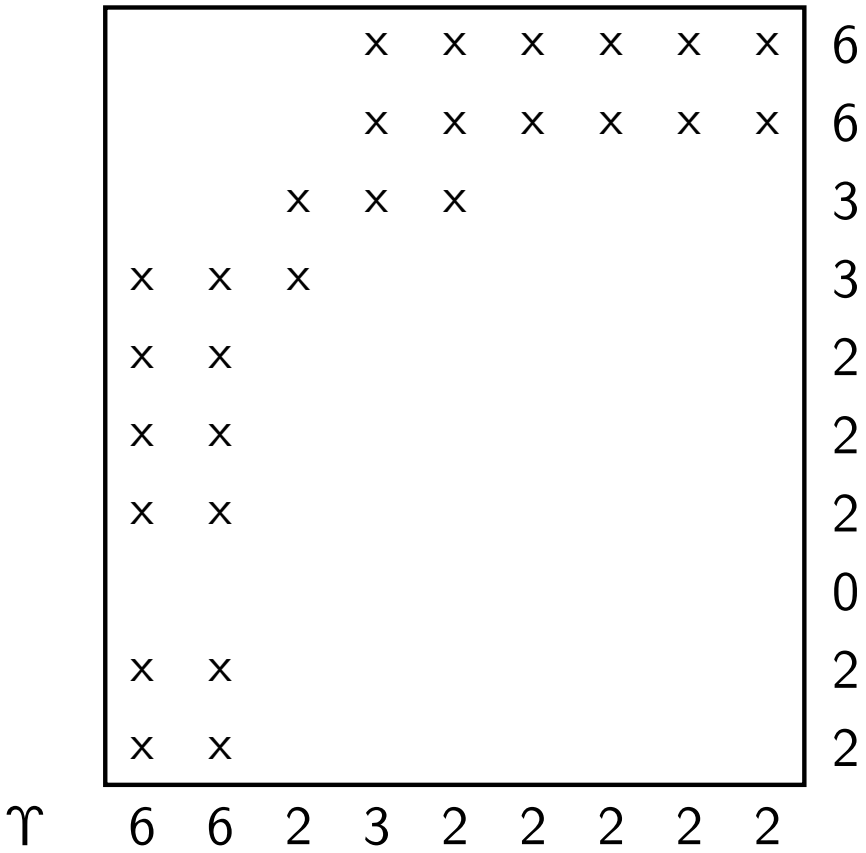
Recomposition of data

`Recompose(`l`)` - Reorganize all levels $\iota > l$

`For` $\iota = l + 1$ `To` $l_f + 1$ `Do`
`Interpolate` $\mathbf{Q}^{\iota-1}(t)$ `onto` $\breve{\mathbf{Q}}^{\iota}(t)$
`Copy` $\mathbf{Q}^{\iota}(t)$ `onto` $\breve{\mathbf{Q}}^{\iota}(t)$
`Set ghost cells of` $\breve{\mathbf{Q}}^{\iota}(t)$
$\mathbf{Q}^{\iota}(t) := \breve{\mathbf{Q}}^{\iota}(t), \;\; G_\iota := \breve{G}_\iota$

- Creates max. 1 level above l_f, but can remove multiple level if $\breve{G}_\iota$ empty (no coarsening!)
- Use spatial interpolation on entire data $\breve{\mathbf{Q}}^{\iota}(t)$
- Overwrite where old data exists
- Synchronization and physical boundary conditions

Clustering by signatures



ϒ Flagged cells per row/column

Δ Second derivative of ϒ, $\Delta = \Upsilon_{\nu+1} - 2\,\Upsilon_{\nu} + \Upsilon_{\nu-1}$

Technique from image detection: [Bell et al., 1994], see also [Berger and Rigoutsos, 1991], [Berger, 1986]

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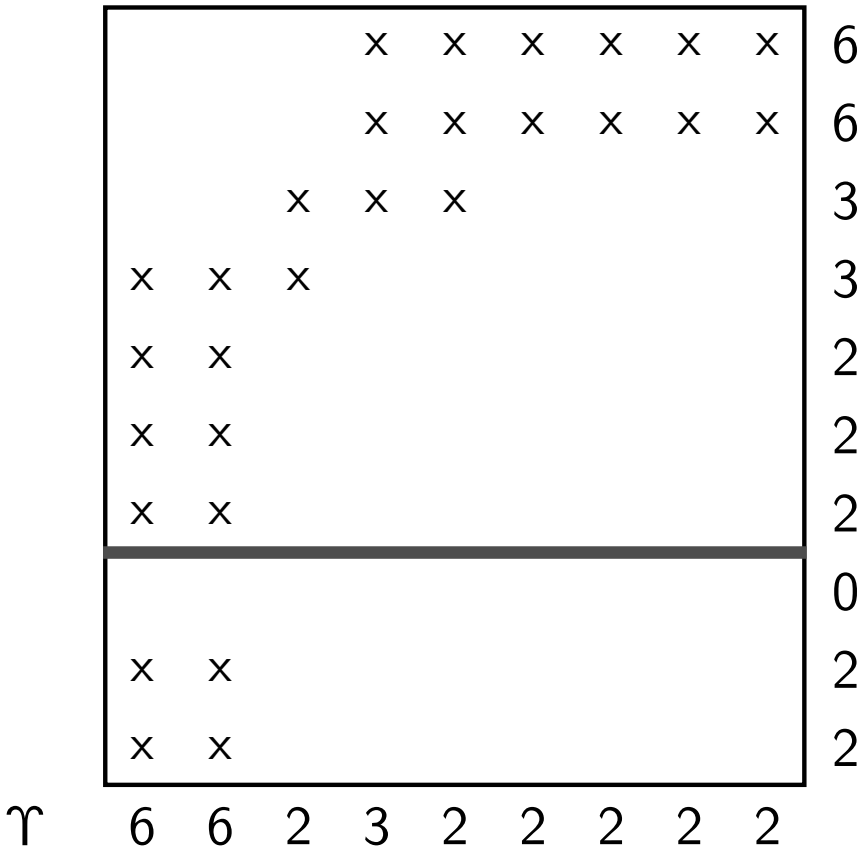

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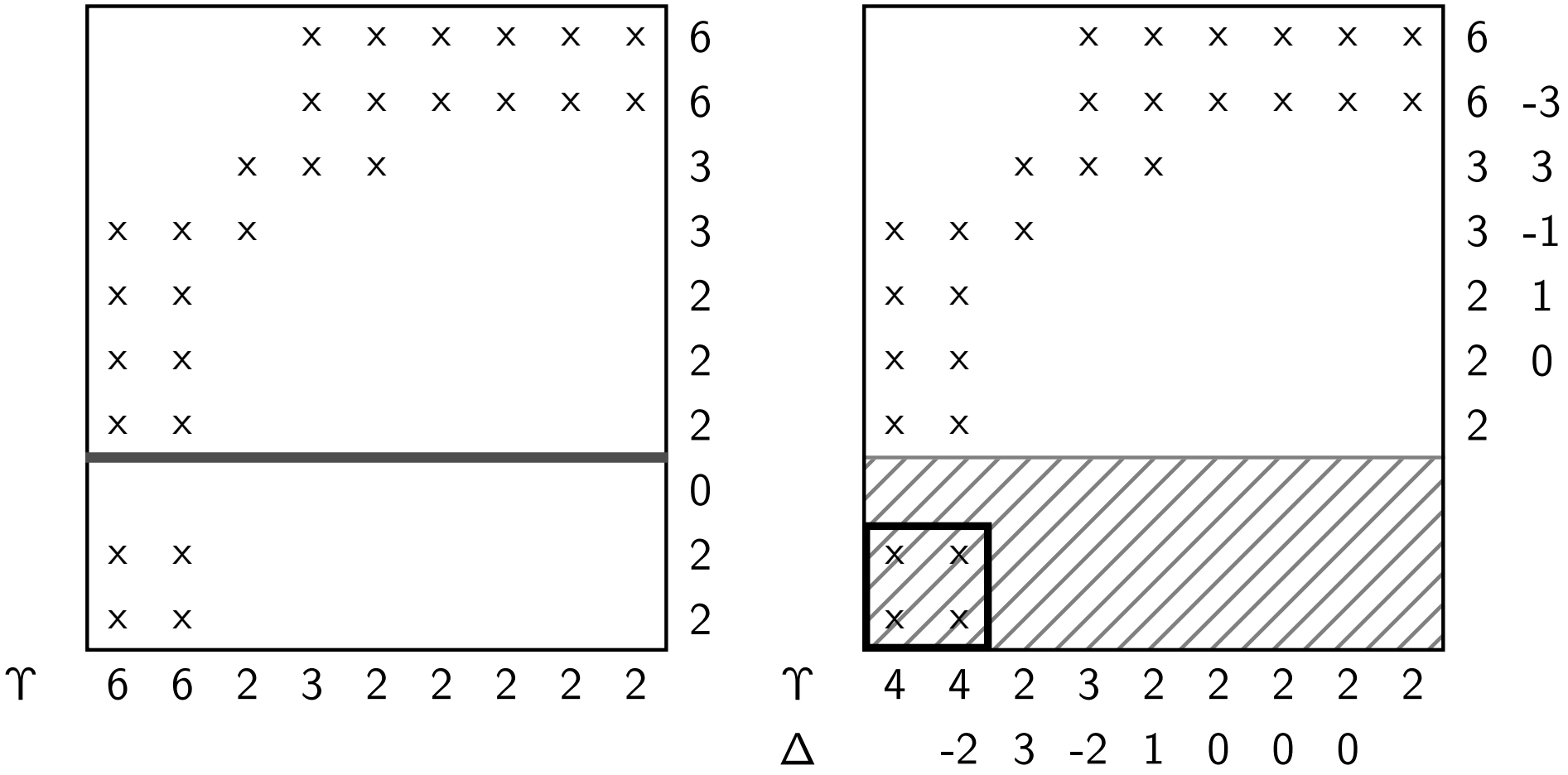
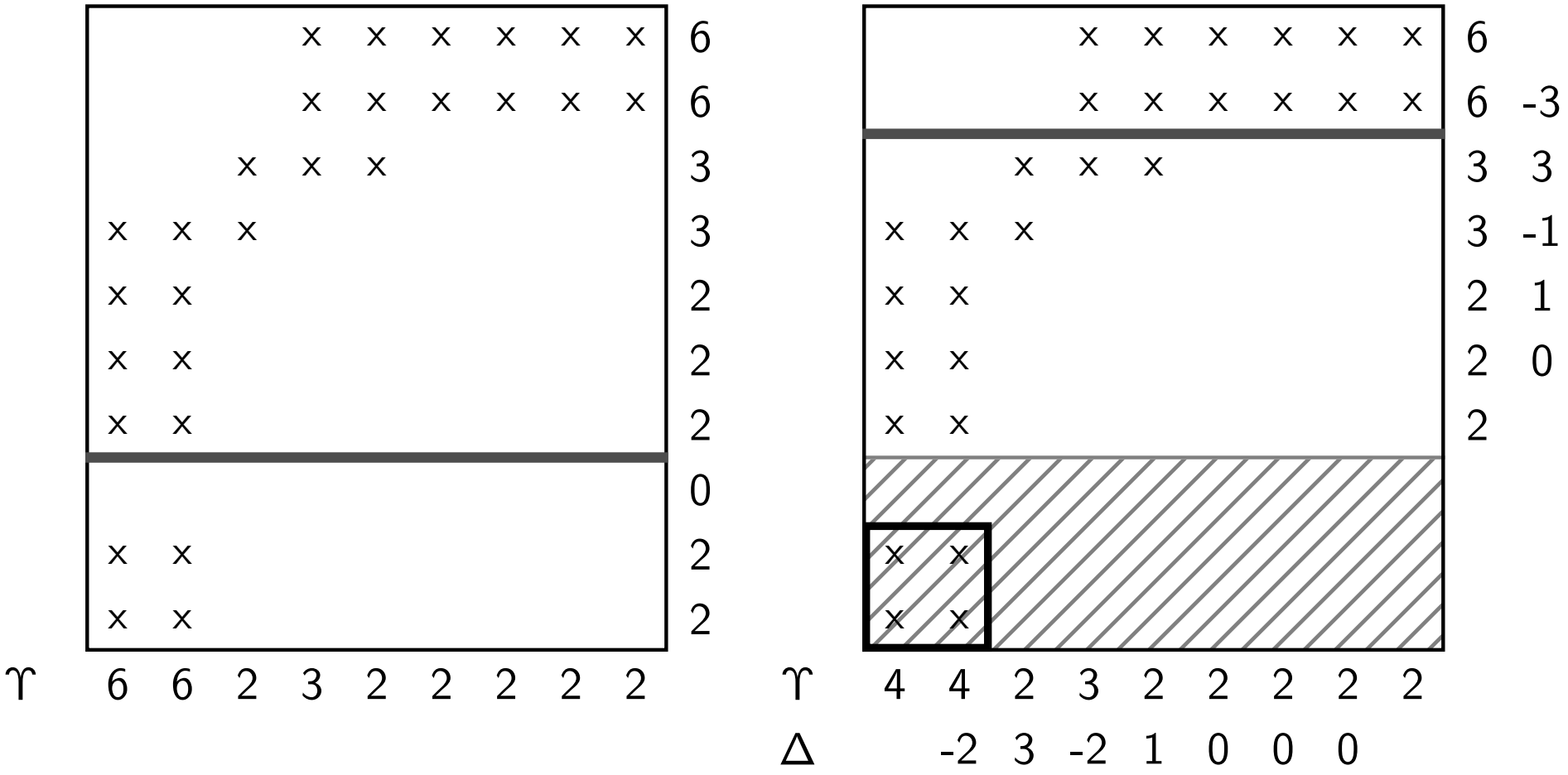


Υ Flagged cells per row/column

Δ Second derivative of Υ, $\Delta = \Upsilon_{\nu+1} - 2\,\Upsilon_{\nu} + \Upsilon_{\nu-1}$

Technique from image detection: [Bell et al., 1994], see also [Berger and Rigoutsos, 1991], [Berger, 1986]

Clustering by signatures



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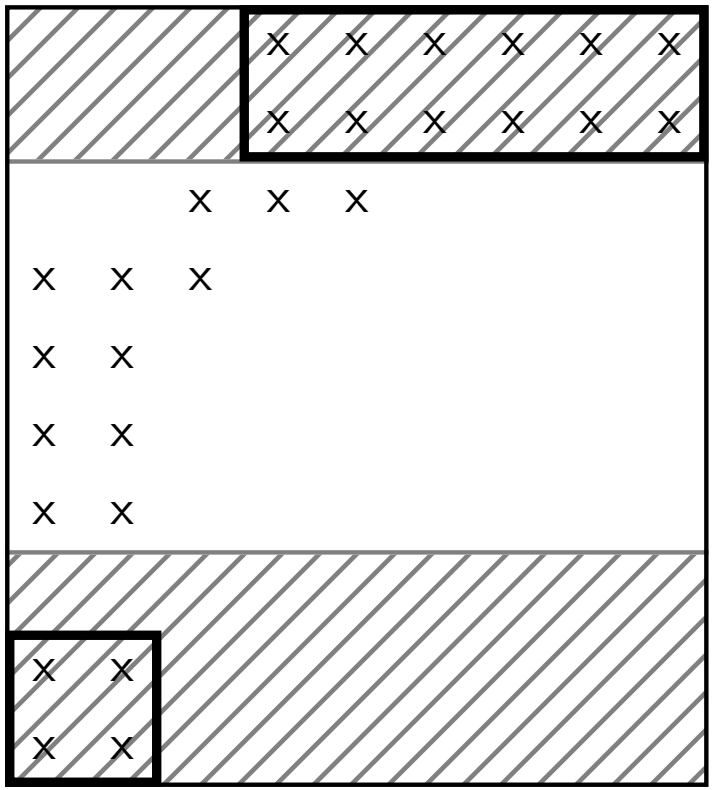
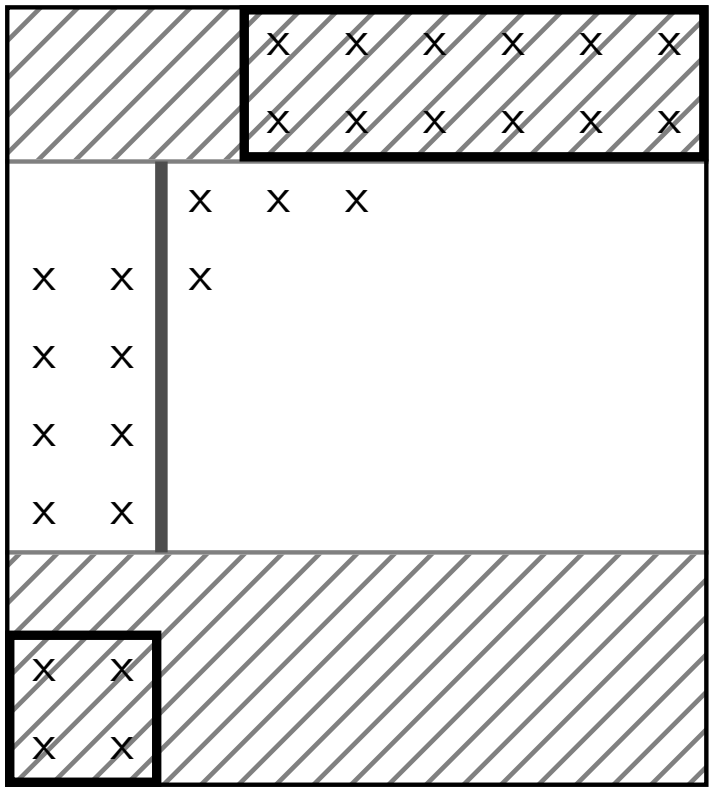


Υ	4	4	2	1	1		
Δ		-2	1				

Recursive generation of $\breve{G}_{l,m}$

1. 0 in Υ
2. Largest difference in Δ
3. Stop if ratio between flagged and unflagged cell $> \eta_{tol}$



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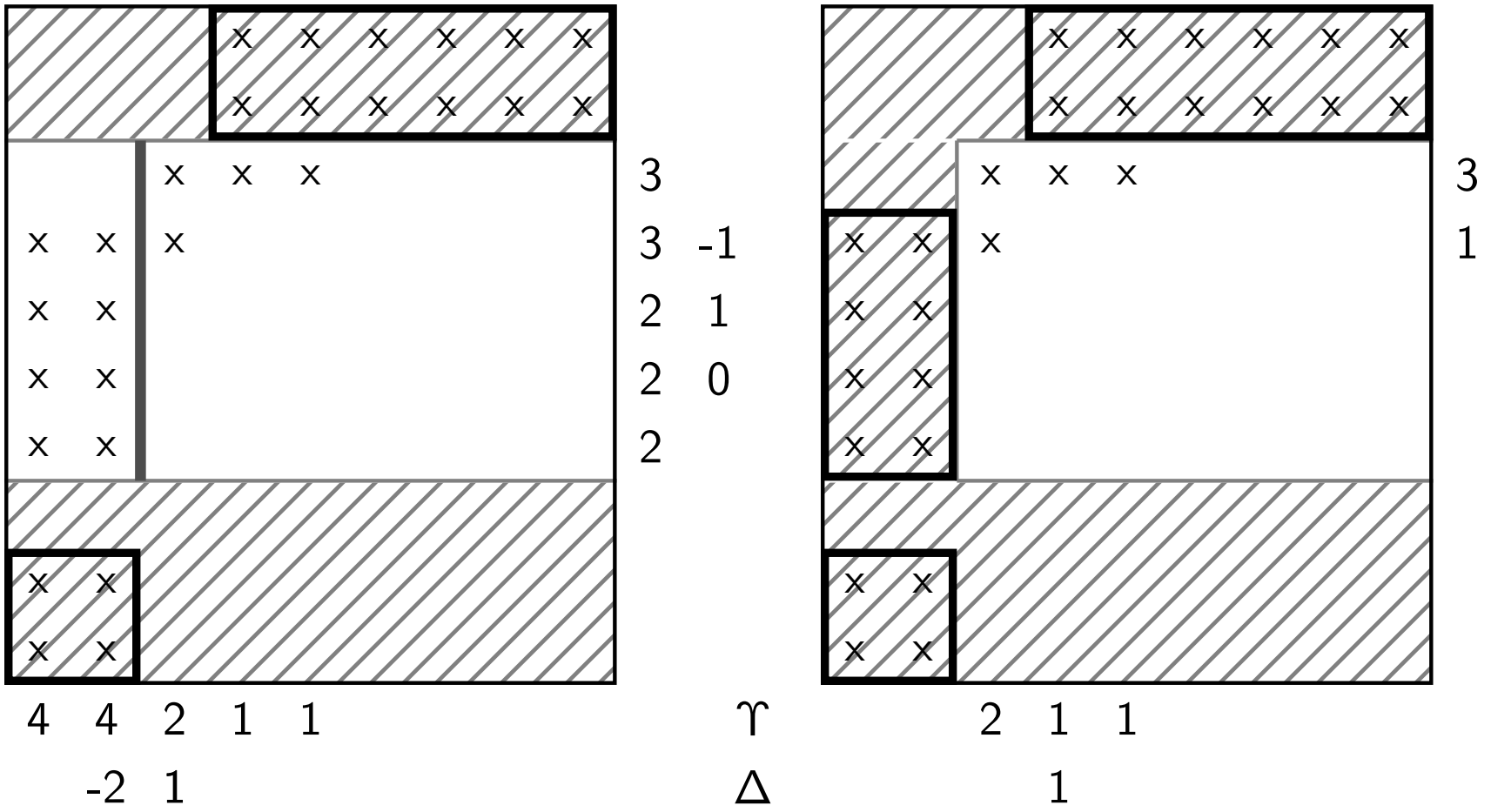

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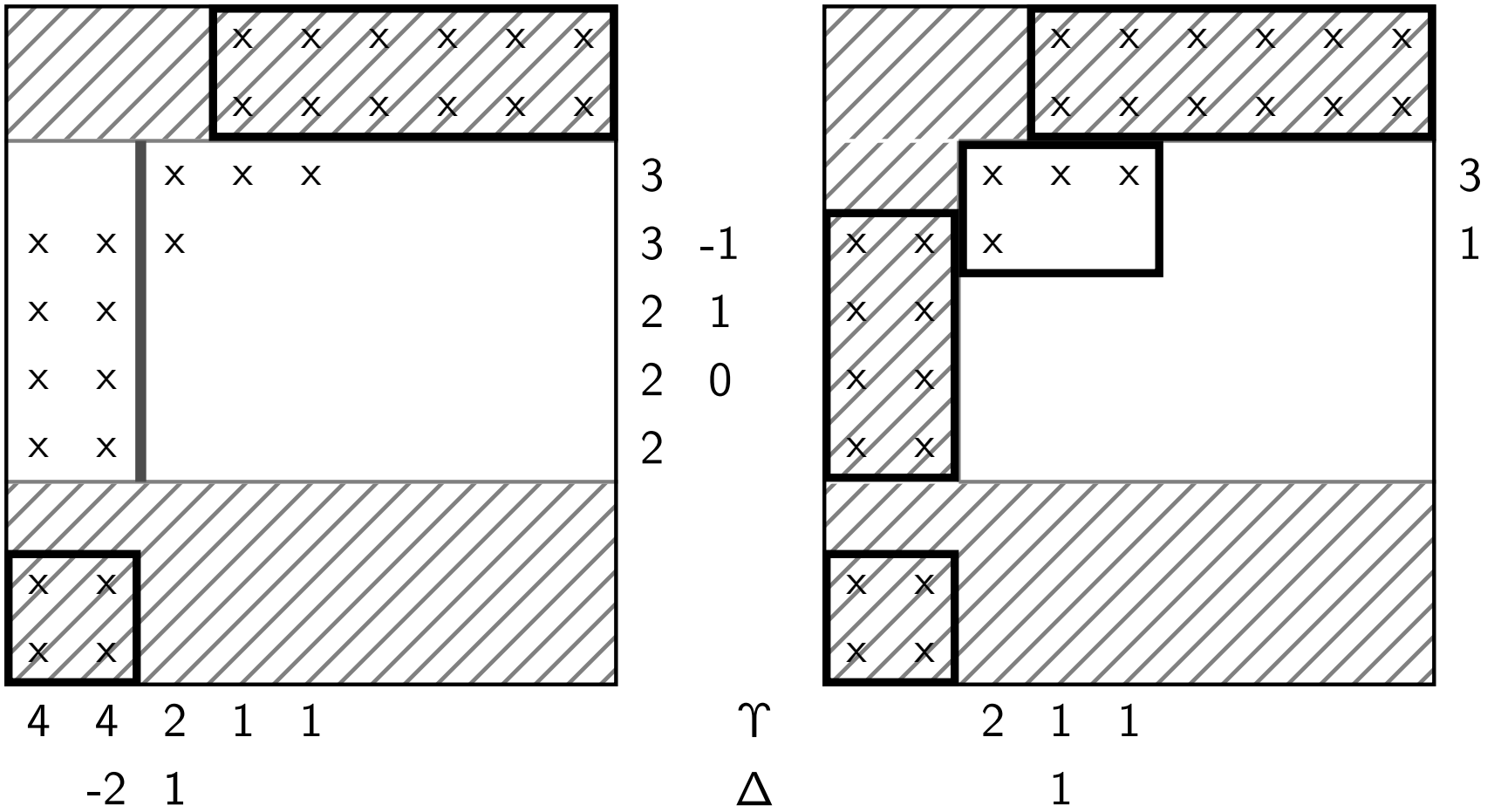

Recursive generation of $\breve{G}_{l,m}$

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2. Largest difference in Δ
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Refinement criteria

Scaled gradient of scalar quantity w

$$|w(\mathbf{Q}_{j+1,k}) - w(\mathbf{Q}_{jk})| > \epsilon_w \,,\ |w(\mathbf{Q}_{j,k+1}) - w(\mathbf{Q}_{jk})| > \epsilon_w \,,\ |w(\mathbf{Q}_{j+1,k+1}) - w(\mathbf{Q}_{jk})| > \epsilon_w$$

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Heuristic error estimation [Berger, 1982]:
Local truncation error of scheme of order o

$$\mathbf{q}(\mathbf{x}, t + \Delta t) - \mathcal{H}^{(\Delta t)}(\mathbf{q}(\cdot, t)) = \mathbf{C}\Delta t^{o+1} + O(\Delta t^{o+2})$$

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For $\mathbf{q}$ smooth after 2 steps Δt

$$\mathbf{q}(\mathbf{x}, t + \Delta t) - \mathcal{H}_2^{(\Delta t)}(\mathbf{q}(\cdot, t - \Delta t)) = 2\,\mathbf{C}\Delta t^{o+1} + O(\Delta t^{o+2})$$

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and after 1 step with $2\Delta t$

$$\mathbf{q}(\mathbf{x}, t+\Delta t) - \mathcal{H}^{(2\Delta t)}(\mathbf{q}(\cdot, t-\Delta t)) = 2^{o+1}\mathbf{C}\Delta t^{o+1} + O(\Delta t^{o+2})$$

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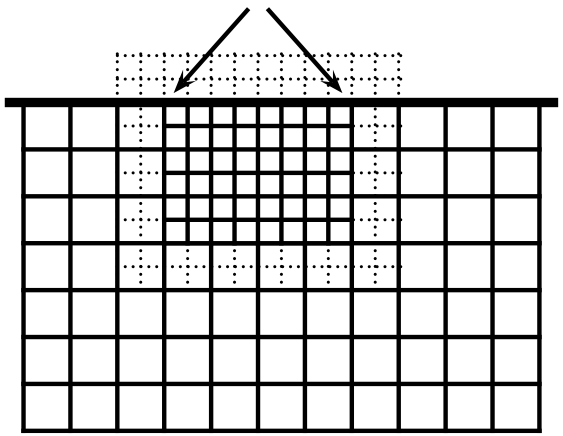
Gives

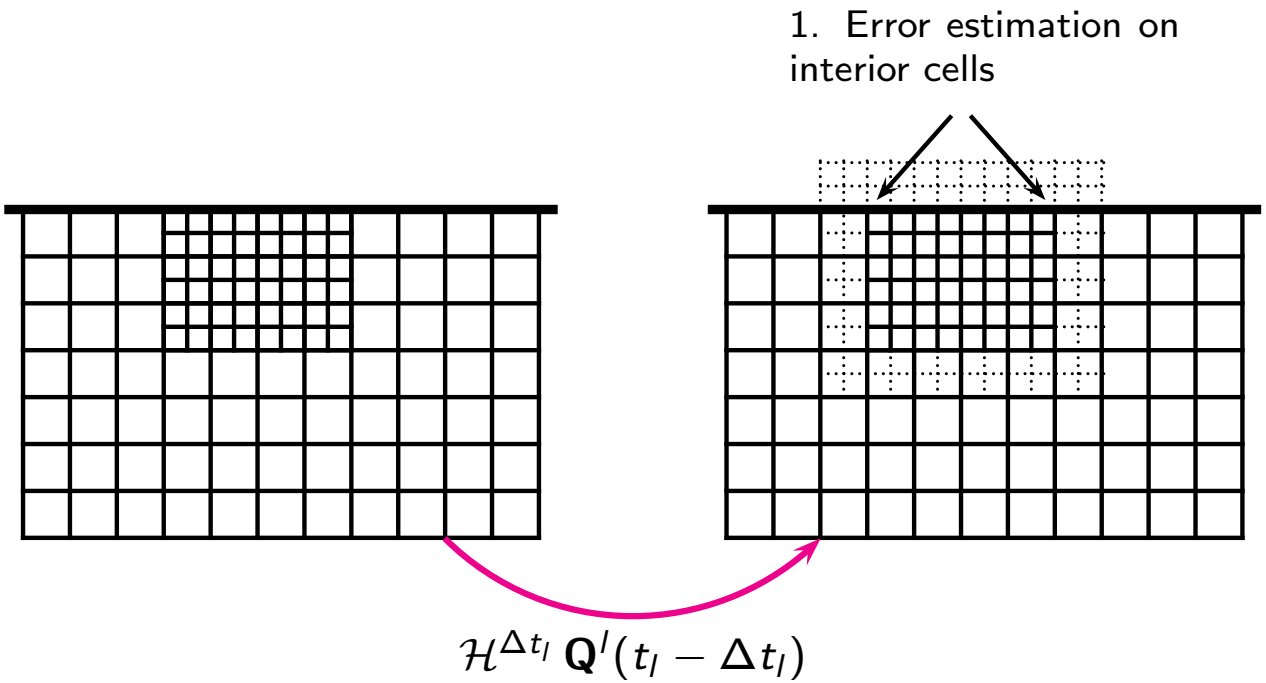
$$\mathcal{H}_2^{(\Delta t)}(\mathbf{q}(\cdot, t-\Delta t)) - \mathcal{H}^{(2\Delta t)}(\mathbf{q}(\cdot, t-\Delta t)) = (2^{o+1}-2)\mathbf{C}\Delta t^{o+1} + O(\Delta t^{o+2})$$

Heuristic error estimation for FV methods

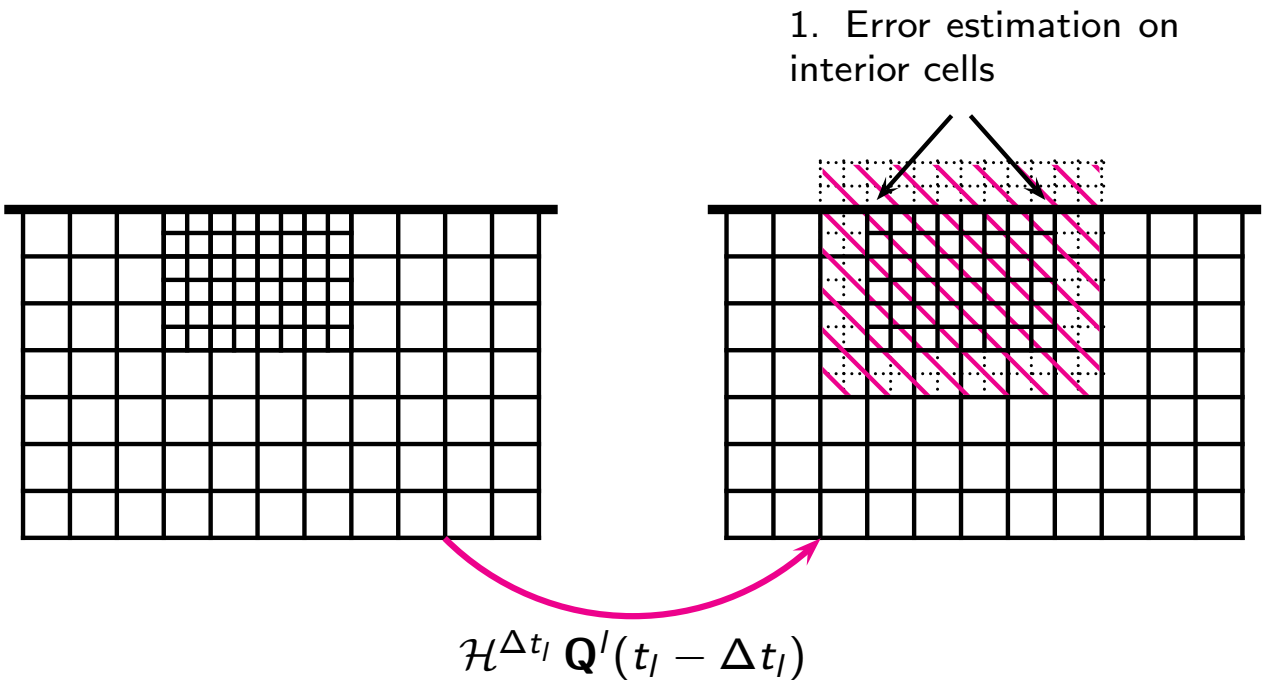
1. Error estimation on interior cells



Heuristic error estimation for FV methods



Heuristic error estimation for FV methods



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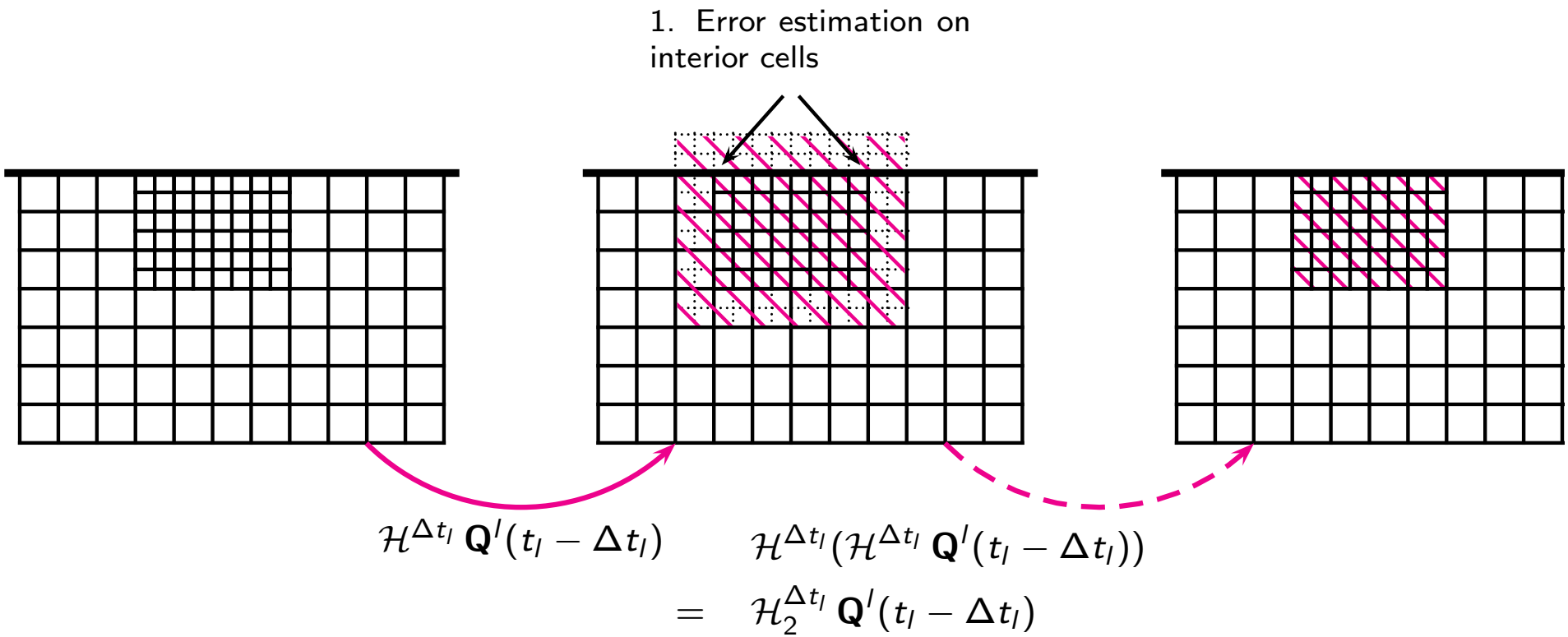
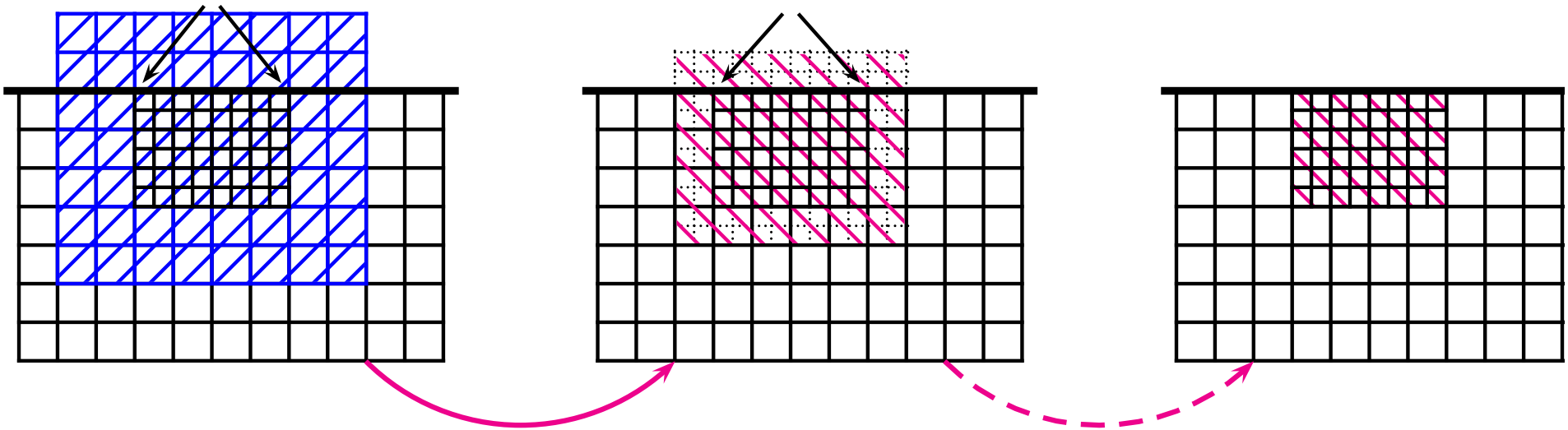


Heuristic error estimation for FV methods

2. Create temporary Grid coarsened by factor 2
   Initialize with fine-grid-values of preceding time step

1. Error estimation on interior cells



$\mathcal{H}^{\Delta t_l} \mathbf{Q}^l(t_l - \Delta t_l)$

$\mathcal{H}^{\Delta t_l}(\mathcal{H}^{\Delta t_l} \mathbf{Q}^l(t_l - \Delta t_l)) = \mathcal{H}_2^{\Delta t_l} \mathbf{Q}^l(t_l - \Delta t_l)$

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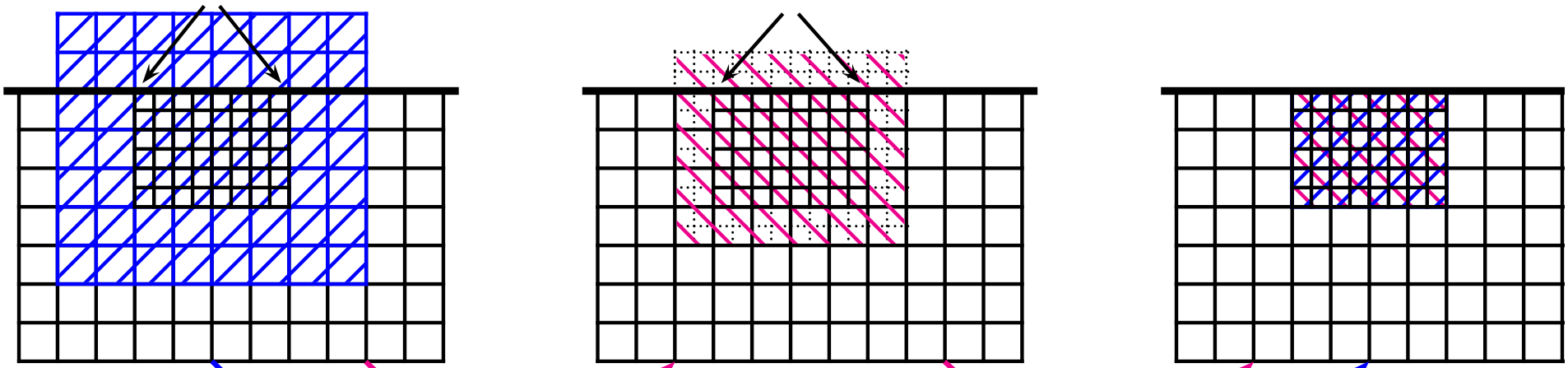

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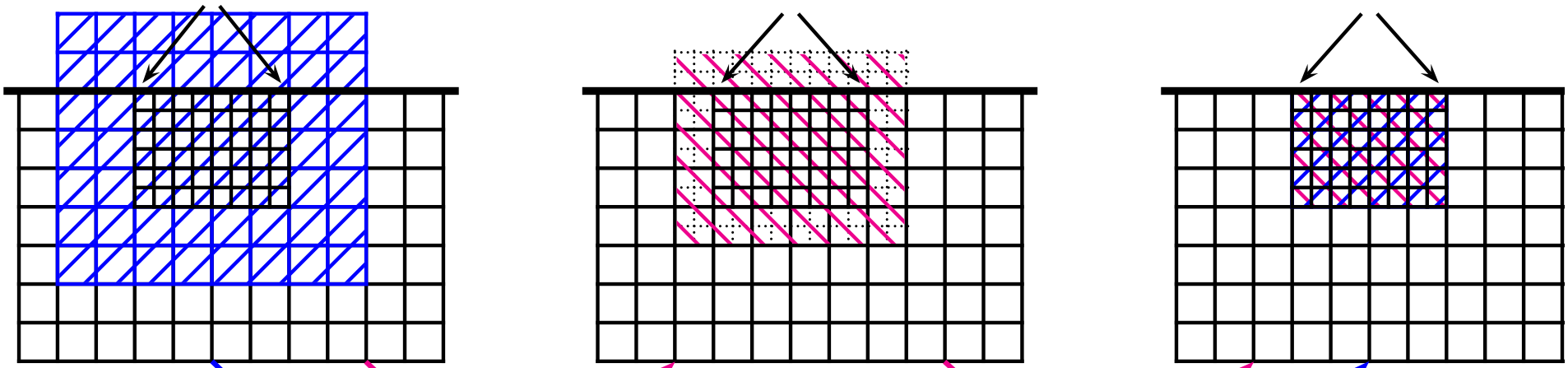
   Initialize with fine-grid-values of preceding time step

1. Error estimation on interior cells

3. Compare temporary solutions



$\mathcal{H}^{\Delta t_l}\,\mathbf{Q}^l(t_l - \Delta t_l)$

$\mathcal{H}^{\Delta t_l}(\mathcal{H}^{\Delta t_l}\,\mathbf{Q}^l(t_l - \Delta t_l))$

$= \quad \mathcal{H}_2^{\Delta t_l}\,\mathbf{Q}^l(t_l - \Delta t_l)$

$\mathcal{H}^{2\Delta t_l}\,\bar{\mathbf{Q}}^l(t_l - \Delta t_l)$

Usage of heuristic error estimation

Current solution integrated tentatively 1 step with Δt_l and coarsened

$$\bar{\mathcal{Q}}(t_l + \Delta t_l) := \text{Restrict}\left(\mathcal{H}_2^{\Delta t_l}\, \mathbf{Q}^l(t_l - \Delta t_l)\right)$$

Previous solution coarsened and integrated 1 step with $2\Delta t_l$

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In practice [Deiterding, 2003] use

$$\frac{\tau_{jk}^w}{\max(|w(\mathcal{Q}_{jk}(t + \Delta t))|, S_w)} > \eta_w^r$$

Outline

Parallelization strategies

Decomposition of the hierarchical data

- Distribution of each grid

Parallelization strategies

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- Separate distribution of each level, cf. [Rendleman et al., 2000]

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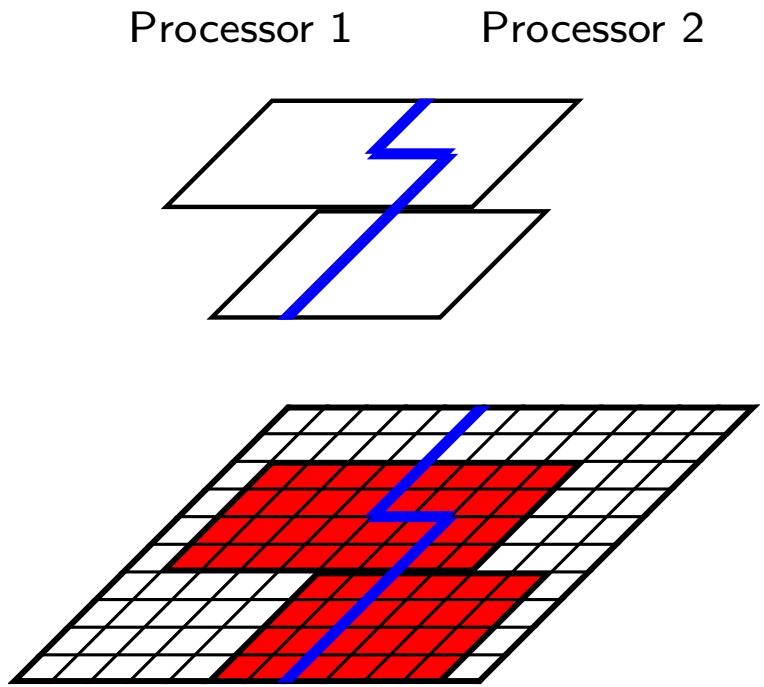
  - Data of all levels resides on same node



Parallelization strategies

Decomposition of the hierarchical data

- Distribution of each grid
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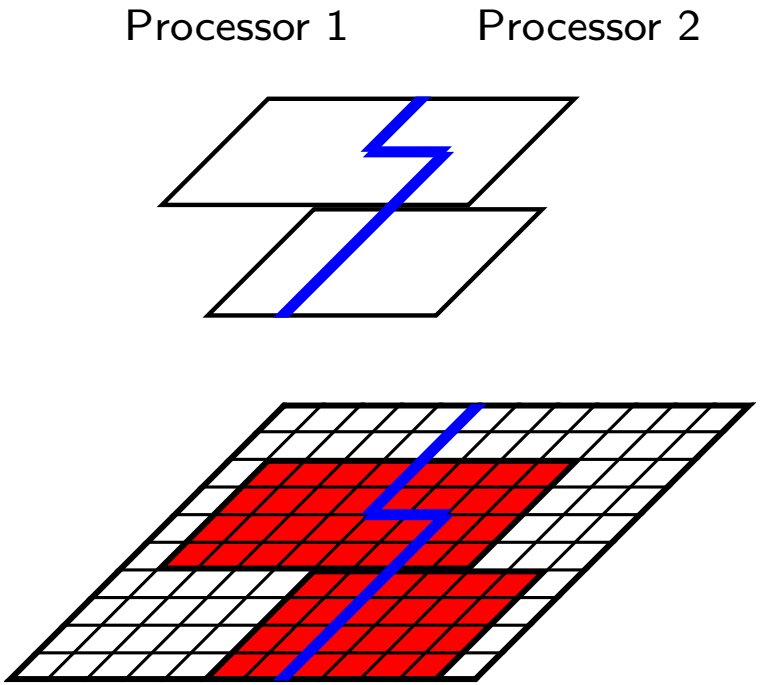

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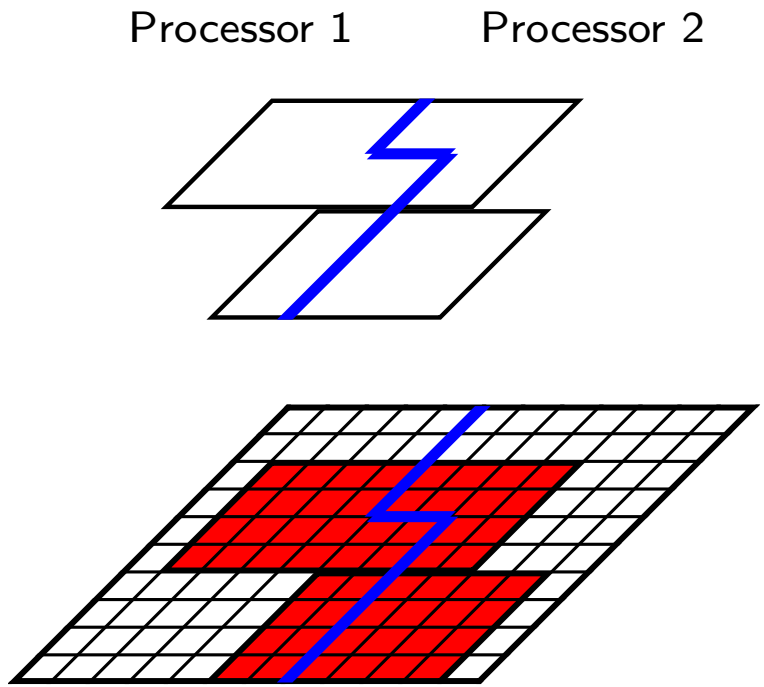
  - Grid hierarchy defines unique "floor-plan"
  - Redistribution of data blocks during reorganization of hierarchical data



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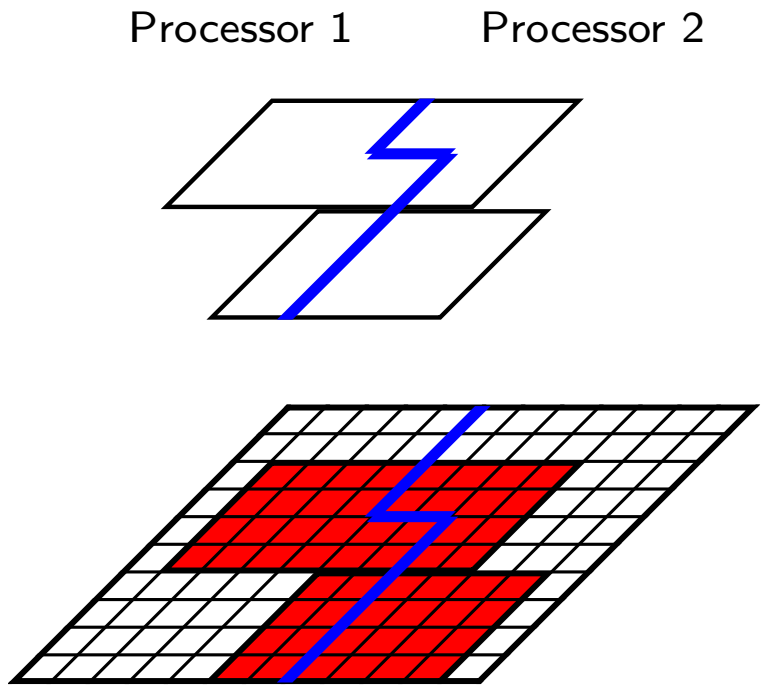
  - Redistribution of data blocks during reorganization of hierarchical data
  - Synchronization when setting ghost cells



Rigorous domain decomposition formalized

Parallel machine with P identical nodes. P non-overlapping portions G_0^p, $p = 1, \ldots, P$ as

$$G_0 = \bigcup_{p=1}^{P} G_0^p \quad \text{with} \quad G_0^p \cap G_0^q = \emptyset \ \text{ for } p \neq q$$

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Higher level domains G_l follow decomposition of root level

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With $\mathcal{N}_l(\cdot)$ denoting number of cells, we estimate the workload as

$$\mathcal{W}(\Omega) = \sum_{l=0}^{l_{\max}} \left[\mathcal{N}_l(G_l \cap \Omega) \prod_{\kappa=0}^{l} r_\kappa \right]$$

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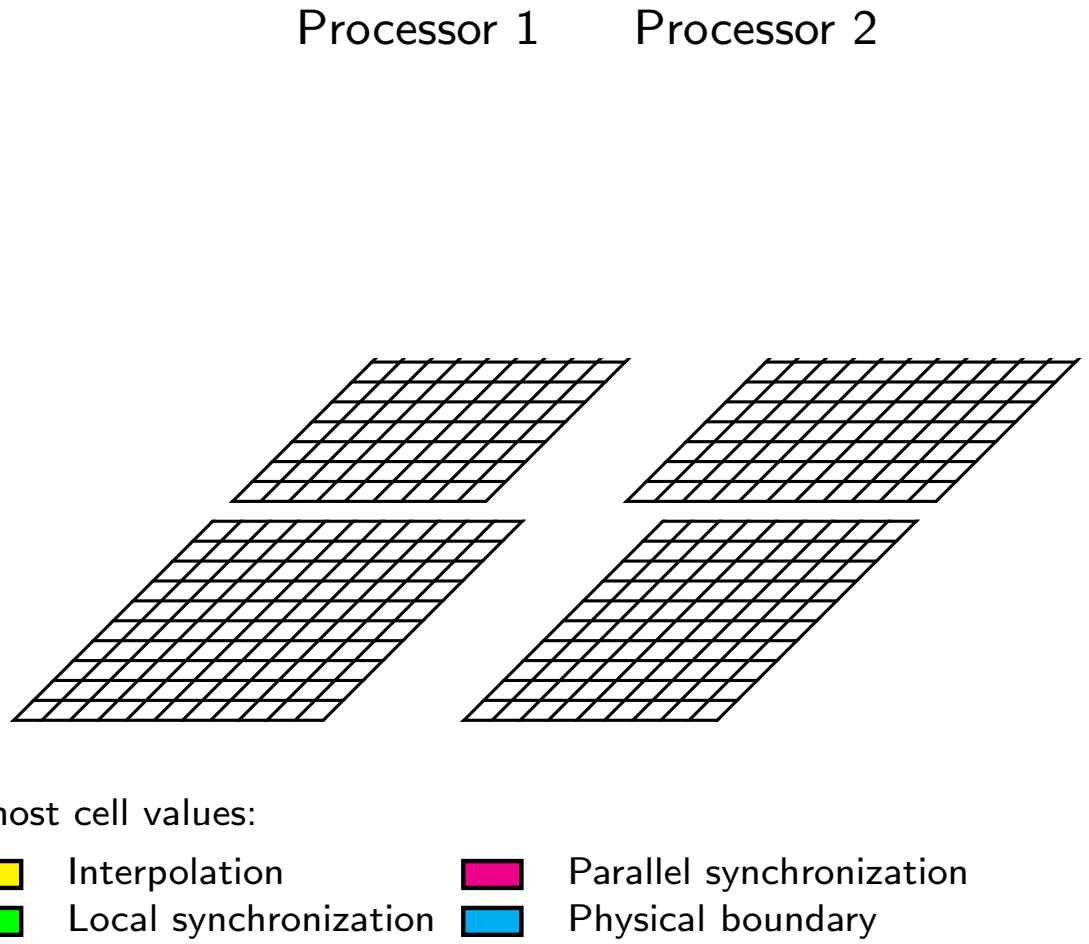
Equal work distribution necessitates

$$\mathcal{L}^p := \frac{P \cdot \mathcal{W}(G_0^p)}{\mathcal{W}(G_0)} \approx 1 \quad \text{for all } p = 1, \ldots, P$$

[Deiterding, 2005]

Ghost cell setting



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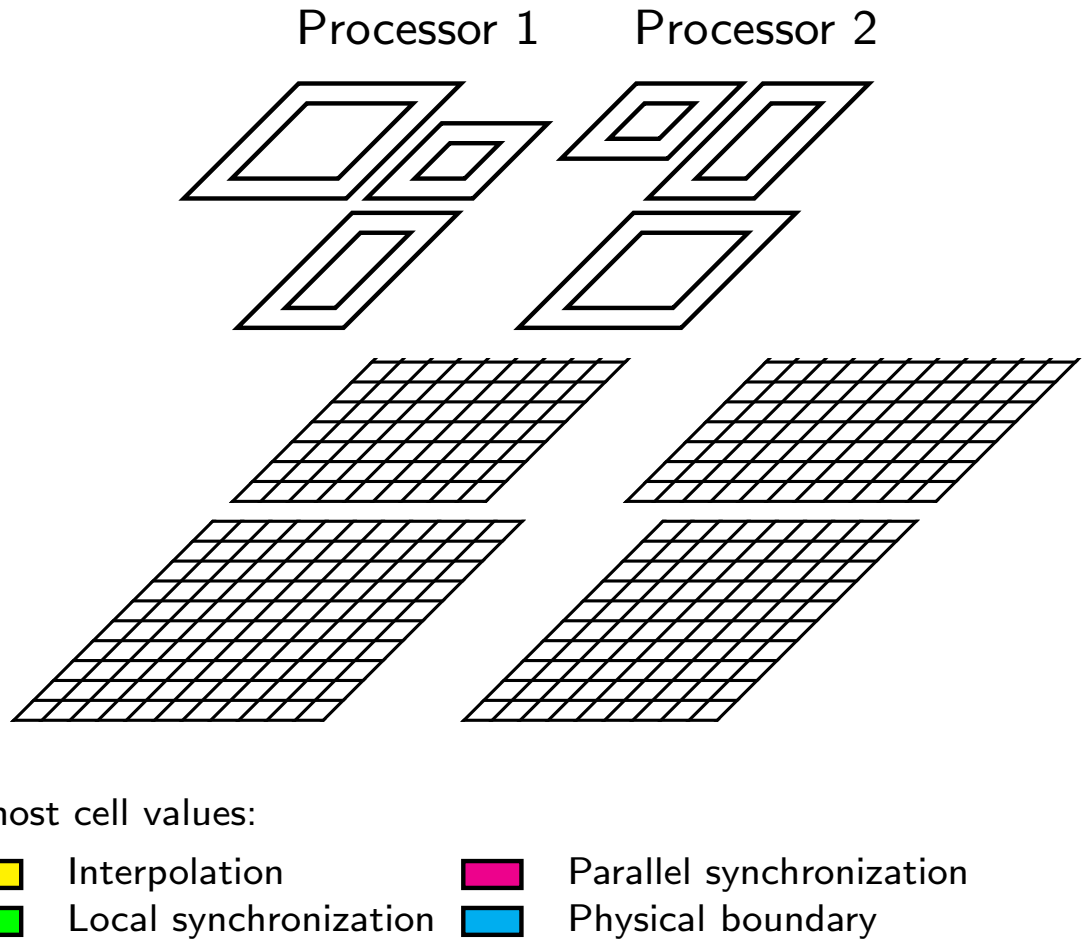
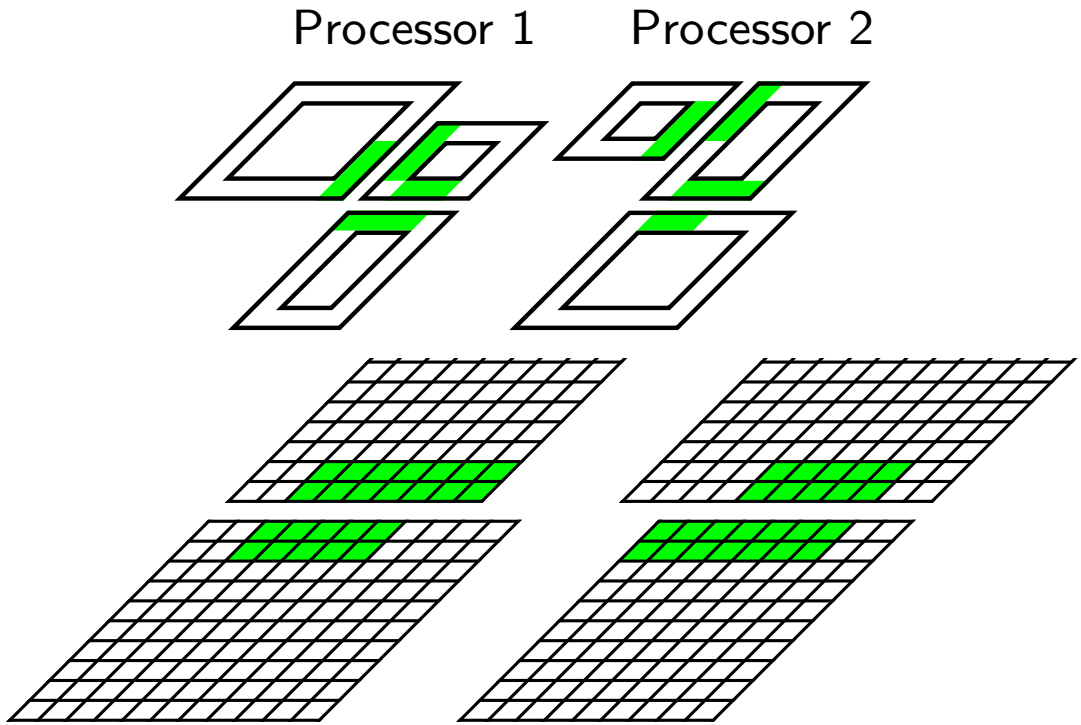


Ghost cell setting

Local synchronization

$$\tilde{S}_{l,m}^{s,p} = \tilde{G}_{l,m}^{s,p} \cap G_l^p$$



Ghost cell values:

- Interpolation
- Local synchronization
- Parallel synchronization
- Physical boundary

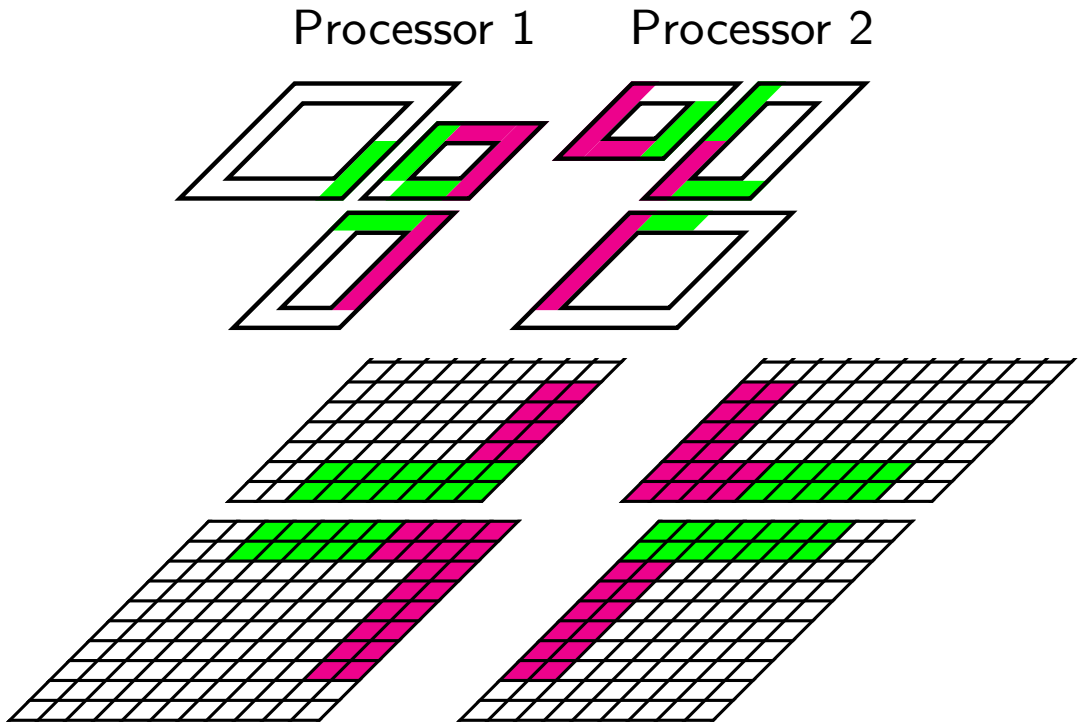
Ghost cell setting

Local synchronization

$$\tilde{S}_{l,m}^{s,p} = \tilde{G}_{l,m}^{s,p} \cap G_l^p$$

Parallel synchronization

$$\tilde{S}_{l,m}^{s,q} = \tilde{G}_{l,m}^{s,p} \cap G_l^q, q \neq p$$



Ghost cell values:

- Interpolation
- Local synchronization
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- Physical boundary

Ghost cell setting

Local synchronization

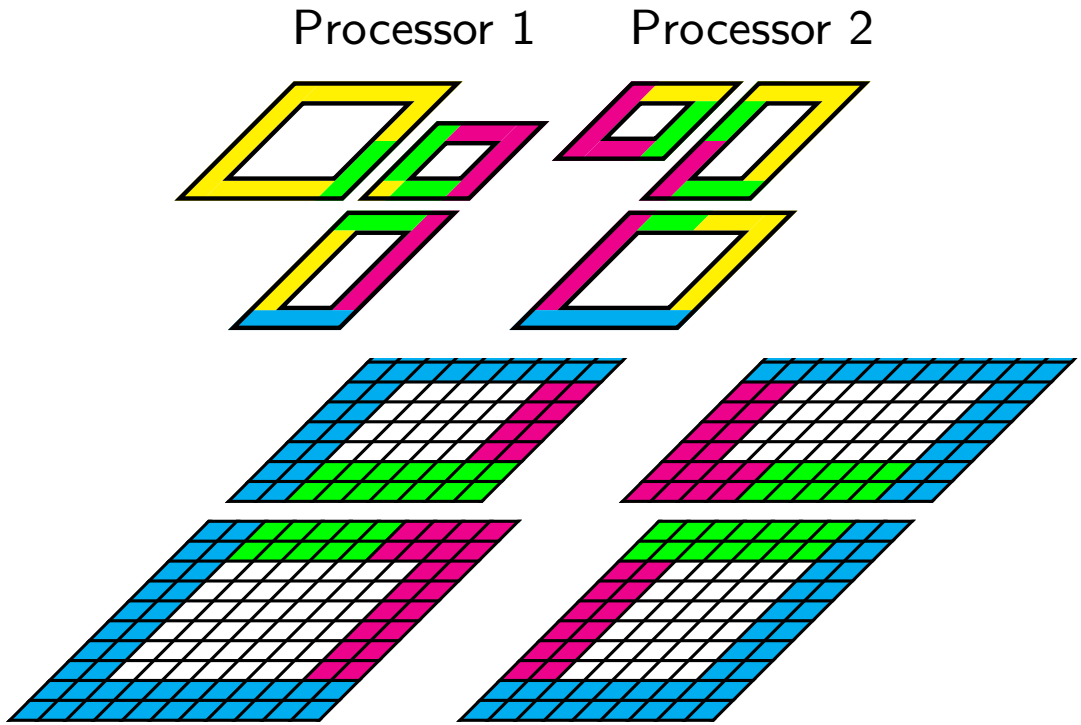
$$\tilde{S}^{s,p}_{l,m} = \tilde{G}^{s,p}_{l,m} \cap G^{p}_{l}$$

Parallel synchronization

$$\tilde{S}^{s,q}_{l,m} = \tilde{G}^{s,p}_{l,m} \cap G^{q}_{l}, q \neq p$$

Interpolation and physical boundary conditions remain strictly local

- Scheme $\mathcal{H}^{(\Delta t_l)}$ evaluated locally
- Restriction and propolongation local



Ghost cell values:

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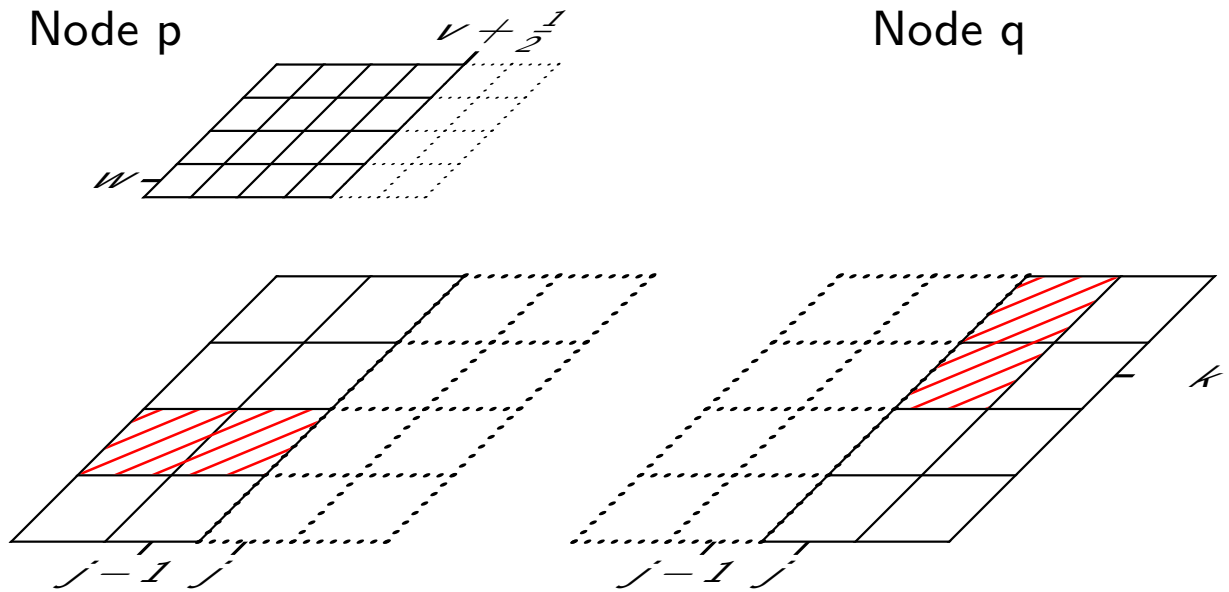
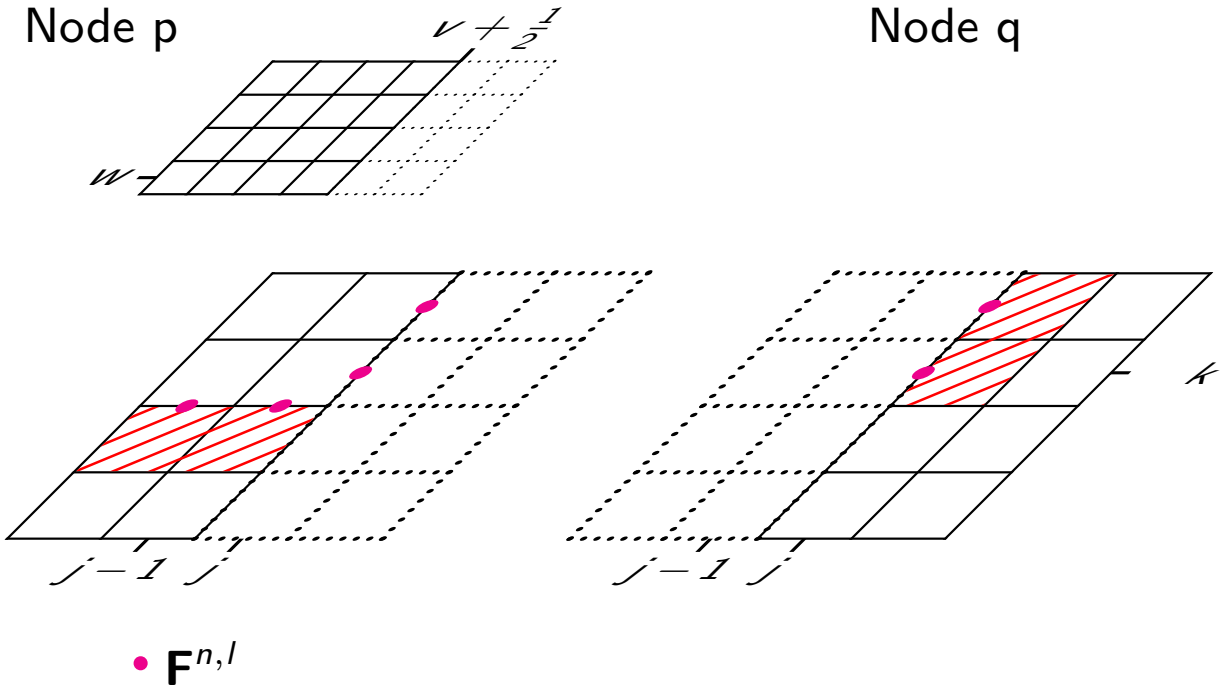
Parallel flux correction



Parallel flux correction

1. Strictly local: Init $\delta\mathbf{F}^{n,l+1}$ with $\mathbf{F}^{n}(\bar{G}_{l,m} \cap \partial G_{l+1}, t)$



- $\mathbf{F}^{n,l}$

Parallel flux correction

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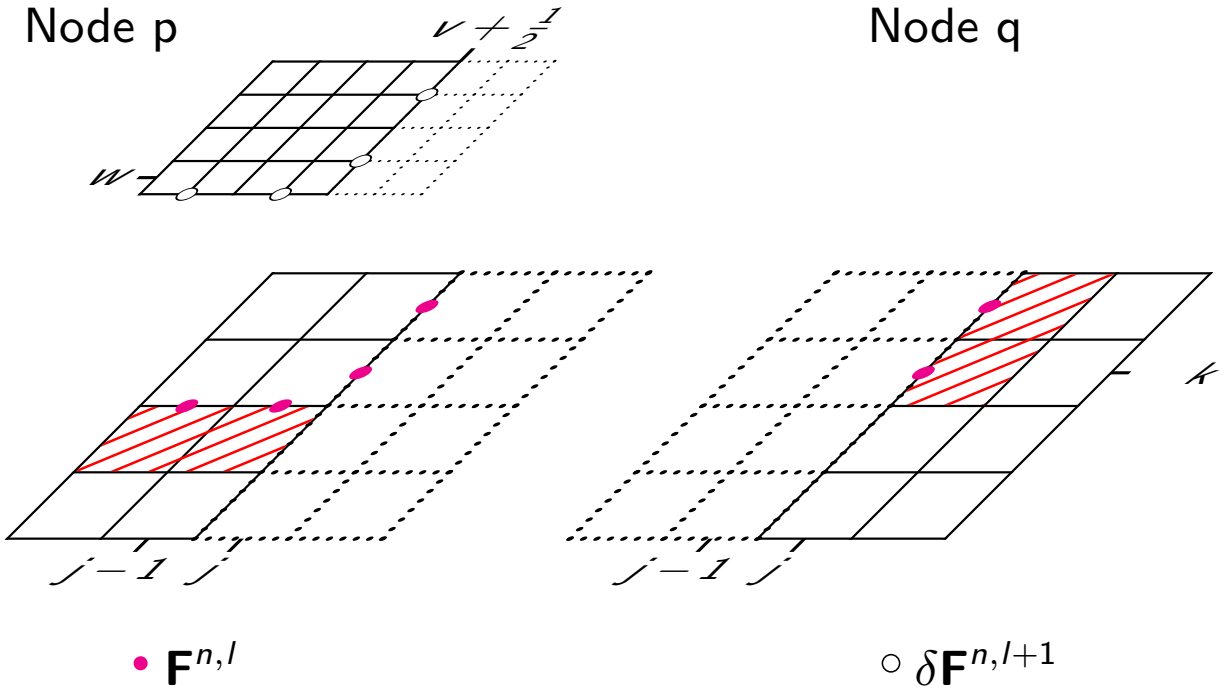
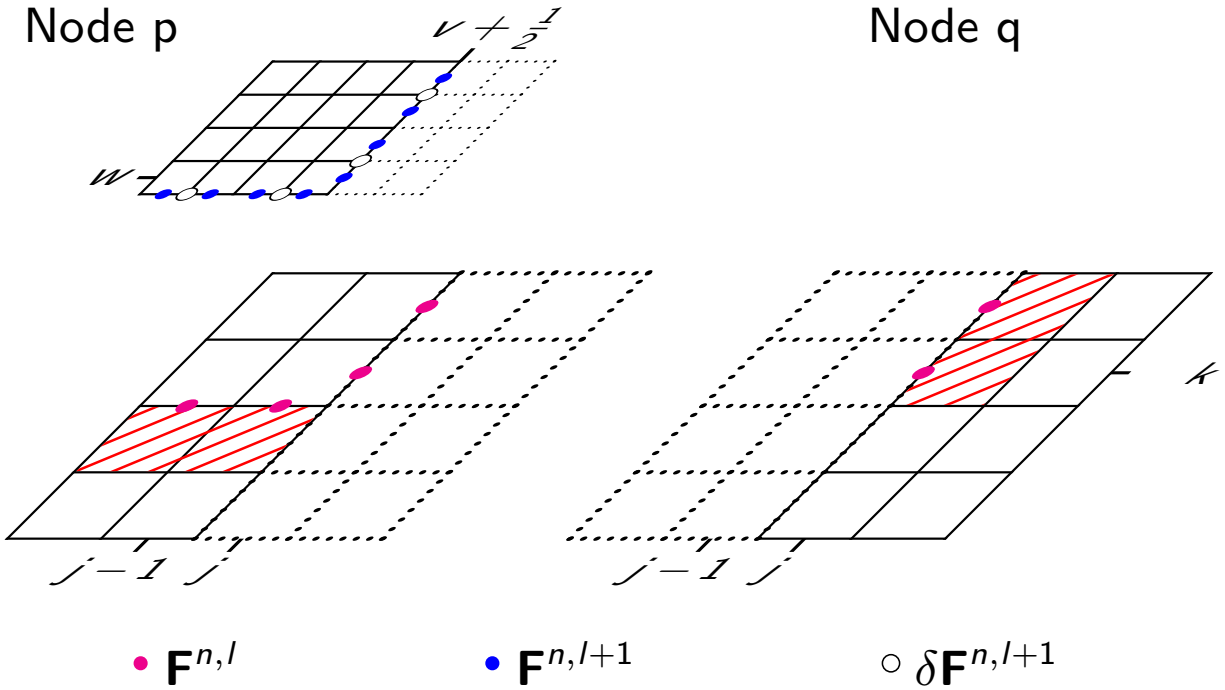


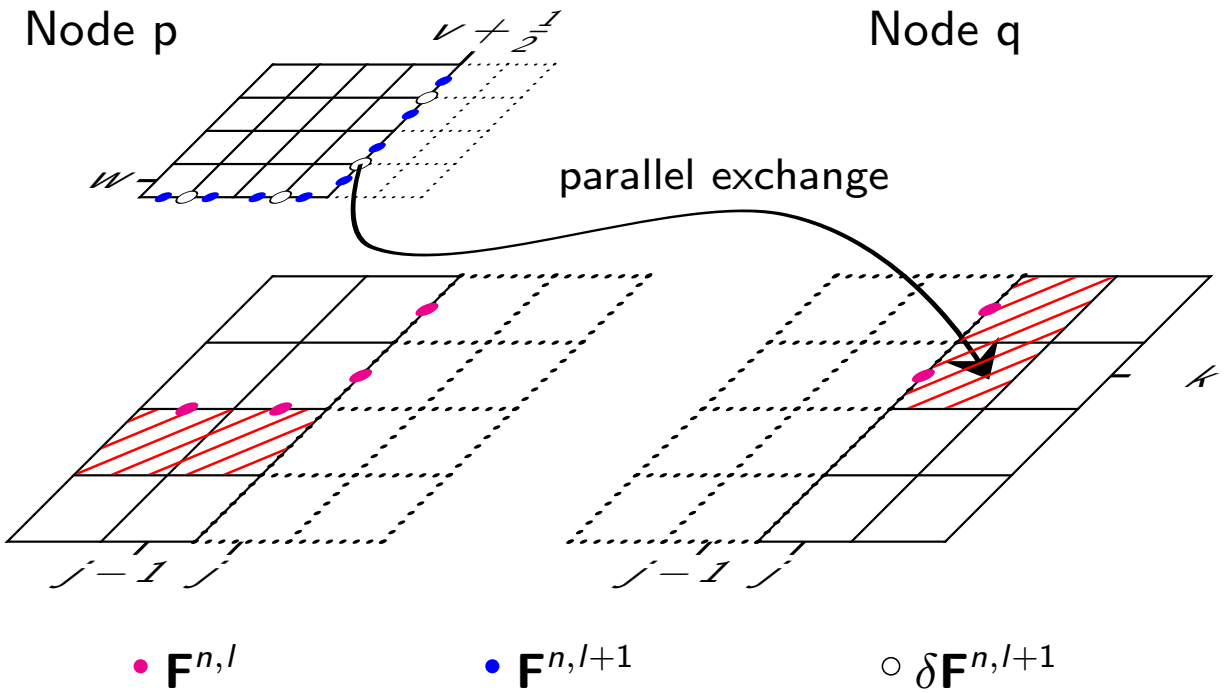
Parallel flux correction

1. Strictly local: Init $\delta\mathbf{F}^{n,l+1}$ with $\mathbf{F}^{n}(\bar{G}_{l,m} \cap \partial G_{l+1}, t)$
2. Strictly local: Add $\mathbf{F}^{n}(\partial G_{l,m}, t)$ to $\delta\mathbf{F}^{n,l}$



Parallel flux correction

1. Strictly local: Init $\delta\mathbf{F}^{n,l+1}$ with $\mathbf{F}^n(\bar{G}_{l,m} \cap \partial G_{l+1}, t)$
2. Strictly local: Add $\mathbf{F}^n(\partial G_{l,m}, t)$ to $\delta\mathbf{F}^{n,l}$
3. Parallel communication: Correct $\mathbf{Q}^l(t + \Delta t_l)$ with $\delta\mathbf{F}^{l+1}$



The recursive algorithm in parallel

```
AdvanceLevel(l)

  Repeat r_l times
      Set ghost cells of Q^l(t)
      If time to regrid?
          Regrid(l)
      UpdateLevel(l)
      If level l+1 exists?
          Set ghost cells of Q^l(t + Δt_l)
          AdvanceLevel(l+1)
          Average Q^{l+1}(t + Δt_l) onto Q^l(t + Δt_l)
          Correct Q^l(t + Δt_l) with δF^{l+1}
      t := t + Δt_l

UpdateLevel(l)

  For all m = 1 To M_l Do
      Q(G^s_{l,m}, t) --H^{(Δt_l)}--> Q(G_{l,m}, t + Δt_l) , F^n(Ḡ_{l,m}, t)
      If level l > 0
          Add F^n(∂G_{l,m}, t) to δF^{n,l}
      If level l+1 exists
          Init δF^{n,l+1} with F^n(Ḡ_{l,m} ∩ ∂G_{l+1}, t)
```

The recursive algorithm in parallel

```
AdvanceLevel(l)

  Repeat r_l times
      Set ghost cells of Q^l(t)
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          Set ghost cells of Q^l(t + Δt_l)
          AdvanceLevel(l+1)
          Average Q^{l+1}(t + Δt_l) onto Q^l(t + Δt_l)
          Correct Q^l(t + Δt_l) with δF^{l+1}
      t := t + Δt_l

UpdateLevel(l)

  For all m = 1 To M_l Do
      Q(G^s_{l,m}, t) --H^{(Δt_l)}--> Q(G_{l,m}, t + Δt_l) , F^n(Ḡ_{l,m}, t)
      If level l > 0
          Add F^n(∂G_{l,m}, t) to δF^{n,l}
      If level l+1 exists
          Init δF^{n,l+1} with F^n(Ḡ_{l,m} ∩ ∂G_{l+1}, t)
```

- Numerical update strictly local

The recursive algorithm in parallel

```
AdvanceLevel(l)

  Repeat r_l times
      Set ghost cells of Q^l(t)
      If time to regrid?
          Regrid(l)
      UpdateLevel(l)
      If level l+1 exists?
          Set ghost cells of Q^l(t + Δt_l)
          AdvanceLevel(l+1)
          Average Q^{l+1}(t + Δt_l) onto Q^l(t + Δt_l)
          Correct Q^l(t + Δt_l) with δF^{l+1}
      t := t + Δt_l

UpdateLevel(l)

  For all m = 1 To M_l Do
      Q(G^s_{l,m}, t) --H^{(Δt_l)}--> Q(G_{l,m}, t + Δt_l) , F^n(Ḡ_{l,m}, t)
      If level l > 0
          Add F^n(∂G_{l,m}, t) to δF^{n,l}
      If level l+1 exists
          Init δF^{n,l+1} with F^n(Ḡ_{l,m} ∩ ∂G_{l+1}, t)
```

- Numerical update strictly local
- Inter-level transfer local

The recursive algorithm in parallel

```
AdvanceLevel(l)

  Repeat r_l times
      Set ghost cells of Q^l(t)
      If time to regrid?
          Regrid(l)
      UpdateLevel(l)
      If level l+1 exists?
          Set ghost cells of Q^l(t + Δt_l)
          AdvanceLevel(l+1)
          Average Q^{l+1}(t + Δt_l) onto Q^l(t + Δt_l)
          Correct Q^l(t + Δt_l) with δF^{l+1}
      t := t + Δt_l

UpdateLevel(l)

  For all m = 1 To M_l Do
      Q(G^s_{l,m}, t) --H^{(Δt_l)}--> Q(G_{l,m}, t + Δt_l), F^n(Ḡ_{l,m}, t)
      If level l > 0
          Add F^n(∂G_{l,m}, t) to δF^{n,l}
      If level l+1 exists
          Init δF^{n,l+1} with F^n(Ḡ_{l,m} ∩ ∂G_{l+1}, t)
```

- Numerical update strictly local
- Inter-level transfer local
- Parallel synchronization

The recursive algorithm in parallel

```
AdvanceLevel(l)

  Repeat r_l times
      Set ghost cells of Q^l(t)
      If time to regrid?
          Regrid(l)
      UpdateLevel(l)
      If level l+1 exists?
          Set ghost cells of Q^l(t + Δt_l)
          AdvanceLevel(l+1)
          Average Q^{l+1}(t + Δt_l) onto Q^l(t + Δt_l)
          Correct Q^l(t + Δt_l) with δF^{l+1}
      t := t + Δt_l

UpdateLevel(l)

  For all m = 1 To M_l Do
      Q(G^s_{l,m}, t) --H^{(Δt_l)}--> Q(G_{l,m}, t + Δt_l) , F^n(Ḡ_{l,m}, t)
      If level l > 0
          Add F^n(∂G_{l,m}, t) to δF^{n,l}
      If level l+1 exists
          Init δF^{n,l+1} with F^n(Ḡ_{l,m} ∩ ∂G_{l+1}, t)
```

- Numerical update strictly local
- Inter-level transfer local
- Parallel synchronization
- Application of $\delta\mathbf{F}^{l+1}$ on ∂G_l^q

The recursive algorithm in parallel

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      Set ghost cells of Q^l(t)
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          Regrid(l)
      UpdateLevel(l)
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          AdvanceLevel(l+1)
          Average Q^{l+1}(t + Δt_l) onto Q^l(t + Δt_l)
          Correct Q^l(t + Δt_l) with δF^{l+1}
      t := t + Δt_l

UpdateLevel(l)

  For all m = 1 To M_l Do
      Q(G^s_{l,m}, t) --H^{(Δt_l)}--> Q(G_{l,m}, t + Δt_l), F^n(Ḡ_{l,m}, t)
      If level l > 0
          Add F^n(∂G_{l,m}, t) to δF^{n,l}
      If level l+1 exists
          Init δF^{n,l+1} with F^n(Ḡ_{l,m} ∩ ∂G_{l+1}, t)
```

- Numerical update strictly local
- Inter-level transfer local
- Parallel synchronization
- Application of $\delta\mathbf{F}^{l+1}$ on ∂G_l^q

Regridding algorithm in parallel

Regrid(l) - Regrid all levels $\iota > l$

For $\iota = l_f$ Downto l Do
  Flag N^ι according to $\mathbf{Q}^\iota(t)$
  If level $\iota + 1$ exists?
    Flag N^ι below $\breve{G}^{\iota+2}$
  Flag buffer zone on N^ι
  Generate $\breve{G}^{\iota+1}$ from N^ι
$\breve{G}_l := G_l$
For $\iota = l$ To l_f Do
  $C\breve{G}_\iota := G_0 \backslash \breve{G}_\iota$
  $\breve{G}_{\iota+1} := \breve{G}_{\iota+1} \backslash C\breve{G}^1_\iota$

Recompose(l)

Regridding algorithm in parallel

Regrid(l) - Regrid all levels $\iota > l$

For $\iota = l_f$ Downto l Do
  Flag N^ι according to $\mathbf{Q}^\iota(t)$
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  Generate $\breve{G}^{\iota+1}$ from N^ι
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  Flag buffer zone on N^ι
  Generate $\breve{G}^{\iota+1}$ from N^ι
$\breve{G}_l := G_l$
For $\iota = l$ To l_f Do
  $C\breve{G}_\iota := G_0 \backslash \breve{G}_\iota$
  $\breve{G}_{\iota+1} := \breve{G}_{\iota+1} \backslash C\breve{G}^1_\iota$

Recompose(l)

- Need a ghost cell overlap of b cells to ensure correct setting of refinement flags in parallel

Regridding algorithm in parallel

Regrid(l) - Regrid all levels $\iota > l$

For $\iota = l_f$ Downto l Do
  Flag N^ι according to $\mathbf{Q}^\iota(t)$
  If level $\iota + 1$ exists?
    Flag N^ι below $\breve{G}^{\iota+2}$
  Flag buffer zone on N^ι
  Generate $\breve{G}^{\iota+1}$ from N^ι
$\breve{G}_l := G_l$
For $\iota = l$ To l_f Do
  $C\breve{G}_\iota := G_0 \backslash \breve{G}_\iota$
  $\breve{G}_{\iota+1} := \breve{G}_{\iota+1} \backslash C\breve{G}^1_\iota$

Recompose(l)

- Need a ghost cell overlap of b cells to ensure correct setting of refinement flags in parallel
- Two options exist (we choose the latter):
  - Global clustering algorithm
  - Local clustering algorithm and concatenation of new lists $\breve{G}^{\iota+1}$

Regridding algorithm in parallel

Regrid(l) - Regrid all levels $\iota > l$

For $\iota = l_f$ Downto l Do
  Flag N^ι according to $\mathbf{Q}^\iota(t)$
  If level $\iota + 1$ exists?
    Flag N^ι below $\breve{G}^{\iota+2}$
  Flag buffer zone on N^ι
  Generate $\breve{G}^{\iota+1}$ from N^ι
$\breve{G}_l := G_l$
For $\iota = l$ To l_f Do
  $C\breve{G}_\iota := G_0 \backslash \breve{G}_\iota$
  $\breve{G}_{\iota+1} := \breve{G}_{\iota+1} \backslash C\breve{G}^1_\iota$

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Regridding algorithm in parallel

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  Flag N^ι according to $\mathbf{Q}^\iota(t)$
  If level $\iota + 1$ exists?
    Flag N^ι below $\breve{G}^{\iota+2}$
  Flag buffer zone on N^ι
  Generate $\breve{G}^{\iota+1}$ from N^ι
$\breve{G}_l := G_l$
For $\iota = l$ To l_f Do
  $C\breve{G}_\iota := G_0 \backslash \breve{G}_\iota$
  $\breve{G}_{\iota+1} := \breve{G}_{\iota+1} \backslash C\breve{G}^1_\iota$

Recompose(l)

- Need a ghost cell overlap of b cells to ensure correct setting of refinement flags in parallel
- Two options exist (we choose the latter):
  - Global clustering algorithm
  - Local clustering algorithm and concatenation of new lists $\breve{G}^{\iota+1}$

Recomposition algorithm in parallel

Recompose(l) - Reorganize all levels

For $\iota = l + 1$ To $l_f + 1$ Do

Interpolate $\mathbf{Q}^{\iota-1}(t)$ onto $\breve{\mathbf{Q}}^{\iota}(t)$

Copy $\mathbf{Q}^{\iota}(t)$ onto $\breve{\mathbf{Q}}^{\iota}(t)$
Set ghost cells of $\breve{\mathbf{Q}}^{\iota}(t)$
$\mathbf{Q}^{\iota}(t) := \breve{\mathbf{Q}}^{\iota}(t)$
$G_{\iota} := \breve{G}_{\iota}$

Recomposition algorithm in parallel

`Recompose(`l`) - Reorganize all levels`

`Generate` G_0^p `from` $\{G_0, ..., G_l, \breve{G}_{l+1}, ..., \breve{G}_{l_f+1}\}$
`For` $\iota = 0$ `To` $l_f + 1$ `Do`

`Interpolate` $\mathbf{Q}^{\iota-1}(t)$ `onto` $\breve{\mathbf{Q}}^{\iota}(t)$

`Copy` $\mathbf{Q}^{\iota}(t)$ `onto` $\breve{\mathbf{Q}}^{\iota}(t)$
`Set ghost cells of` $\breve{\mathbf{Q}}^{\iota}(t)$
$\mathbf{Q}^{\iota}(t) := \breve{\mathbf{Q}}^{\iota}(t)$
$G_\iota^p := \breve{G}_\iota^p$, $G_\iota := \bigcup_p G_\iota^p$

- Global redistribution can also be required when regridding higher levels and $G_0, ..., G_l$ do not change (drawback of domain decomposition)

Recomposition algorithm in parallel

`Recompose(`l`) - Reorganize all levels`

`Generate` G_0^p `from` $\{G_0, ..., G_l, \breve{G}_{l+1}, ..., \breve{G}_{l_f+1}\}$
`For` $\iota = 0$ `To` $l_f + 1$ `Do`
`If` $\iota > l$
$\breve{G}_\iota^p := \breve{G}_\iota \cap G_0^p$
`Interpolate` $\mathbf{Q}^{\iota-1}(t)$ `onto` $\breve{\mathbf{Q}}^\iota(t)$

`Copy` $\mathbf{Q}^\iota(t)$ `onto` $\breve{\mathbf{Q}}^\iota(t)$
`Set ghost cells of` $\breve{\mathbf{Q}}^\iota(t)$
$\mathbf{Q}^\iota(t) := \breve{\mathbf{Q}}^\iota(t)$
$G_\iota^p := \breve{G}_\iota^p$, $G_\iota := \bigcup_p G_\iota^p$

- Global redistribution can also be required when regridding higher levels and $G_0, ..., G_l$ do not change (drawback of domain decomposition)
- When $\iota > l$ do nothing special
- For $\iota \leq l$, redistribute additionally

Recomposition algorithm in parallel

Recompose(l) - Reorganize all levels

Generate G_0^p from $\{G_0, ..., G_l, \breve{G}_{l+1}, ..., \breve{G}_{l_f+1}\}$
For $\iota = 0$ To $l_f + 1$ Do
  If $\iota > l$
    $\breve{G}_\iota^p := \breve{G}_\iota \cap G_0^p$
    Interpolate $\mathbf{Q}^{\iota-1}(t)$ onto $\breve{\mathbf{Q}}^\iota(t)$
  else
    $\breve{G}_\iota^p := G_\iota \cap G_0^p$
    If $\iota > 0$
      Copy $\delta\mathbf{F}^{n,\iota}$ onto $\delta\breve{\mathbf{F}}^{n,\iota}$
      $\delta\mathbf{F}^{n,\iota} := \delta\breve{\mathbf{F}}^{n,\iota}$

    Copy $\mathbf{Q}^\iota(t)$ onto $\breve{\mathbf{Q}}^\iota(t)$
    Set ghost cells of $\breve{\mathbf{Q}}^\iota(t)$
    $\mathbf{Q}^\iota(t) := \breve{\mathbf{Q}}^\iota(t)$
  $G_\iota^p := \breve{G}_\iota^p$, $G_\iota := \bigcup_p G_\iota^p$

- Global redistribution can also be required when regridding higher levels and $G_0, ..., G_l$ do not change (drawback of domain decomposition)
- When $\iota > l$ do nothing special
- For $\iota \leq l$, redistribute additionally
  - Flux corrections $\delta\mathbf{F}^{n,\iota}$

Recomposition algorithm in parallel

```
Recompose(l) - Reorganize all levels

  Generate G_0^p from {G_0, ..., G_l, Ğ_{l+1}, ..., Ğ_{l_f+1}}
  For ι = 0 To l_f + 1 Do
      If ι > l
          Ğ_ι^p := Ğ_ι ∩ G_0^p
          Interpolate Q^{ι-1}(t) onto Q̆^ι(t)
      else
          Ğ_ι^p := G_ι ∩ G_0^p
          If ι > 0
              Copy δF^{n,ι} onto δF̆^{n,ι}
              δF^{n,ι} := δF̆^{n,ι}
      If ι ≥ l then κ_ι = 0 else κ_ι = 1
      For κ = 0 To κ_ι Do
          Copy Q^ι(t + κΔt_ι) onto Q̆^ι(t + κΔt_ι)
          Set ghost cells of Q̆^ι(t + κΔt_ι)
          Q^ι(t + κΔt_ι) := Q̆^ι(t + κΔt_ι)
      G_ι^p := Ğ_ι^p ,  G_ι := ⋃_p G_ι^p
```

- Global redistribution can also be required when regridding higher levels and $G_0, \ldots, G_l$ do not change (drawback of domain decomposition)
- When $\iota > l$ do nothing special
- For $\iota \leq l$, redistribute additionally
  - Flux corrections $\delta\mathbf{F}^{n,\iota}$
  - Already updated time level $\mathbf{Q}^{\iota}(t + \kappa\Delta t_\iota)$

Recomposition algorithm in parallel

Recompose(l) - Reorganize all levels

Generate G_0^p from $\{G_0, ..., G_l, \breve{G}_{l+1}, ..., \breve{G}_{l_f+1}\}$
For $\iota = 0$ To $l_f + 1$ Do
  If $\iota > l$
    $\breve{G}_\iota^p := \breve{G}_\iota \cap G_0^p$
    Interpolate $\mathbf{Q}^{\iota-1}(t)$ onto $\breve{\mathbf{Q}}^\iota(t)$
  else
    $\breve{G}_\iota^p := G_\iota \cap G_0^p$
    If $\iota > 0$
      Copy $\delta\mathbf{F}^{n,\iota}$ onto $\delta\breve{\mathbf{F}}^{n,\iota}$
      $\delta\mathbf{F}^{n,\iota} := \delta\breve{\mathbf{F}}^{n,\iota}$
  If $\iota \geq l$ then $\kappa_\iota = 0$ else $\kappa_\iota = 1$
  For $\kappa = 0$ To κ_ι Do
    Copy $\mathbf{Q}^\iota(t + \kappa\Delta t_\iota)$ onto $\breve{\mathbf{Q}}^\iota(t + \kappa\Delta t_\iota)$
    Set ghost cells of $\breve{\mathbf{Q}}^\iota(t + \kappa\Delta t_\iota)$
    $\mathbf{Q}^\iota(t + \kappa\Delta t_\iota) := \breve{\mathbf{Q}}^\iota(t + \kappa\Delta t_\iota)$
  $G_\iota^p := \breve{G}_\iota^p$, $G_\iota := \bigcup_p G_\iota^p$

- Global redistribution can also be required when regridding higher levels and $G_0, ..., G_l$ do not change (drawback of domain decomposition)
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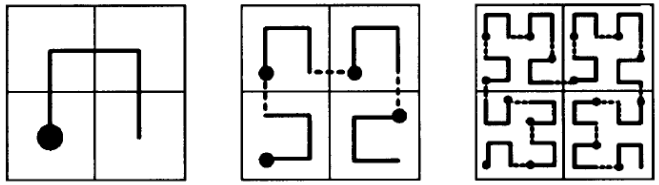
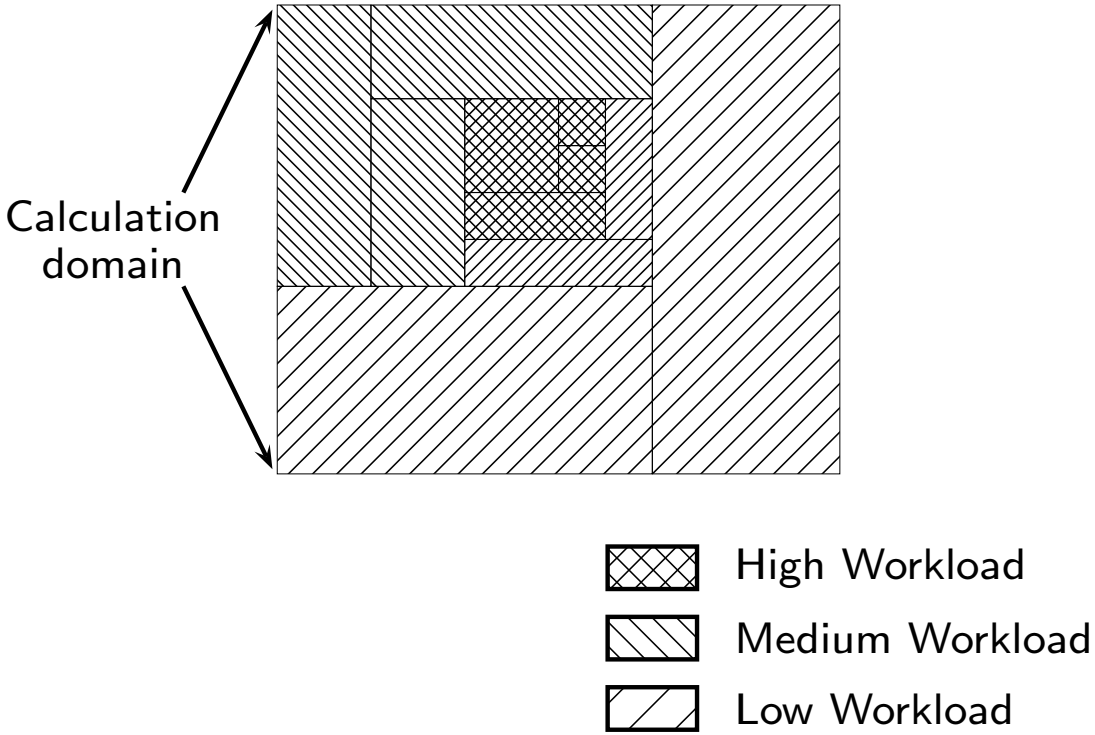
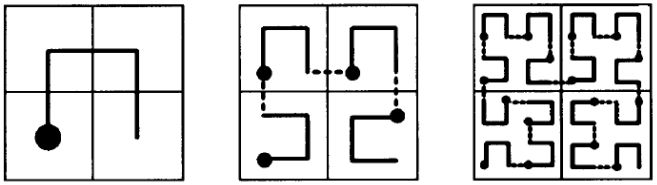
  - Already updated time level $\mathbf{Q}^\iota(t + \kappa\Delta t_\iota)$

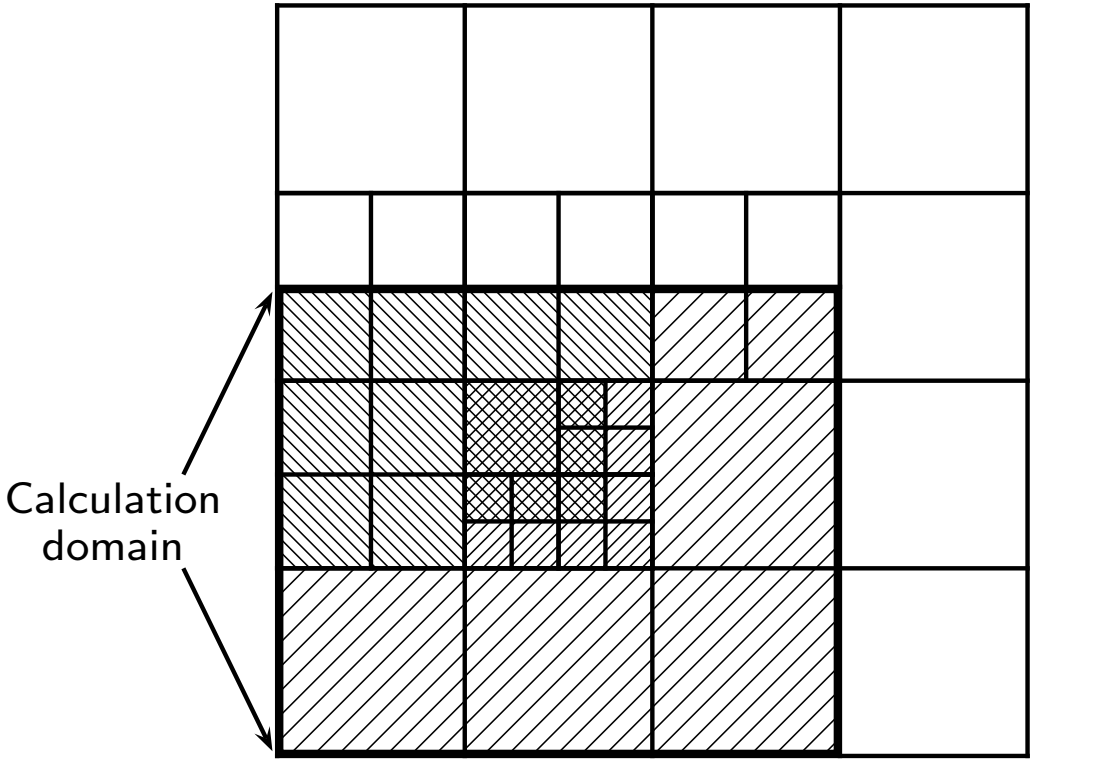
Space-filling curve algorithm

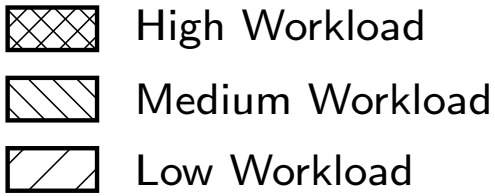




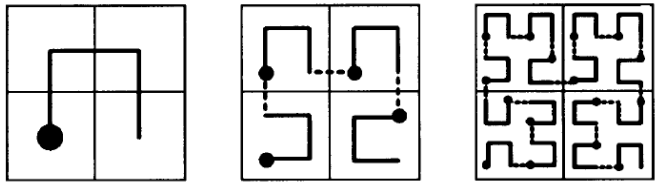
Space-filling curve algorithm

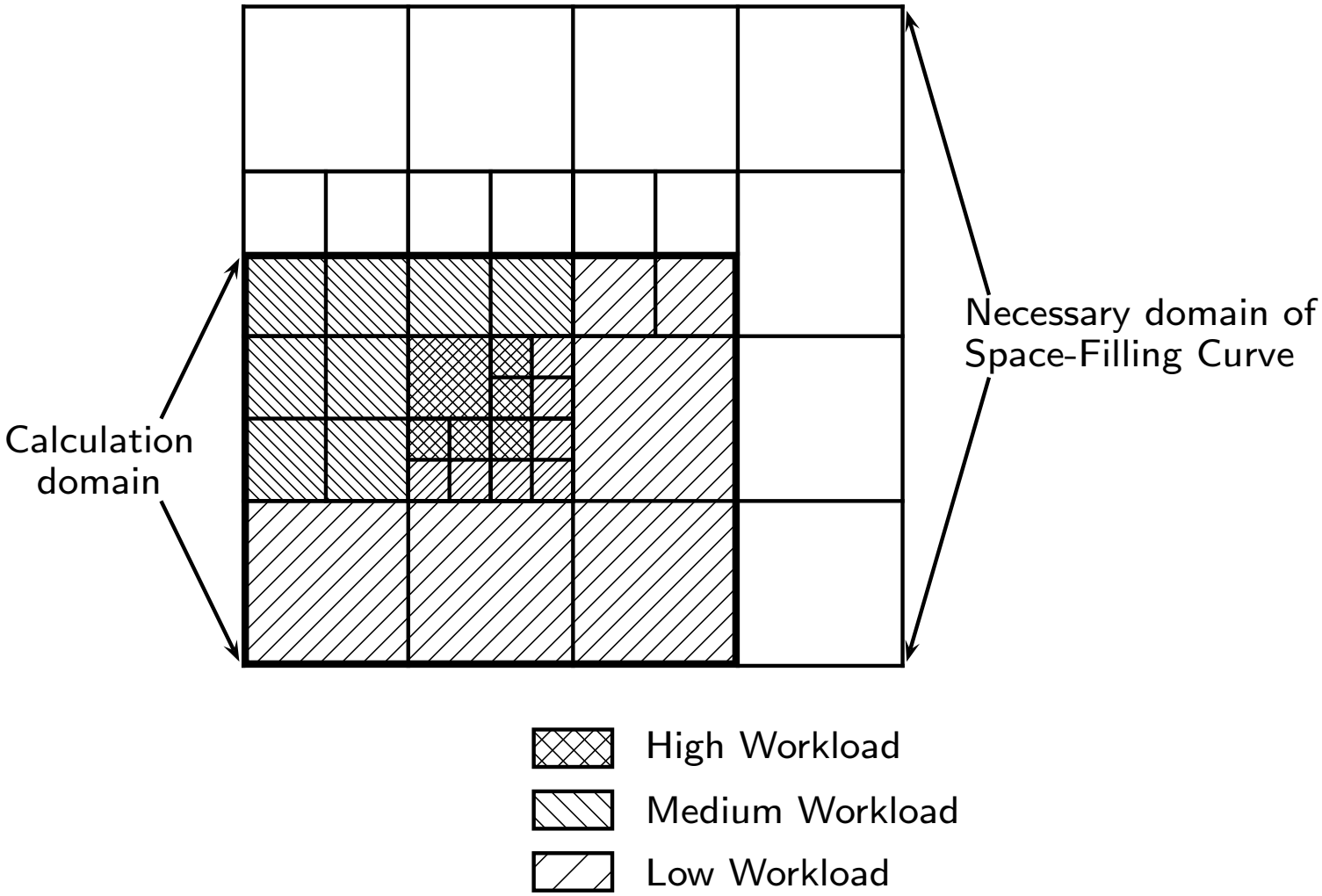




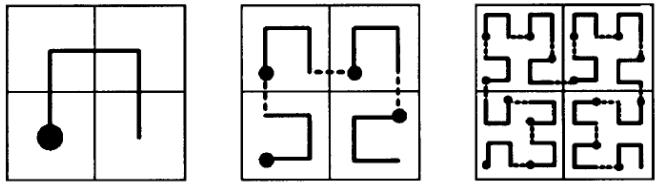


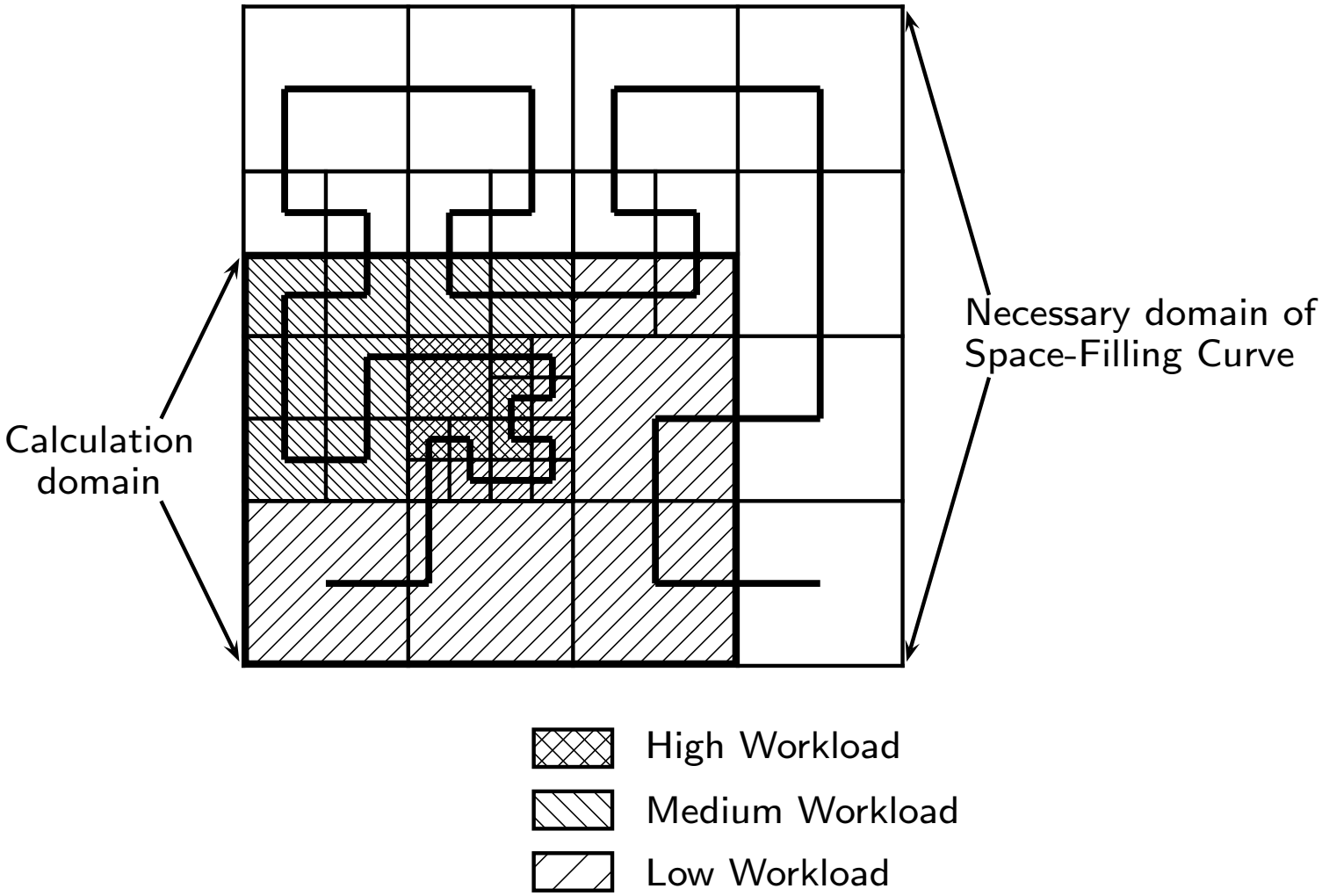
Space-filling curve algorithm



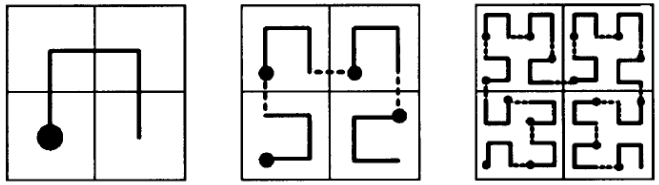


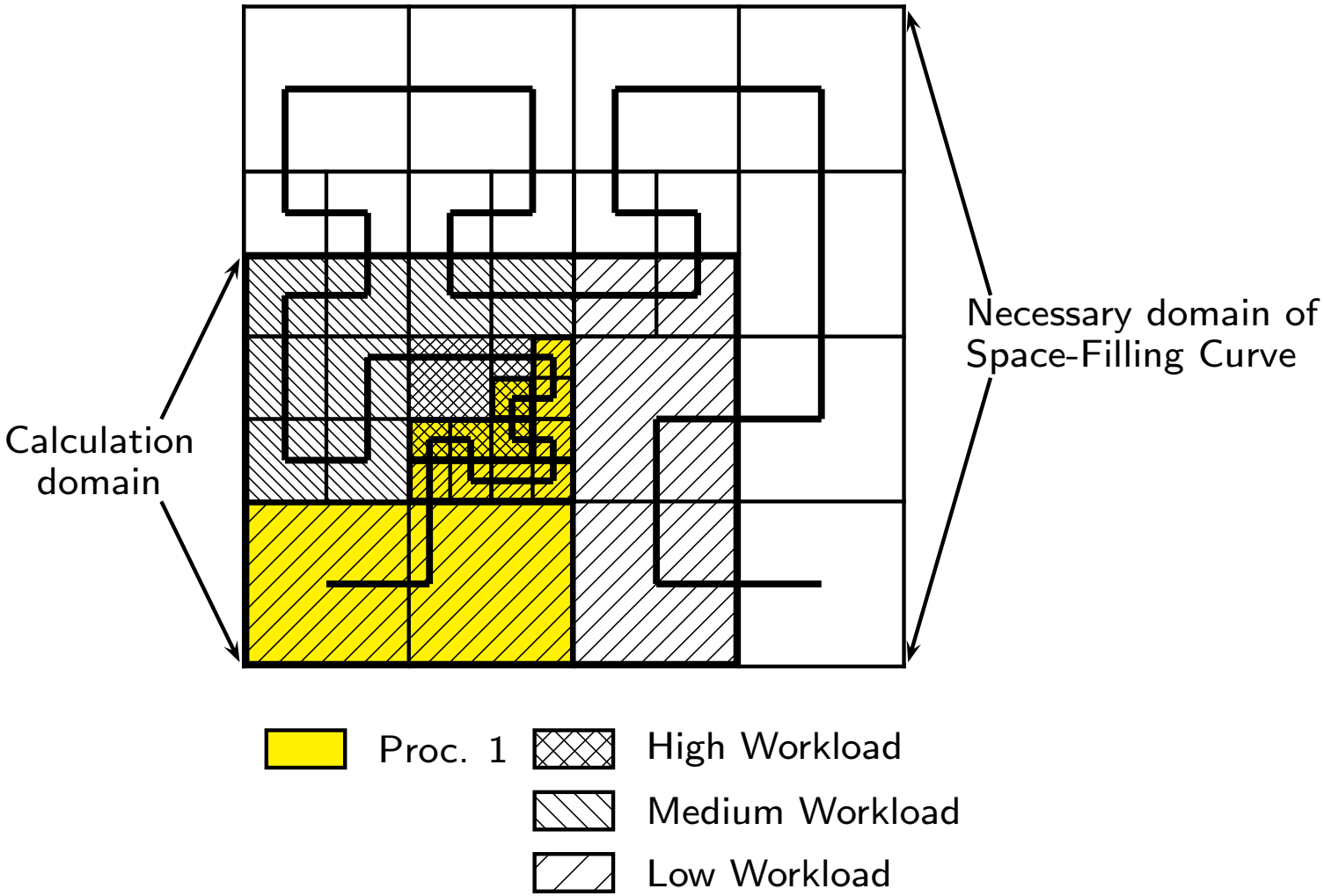
Space-filling curve algorithm



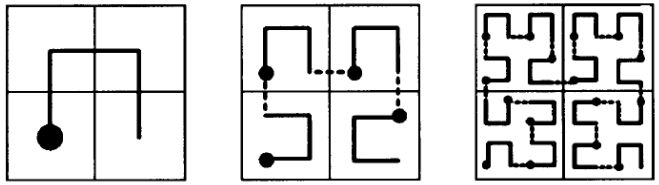


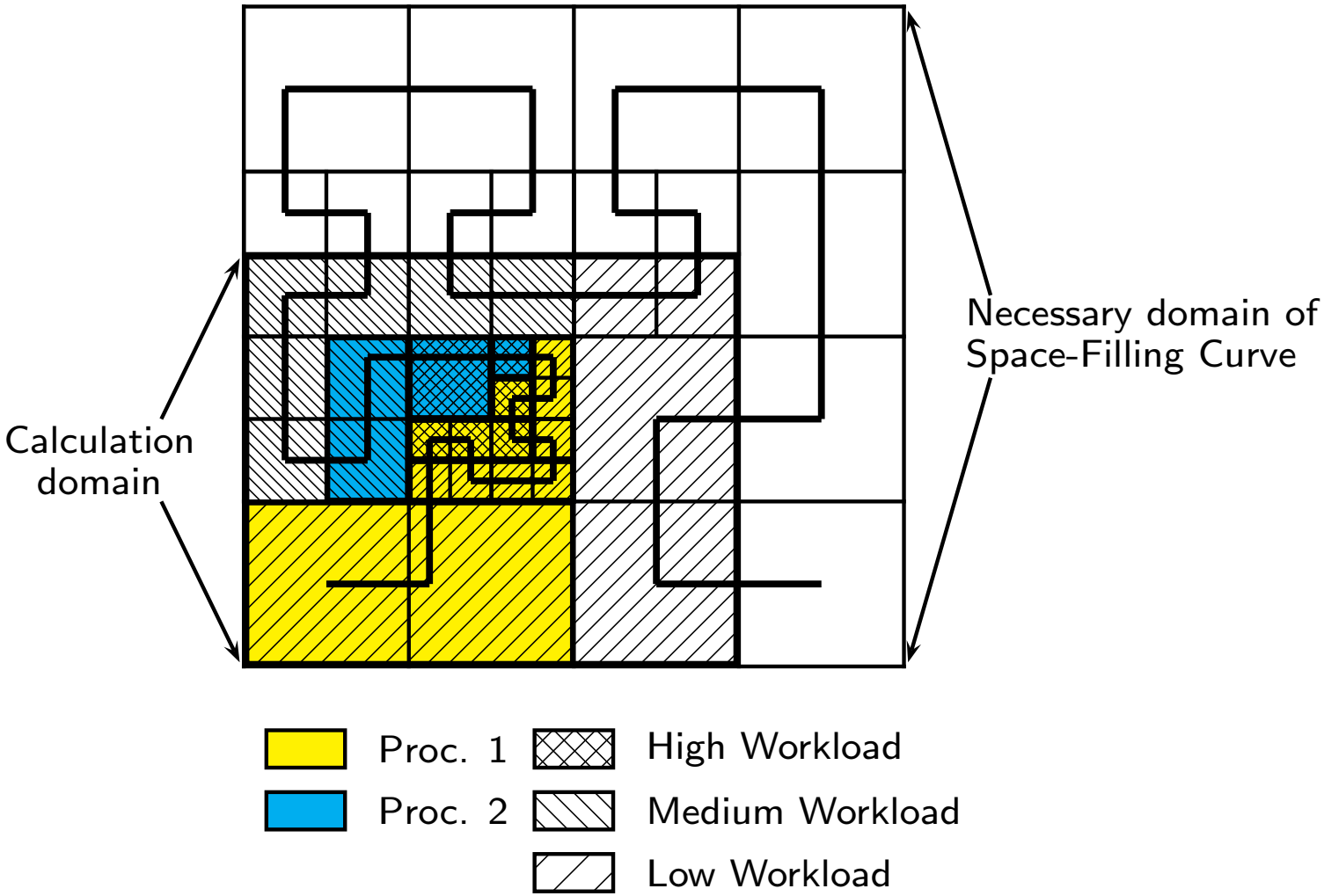
Space-filling curve algorithm





Space-filling curve algorithm





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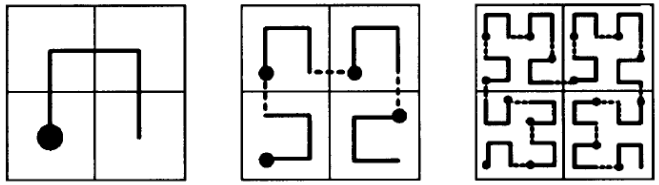
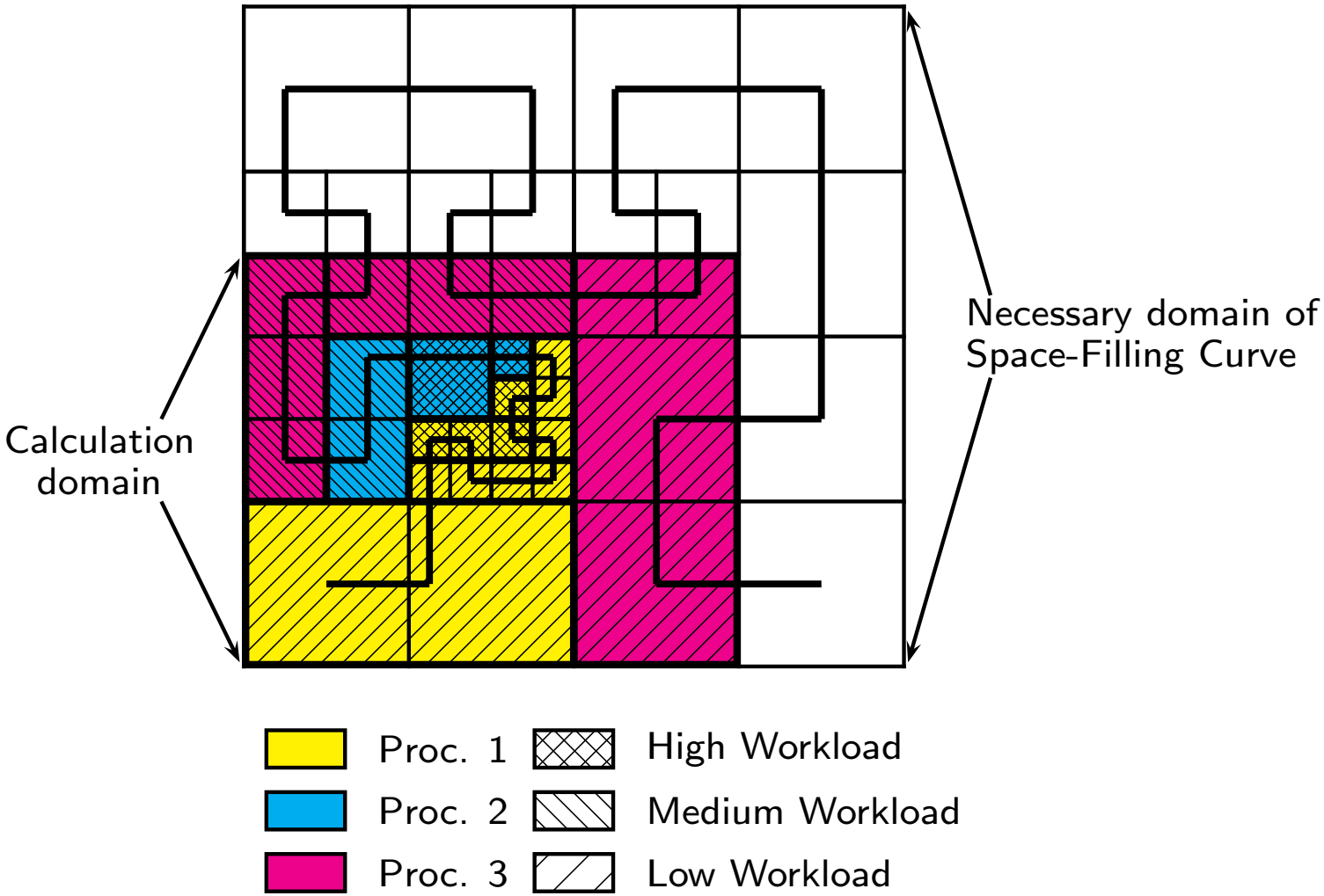


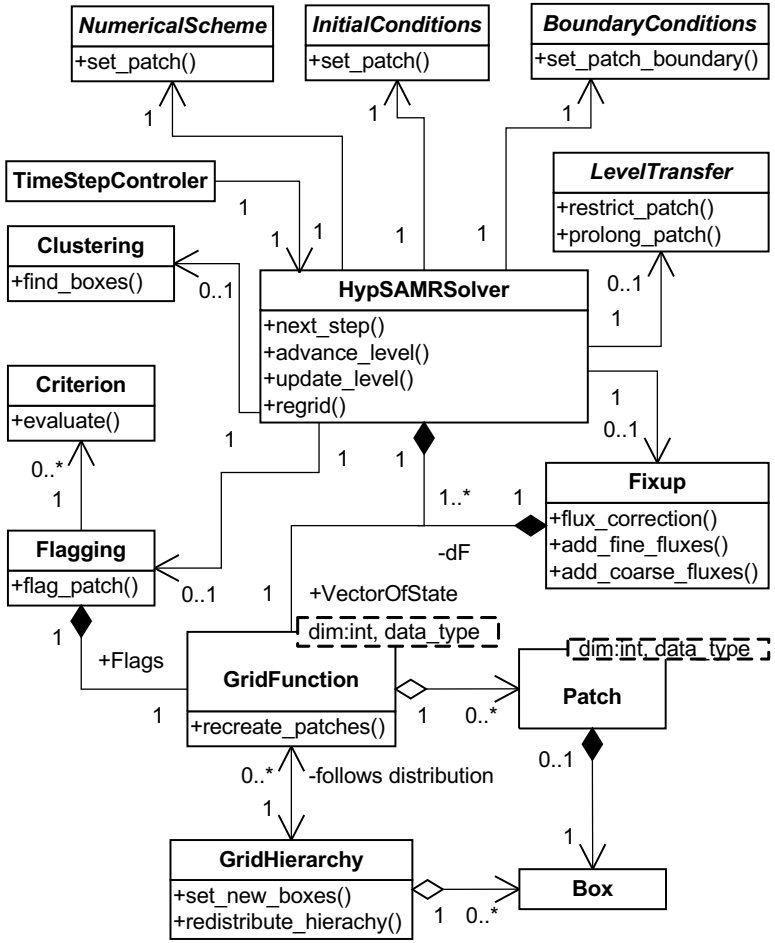


Overview

- "Adaptive Mesh Refinement in Object-oriented C++"
- $\sim 46,000$ LOC for C++ SAMR kernel, $\sim 140,000$ total C++, C, Fortran-77
- uses parallel hierarchical data structures that have evolved from DAGH
- Implements explicit SAMR with different finite volume solvers
- Embedded boundary method, FSI coupling
- The Virtual Test Facility: AMROC V2.0 plus solid mechanics solvers
- $\sim 430,000$ lines of code total in C++, C, Fortran-77, Fortran-90
- autoconf / automake environment with support for typical parallel high-performance system
- http://www.vtf.website [Deiterding et al., 2006][Deiterding et al., 2007]

UML design of AMROC

- Classical framework approach with generic main program in C++



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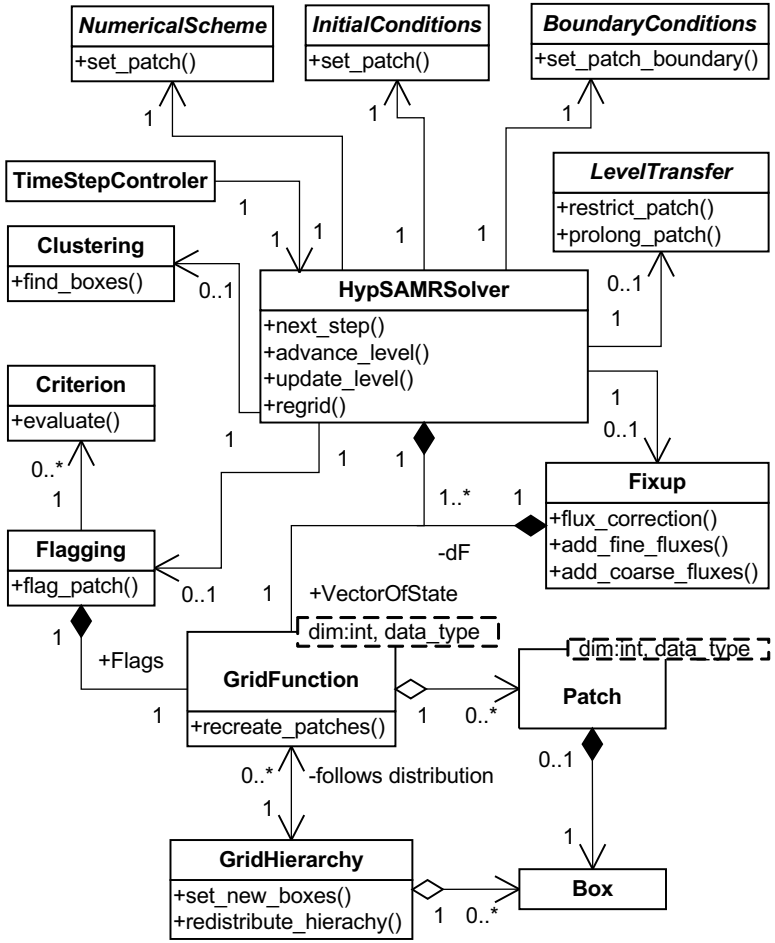

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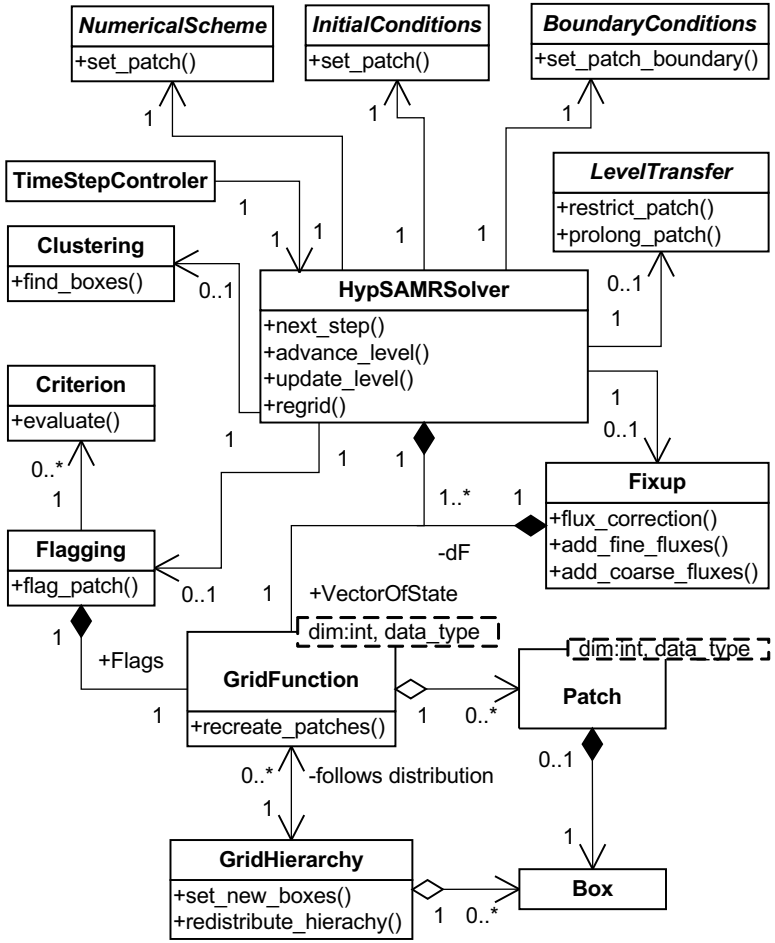

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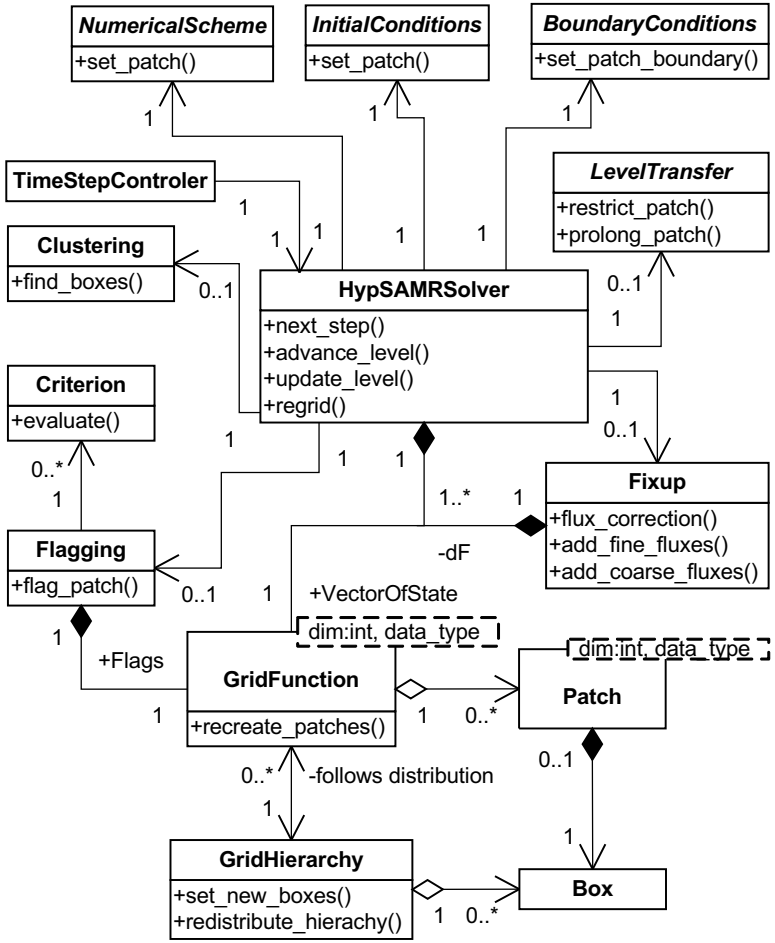

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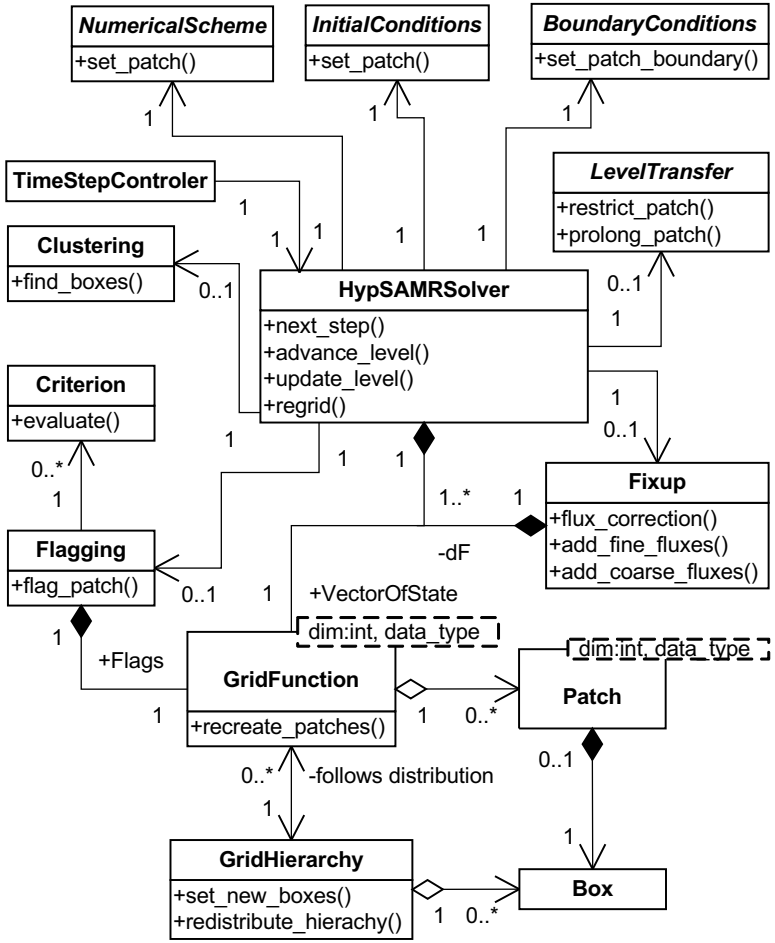
- Expert usage (algorithm modification, advanced output, etc.) in C++



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- Hierarchical parallel data structures are typically C++, routines on patches often Fortran

Hierarchical data structures

Directory `amroc/hds`. Key classes:

- **Coords**: Point in index coordinator system

  `code/amroc/doc/html/hds/classCoords.html`

- **BBox**: Rectangular region

  `code/amroc/doc/html/hds/classBBox.html`

- **BBoxList**: Set of BBox elements

  `code/amroc/doc/html/hds/classBBoxList.html`

- **GridBox**: Has a BBox member, but adds level and partitioning information

  `code/amroc/doc/html/hds/classGridBox.html`

- **GridBoxList**: Set of GridBox elements

  `code/amroc/doc/html/hds/classBBoxList.html`

- **GridData<Type, dim>**: Creates array data of Type of same dimension as BBox, has extensive math operators

  `code/amroc/doc/html/hds/classGridData_3_01Type_00_012_01_4.html`

- **Vector<Scalar, length>**: Vector of state is usually Vector<double, N>

  `code/amroc/doc/html/hds/classVector.html`

Hierarchical data structures - II

- **GridDataBlock<Type, dim>**: The Patch-class. Has a GridData<Type, dim>member, knows about relations of current patch within AMR hierarchy

  `code/amroc/doc/html/hds/classGridDataBlock.html`

- **GridFunction<Type, dim>**: Uses GridDataBlock<Type, dim>objects to organize hierarchical data of Type after receiving GridBoxLists. Has extensive math operators for whole levels. Recreates GridDataBlock<Type, dim>lists automatically when GridBoxList changes. Calls interlevel operations are automatically when required.

  `code/amroc/doc/html/hds/classGridFunction.html`

- **GridHierarchy<Type, dim>**: Uses sets of GridBoxList to organize topology of the hierarchy. All GridFunction<Type, dim>are members and receive updated GridBoxList after regridding and repartitioning. Calls DAGHDistribution of partitioning. Implements parallel Recompose().

  `code/amroc/doc/html/hds/classGridHierarchy.html`

AMR level

Directory `amroc/amr`. Central class is **AMRSolver<VectorType, FixupType, FlagType, dim>**:

`code/amroc/doc/html/amr/classAMRSolver.html`

- Uses **Integrator<VectorType, dim>** to interface and call the patch-wise numerical update

  `code/amroc/doc/html/amr/classIntegrator.html`

- Uses **InitialCondition<VectorType, dim >** to call initial conditions patch-wise

  `code/amroc/doc/html/amr/classInitialCondition.html`

- Uses **BoundaryConditions<VectorType, dim >** to call boundary conditions per side and patch

  `code/amroc/doc/html/amr/classBoundaryConditions.html`

- Fortran interfaces to above classes are in amroc/amr/F77Interfaces, convenient C++ interfaces in amroc/amr/Interfaces.
- Implements parallel AdvanceLevel(), RegridLevel().

AMR level - II

- **AMRFixup**<**VectorType, FixupType, dim**> implements the conservative flux correction, holds lower dimensional GridFunctions for correction terms

  `code/amroc/doc/html/amr/classAMRFixup.html`

- **AMRFlagging**<**VectorType, FixupType, FlagType, dim**> calls a list of refinement criteria and stores results in scalar GridFunction for flags. All criteria are in amroc/amr/Criteria

  `code/amroc/doc/html/amr/classAMRFlagging.html`

- **LevelTransfer**<**VectorType, dim**> provides patch-wise interpolation and restriction routines that are passed as parameters to GridFunction

  `code/amroc/doc/html/amr/classLevelTransfer.html`

- **AMRTimeStep** implements time step control for a Solver

  `code/amroc/doc/html/amr/classAMRTimeStep.html`

- **AMRInterpolation**<**VectorType, dim**> is an interpolation at arbitrary point location, typically used for post-processing

  `code/amroc/doc/html/amr/classAMRInterpolation.html`

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